

May 13, 2025

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Hon. David Jones, Chairman c/o Ectory Lawless, Docket Room Manager Tennessee Public Utility Commission 502 Deaderick Street, 4th Floor Nashville, TN 37243 TPUC.DocketRoom@tn.gov Electronically Filed in TPUC Docket Room on May 13, 2025 at 3:39 p.m.

RE: Tennessee-American Water Company's 2025 Incremental Capital Recovery Rider Tariff Petition, Docket No. 25-00016

Dear Chairman Jones:

Attached for filing please find *Tennessee-American Water Company's Rebuttal Testimony of Robert C. Lane* in the above-captioned matter.

As required, copies will be mailed to your office. Should you have any questions concerning this filing or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Very truly yours,

BUTLER SNOW LLP

Melvin J. Malone

clw

Attachments

cc: Bob Lane, TAWC

Karen H. Stachowski, Consumer Advocate Division Vance Broemel, Consumer Advocate Division

TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY, INC.

DOCKET NO. 25-00016

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

ROBERT C. LANE

ON

TENNESSEE AMERICAN WATER COMPANY'S 2025 INCREMENTAL CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDER PETITION

SPONSORING PETITIONER'S EXHIBITS

Revised Petitioner Exhibit TAWC 2025 ICRRR Calc Revised Petitioner Exhibit TAWC 2025 ROE Test Calc

1 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.

2 A. My name is Robert C. Lane, and my business address is 109 Wiehl Street, Chattanooga,

Tennessee 37403.

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4 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY IN THIS CASE?

5 A. Yes. My Pre-filed Direct Testimony on behalf of Tennessee-American Water Company 6 ("Tennessee-American," "TAWC" or the "Company") was filed on January 15, 2025.

7 O. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony here is to respond to and rebut the Pre-filed Testimony of Mr. Dittemore on behalf of the Consumer Advocate Division of the Office of the Attorney General ("Consumer Advocate" or "CAD") filed April 28, 2025. More specifically, and among other things, I address eight (8) areas of Mr. Dittemore's testimony: (1) The adjustments to the Incremental Capital Rider Revenue Requirement ("ICRRR") for an acquisition adjustment and a change in deprecation rates as a result of discovery which the Company supports; (2) Mr. Dittemore's testimony related to the one-time property tax adjustment; (3) Mr. Dittemore's assertion that the Company should have adjusted its capital spending in anticipation of earning above authorized in large part due to a property tax adjustment that was reflected in the Company's property tax bills received late in 2024³; (4) Mr. Dittemore's claim that the Company underinvested in infrastructure during the review period; (5) Mr. Dittemore's unsupported assertion that it is the Company that is seeking modification of the Incremental Capital Recovery Rider Tariff ("ICRR"); ⁵

¹ Pre-filed Testimony of Consumer Advocate Witness David N. Dittemore, p. 5, 17-11, TPUC Docket No. 25-00016 (April 28, 2025) (hereinafter "Dittemore Pre-filed").

² *Id.* at 5, 1 12-15.

³ *Dittemore Pre-filed* at 3-4.

⁴ Dittemore Pre-filed at 7-8 and 17-18.

⁵ *Dittemore Pre-filed at* 11, 11-5.

(6) Mr. Dittemore's recommendation that the Tennessee Public Utility Commission
("Commission" or "TPUC") should suspend the ICRR Tariff in 2026 (looking back at 2025
investments) or in the alternative order the tariff to be modified to require the creation of a
regulatory liability in the amount of the negative ICRRR to be offset by future ICRR
surcharges ⁶ ; (7) Mr. Dittemore's proposal – in the absence of a Commission-suspension of
the ICRR – for the Commission to require the parties to adopt new ICRR Tariff language
within 90 days that would permit a negative ICRRR credit; ⁷ and (8) Mr. Dittemore's
recommendation that the Return on Equity ("ROE") Test Calculation include a 15% Non-
Revenue Water ("NRW") water loss limitation factor.8

10 Q. DOES THE COMPANY AGREE WITH THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE'S
11 PROPOSED ADJUSTMENTS TO THE ICRRR, NAMELY THE PROPOSED
12 ACQUISITION ADJUSTMENT RATE BASE COMPONENT CORRECTION AND
13 THE PROPOSED DEPRECIATION RATES CORRECTION?

A. Yes, the Company supports the two adjustments to the ICRRR sponsored by Consumer Advocate's witness Mr. Dittemore at page 5 of his pre-filed testimony.

The first adjustment is to include the Acquisition Adjustment of (\$935,260) that the Company provided to CAD during discovery. The Company agrees with this adjustment. As a result of the discovery process, the Company realized that it had mistakenly omitted this adjustment within its initial ICRRR calculation. The Company has made that adjustment and revised the relevant exhibits.

⁶ *Dittemore Pre-filed* at 13-16.

⁷ *Dittemore Pre-filed* at 3, 1 10-15.

⁸ *Id*. at 5-7.

1	The second adjustment identified by Mr. Dittemore corrects the depreciation rates
2	used by the Company within the ICRRR calculation. The depreciation rate originally
3	employed by the Company is its initial calculation filed with the Petition, and my pre-filed
4	direct testimony omitted the removal cost component. In response to Consumer Advocate's
5	DR 1-22, the Company provided support for the depreciation rates adjustment that Mr.
<i>(</i>	D''' 1

- 6 Dittemore proposed.
- 7 Q. HAS THE COMPANY REVISED ITS EXHIBITS TO REFLECT THESE
- 8 CHANGES?
- 9 A. Yes.

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- 10 Q. WHAT IS THE RESULTING ICRRR?
- 11 A. I have attached **Exhibit Revised Petitioner Exhibit TAWC 2025 ICRRR & ROE Test**12 to this rebuttal testimony. This revised exhibit details the revised calculation of the ICRRR
 13 in the amount of (\$597,200). The Company's original ICRRR calculation was
 14 (\$1,174,067).
- 15 MR. DITTEMORE CITES THE COMPANY'S ADJUSTMENT TO ITS Q. PROPERTY TAX EXPENSES AS A DRIVER OF THE COMPANY'S NEGATIVE 16 ICRRR CALCULATION. CAN YOU PLEASE EXPLAIN WHAT CAUSED THE 17 18 NEED FOR THE COMPANY TO MAKE THIS PROPERTY TAX ADJUSTMENT? 19 A. The property tax adjustment resulted from the Company receiving a December 5, 2024, 20 property tax bill late in the year. This was less than what the Company anticipated earlier 21 in the year when it began to accrue the property tax expense. This adjustment significantly decreased the Company's property tax expense for the year. The Company immediately 22

reflected this lower property tax in its expenses resulting in a reversal of the over accrual.

- This reversal added to the difference between the property tax expense TAWC was actually billed and the amount we accrued based on TAWC's estimate of what the Company's property tax expense would be. This adjustment resulted in the difference being added to net book income for the year. Thus, this adjustment had the dual effect of 1) reducing the property tax calculation that was used to calculate the property tax component of the ICRRR and 2) increasing the Company's net book income for this one-time adjustment.
- 7 Q. WHAT WAS THE CAUSE OF THE REDUCTION IN THE COMPANY'S PROPERTY TAX EXPENSE?
- 9 A. The property tax equalization rate used in setting the 2024 accrual of property tax was 97%.

 10 However, the equalization rate used for the Company's December 5, 2024, property tax

 11 bill was actually 67%.
- 12 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE EQUALIZATION RATE AND WHY IS IT
 13 PERIODICALLY ADJUSTED?
- 14 Equalization rates for Advalorem Taxes are developed and used to bring all taxpayers' A. 15 valuations in line with market value between revaluations. When jurisdictions revalue 16 properties for property tax purposes, the goal is to bring all properties up to the current fair 17 market value. As the years pass, a revaluation becomes stale, and market values change. 18 Studies are done by jurisdictions to determine how far from market value the overall 19 property values are as a percentage. These percentages are used to adjust the value of our 20 property since utilities are valued every year at fair market value ("FMV") by the state. In 21 2024, this resulted in a change in the Equalization rate to 67%.

- 1 Q. WAS THIS PROPERTY TAX ADJUSTMENT THE CAUSE OF THE NEGATIVE
- 2 ICRRR CALCULATED BY THE COMPANY?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. IF THERE HAD BEEN NO ADJUSTMENT TO THE PROPERTY TAX, WOULD
- 5 THE ICRRR HAVE BEEN NEGATIVE?
- 6 A. No. The Company had incremental capital investment that would have resulted in a
- 7 positive ICRRR had it not been for this one-time adjustment due to the change in the
- 8 equalization rate used by our taxing authority. As noted by Mr. Dittemore, however, the
- 9 ability of the Company to recover a positive ICRRR is limited by the Incremental Capital
- Recovery Rider Tariff and the earning test that is part of the tariff.⁹
- 11 Q. IN THIS TESTIMONY MR. DITTEMORE ASSERTS THAT THE REVENUE
- 12 REQUIREMENT ASSOCIATED WITH EARNINGS ABOVE AUTHORIZED
- 13 MEANS THAT THE COMPANY COULD HAVE INVESTED ADDITIONAL
- 14 CAPITAL. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. DITTEMORE'S ASSERTION?
- 15 A. No, I do not. Mr. Dittemore is asserting that the Company could have invested more money
- rather than earning above its authorized level. In doing so, Mr. Dittemore fails to
- acknowledge that the source of the Company's earnings above authorization is, in large
- part, due to a one-time adjustment to property tax expenses that directly increased the net
- book income for 2024. This lower-than-expected property tax expenses in a bill to the
- Company dated December 5, 2024, was not anticipated when the Company's capital plan
- and budget for 2024 were established. The 2024 capital plan and budget were developed a
- year and a half earlier in late spring and early summer of 2023.

⁹ *Dittemore Pre-filed* at 4, 1 10-13

1 ().	ARE THERE	OTHER FAULTS	WITH MR	. DITTEMORE'S RE	ASONING HERE?
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- 2 Yes. Mr. Dittemore does not take into account that an investment made in one year is a A. 3 multi-year, in many cases a multi-decade, commitment by both shareholders and customers. These types of infrastructure investments create a long-term revenue 4 5 requirement over the useful life of the asset. Only a small portion of the investment made 6 is recovered in any given year under the ICRR Tariff (and traditional ratemaking)
- 7 approach.
- 8 WOULD IT BE PRUDENT FOR THE COMPANY TO MAKE LONG-TERM Q.
- 9 INVESTMENTS BASED ON EARNINGS RESULTS DRIVEN LARGELY BY A
- 10 **ONE-TIME TAX ADJUSTMENT?**
- 11 A. No.

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- 12 0. THERE OTHER SHORTCOMINGS WITH MR. **DITTEMORE'S**
- 13 REASONING REGARDING HIS CLAIMS THAT THE COMPANY COULD
- HAVE INCREASED ITS CAPITAL SPENDING IN LIGHT OF EARNINGS 14
- 15 **ABOVE AUTHORIZED IN 2024?**
- 16 Yes. Mr. Dittemore's assumption about increased capital spending does not recognize or A. 17 acknowledge the timing and implementation issues associated with his assertion. The 18 capital planning and budgeting process is a multi-year plan established well before the start 19 of the first of the year. Such issues are further exacerbated by the fact that the lower 20 property tax bill was dated December 5, 2024 leaving just 21 days to 1) understand the 21 impacts on net book income of the company, 2) how that would flow through to the ICRRR, 22
 - 3) what impact it would have on the ROE test, 4) adjust its long-planned capital spending
 - for the remaining few days in 2024 and 5) complete any additional infrastructure

1		replacement and place it in service by December 31, 2024. The Company does not have
2		the resources to quickly ramp up capital projects. Significant manpower and lead time is
3		needed in planning, design and execution of our capital projects. Our ability to abruptly
4		ramp up resources for additional capital projects is simply not possible in such a timeframe
5	Q.	WHY DOES THE COMPANY NOT QUALIFY FOR AN INCREASE IN THE
6		ICRRR IN 2025 TO RECOVER THE 2024 COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH ITS
7		INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENTS UNDER THE ICRRR CALCULATION?
8	A.	The combination of 2024 existing base rates, the legacy riders in place in 2024, customer
9		growth during 2024, and the one-time decrease in property tax expense generated sufficient
10		revenues or decreases in expenses to allow the Company to recover the revenue
11		requirement of the incremental capital it placed in service during 2024 and still earn at or
12		above its authorized ROE.
13	Q.	DID THE COMPANY MEET OR EXCEED ITS CAPITAL SPENDING PLAN FOR
14		2024?
15	A.	Yes. The Company spent \$40,943,049 on Capital Projects in 2024, approximately 11%
16		more than in the 2024 Strategic Capital Expenditures Plan (SCEP). 10 Underinvestment was
17		not the cause of the negative ICRRR or the adjusted ROE to be above the 10% adopted in
18		the Company's 2012 Rate Case. Rather, the negative ICRRR resulted, in large part, from
19		a one-time property tax adjustment, the Company's efficient operations, and revenue from
20		organic growth in the Company's service area.

¹⁰ See Petitioner's Exhibit 2024 SCEP Results.

- 1 Q. DOES THE COMPANY BELIEVE THAT CONTINUED AND INCREASED
- 2 INVESTMENT IN WATER INFRASTRUCTURE IS NECESSARY IN ITS
- 3 **SERVICE AREAS?**
- 4 A. Yes. The Company continues to make investments in water infrastructure to serve its
- 5 customers and to deliver safe and reliable water. The Company is heartened to see that the
- 6 Consumer Advocate agrees that more investment is warranted. 11 TAWC is hopeful that the
- 7 Consumer Advocate will be supportive of the long-term increase in revenue requirement
- 8 necessary to support the level of investment needed. For example, the Company looks
- 9 forward to the Consumer Advocates' support for the increased revenue needed and/or
- regulatory mechanisms warranted that support increased investment in main replacement,
- as well as other needed and required infrastructure investments. 12
- 12 Q. IS THE COMPANY PROPOSING ANY CHANGES OR MODIFICATION TO THE
- 13 ICRR TARIFF APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION IN DOCKET NO. 19-00103?
- 14 A. No.
- 15 Q. DOES THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE CITE OR REFERENCE ANYPLACE IN
- 16 THE PETITION OR YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING OR
- 17 ANY PROCEEDING WHERE YOU OR THE COMPANY PROPOSE A CHANGE
- 18 **TO THE ICRR TARIFF?**
- 19 A. No.
- 20 O. ON PAGE 11 LINE 1 OF HIS PRE-FILED TESTIMONY MR. DITTEMORE
- 21 SEEMS TO ASSERT THAT THE COMPANY SEEKS TO IMPLEMENT A

¹¹ Dittemore Pre-filed at 7:8 – 8:22.

¹² Dittemore Pre-filed at 17.

1	TARIFF	CHANGE	IN	2026	THAT	APPLIED	TO	2025	RESULTS.	IS	THE
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- 2 COMPANY ADVOCATING, PROPOSING OR RECOMMENDING ANY
- 3 CHANGE TO THE TARIFF?
- 4 A. No.
- 5 Q. IS THE COMPANY PROPOSING ANY CHANGES OR MODIFICATION TO THE
- 6 ICRR TARIFF APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION IN DOCKET NO. 19-00103?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. IS THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE PROPOSING ANY CHANGES OR
- 9 MODIFICATION TO THE TERMS TO THE ICRR TARIFF APPROVED BY THE
- 10 COMMISSION IN DOCKET NO. 19-00103?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- 12 Q. WHAT CHANGES OR MODIFICATION IS THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE
- 13 PROPOSING TO THE TERMS TO THE ICRR TARIFF?
- 14 A. The Consumer Advocate is proposing modification of the existing ICRR Tariff.
- 15 First, Consumer Advocate is seeking to have the Commission suspend the operation
 16 of the ICRR Tariff for 2026, which looks back at 2025 incremental rider eligible capital
 17 spending. Or in the alternative, the Consumer Advocate is proposing that if the
 18 Commission does not suspend the ICRR Tariff for 2026, the Commission should modify
 19 the existing tariff to require the creation of a regulatory liability when the calculation of
 20 the ICRRR leads to a negative number. This proposal would result in the creation of a

regulatory liability to be offset by future ICRR Tariff surcharges or to be returned to

1		customers as a surcharge credit. The existing tariff does not contemplate the creation of a
2		regulatory liability. ¹³
3		Thus, it is the Consumer Advocate, not the Company, that is seeking modifications
4		to the existing ICRR Tariff.
5	Q.	DOES THE COMPANY SUPPORT THE SUSPENSION OF THE ICRR TARIFF
6		IN 2026, APPLYING TO INVESTMENTS MADE IN 2025, AS PROPOSED BY
7		THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE?
8	A.	Yes. The Company supports the temporary, one-year suspension of the ICRR Tariff in
9		2026, with an automatic restart in 2027. In the Company's recent base rate case, Docket
10		No. 24-00032, the Company utilized a future test year covering investments through 2025.
11		Because the ICRR Tariff filing in 2026 would seek recovery of the costs associated with
12		Rider eligible capital expenses for the historic calendar year of 2025 (the same period
13		covered in the base rate proceeding), the ICRR Tariff is less necessary in 2026 as that
14		exercise would, in practice, simply be a reconciliation between actual and forecasted
15		capital investments.
16	Q.	DOES MR. DITTEMORE, ON BEHALF OF THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE,
17		AGREE WITH THE COMPANY THAT THE CURRENT TARIFF, AGREED TO
18		BY BOTH THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE AND THE COMPANY, AND
19		ADOPTED BY THE COMMISSION, DOES NOT PROVIDE FOR A NEGATIVE
20		ICRRR FACTOR?

¹³ See Order Granting Petition as Amended, p. 12, TPUC Docket No. 24-00011 (Nov. 8, 2024) ("Based on the evidentiary record, the panel found that the zero percent (0%) Incremental Capital Recovery Rider ("ICRR") rate filed by the Company is reasonable and consistent with previously approved methodologies in Docket No. 19-00103.") (hereinafter the "2024 ICRR Tariff Order").

- 1 A. Yes. Mr. Dittemore testified in his Pre-filed Testimony in this proceeding that in his
- 2 opinion the tariff does not allow for a negative ICRRR and unlike the Legacy Capital
- Recovery Riders in place prior to the approval of the ICRR Tariff in Docket No. 19-00103,
- does not provide a "credit back to customers". 14
- 5 Q. IS IT NECESSARY, AS MR. DITTEMORE PROPOSES, FOR THE TENNESSEE
- 6 PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION TO REQUIRE PARTIES, ABSENT A
- 7 SUSPENSION OF THE ICRR TARIFF, TO ADOPT NEW ICRR TARIFF
- 8 LANGUAGE WITHIN 90 DAYS TO SPECIFICALLY PERMIT A NEGATIVE
- 9 **ICRRR CREDIT?**
- 10 A. No. The Company agrees to a temporary one-year suspension of the ICRR in 2026, thus
- Mr. Dittemore's alternate proposal is unnecessary.
- 12 Q. DOES THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE PROPOSE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO THE
- 13 **ROE CALCULATION?**
- 14 A. Yes. Mr. Dittemore proposes a 15% Non-Revenue Water (NRW) limitation on two
- components of production costs purchased power and fuel and chemical costs.
- 16 Q. DOES THE COMPANY SUPPORT THIS ADJUSTMENT FOR A 15% NRW
- 17 **LIMITATION?**
- 18 A. The Company does not believe that a 15% NRW% limitation is reasonable or supported
- by industry practice and norms.

Page | 11 LANE - RT

¹⁴ *Dittemore Pre-filed* at 4:8-9.

Q. HOW DO YOU RESPOND TO CAD'S 15% NRW RECOMMENDATION IN THIS

2 **PROCEEDING?**

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A. Recognizing the resolution of this issue by the parties in TPUC Docket No. 25-00002, for the purposes of this proceeding, and under the circumstances presented, TAWC accepts the CAD's recommendation of a 15% NRW water loss limitation factor. Nonetheless, the Company hopes to have meaningful opportunities going forward to explore with the CAD and the Commission an industry appropriate, regulatorily sound, and reasonable approach

9 O. WHAT DO YOU RECOMMEND TO THE COMMISSION?

to the water loss limitation factor.

I recommend that the Commission accept the Company foregoing and not submitting an ICRR Tariff filing in 2026, with an automatic restart in 2027. This means that no ICRR filing would be made in March of 2026 to address costs associated with ICRR eligible infrastructure investment made in 2025. The ICRR Tariff would then pick up again, unless superseded by another Commission-approved regulatory mechanism in 2027. This would allow the Company the opportunity to consider alternative regulatory tools provided by the legislature beyond a traditional rate case. 15

17 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

18 A. Yes.

¹⁵ Order Setting Utility Rates, p. 28, TPUC Docket No. 24-00032 (April 21, 2025).

Line No.	Description Section A Return	Source	2024
	Determining Capital Rider Rate Base and Rate of Retur	_	
1	TAWC 13-Month Average Rate Base		\$ 291,704,080
2	Eligible Capital Rider Rate Base		175,069,224
3 4	Plus:	Rate Order 12-00049	122.015.472
5	Authorized Rate Base Acquisition Rate Base	Rate Order 12-00049	132,015,472 (935,260)
6	Eligible Capital Rider Rate Base Plus	Line 2 + Line 4 + Line 5	306,149,436
7	Lower of the Rate Base Calculation	Lower of Line 1 or Line 6	\$291,704,080
8 9	Eligible Rate Base Less: Previously Recovered CR Rate Base	Line 7 Less Lines 4 and 5	160,623,868 149,037,001
10	Incremental CRR Investment	Line 8 Less Line 9	11,586,867
11	Pre-Tax Return	12-00049	8.45%
12	Pre-Tax Revenue Deficiency on ICR Investment	Lines 10 * 11	979,259
13	Lag Weighted Return Factor - Pre-Tax	Regulatory Lag Factor	1.1056
	Return on Rate Base Revenue Deficiency w/ Regulator		
14	Lag	Line 12 * Line 13	\$ 1,082,711
	Section B: Depreciation		
15	Determining Depreciation Expense TAWC Depreciation Expense	PSC3.06	\$ 12,554,288
16	Minus:	P3C3.00	\$ 12,554,200
17	Authorized Depreciation Expense	Rate Order 12-00049	6,090,861
18	Acquisition Depreciation Expense		24,878
19	Legacy CRR Depreciation Recovery		4,264,359
	Incremental Depreciation Expense Cap (Depreciation		
20	Expense Unrecovered in either base rates or Capital Rider)	Line 15 Less Lines 17, 18, 19	2,174,190
21	Incremental CR Depreciation Expense		1,206,251
22	Lower of the Depr Expense on incremental CR expenditures or Unrecovered Depreciation Expense	Lower of Line 20 or 21	1,206,251
23	Lag Weighted Return Factor - Pre-Tax	Regulatory Lag Factor	1.1056_
24	ICRRR Depreciation Expense w/ Regulatory Lag	Line 22 * 23	\$ 1,333,683
25	Section C: Property and Franchise Tax Expense Determining Property & Franchise Tax Expense		
26	TAWC Property tax - gross	PSC3.06	\$ 1,487,109
27	TAWC Franchise tax		479,133
28 29	Minus:	Rate Order 12-00049	2 100 500
30	Authorized Property & Franchise Tax Acquisition Property tax	Nate Order 12-00043	3,166,568 10,298
31	Acquisition Franchise Tax		2,338
32	Legacy CR Property Tax Recovery		2,025,246
33	Incremental Property & Franchise Tax (Unrecovered in either base rates or capital rider)	Lines 26 + 27 Less Lines 29, 30, 31, 32	(3,238,209)
34 35	Incremental Property and Franchise Taxes Eligible Capital Rider Franchise Tax	Property & Franchise Tax Calc	352,937
	Lower of unrecovered actual or CR property and		
36	franchise tax expense	Lower of Line 33 or 34	(3,238,209)
37	Lag Weighted Return Factor - Pre-Tax	Regulatory Lag Factor	1.1056
38	ICRRR Property and Franchise Tax w Regulatory Lag	Line 36 * 37	(3,580,303)
39	Total ICRRR Revenue Requirement	Lines 14 + 24 + 38	\$ (1,163,910)
40	CRR Revenue Deficiency	Line 39	\$ (1,163,910)
41 42	Revenue Taxes Reciprocal Factor Revenues with Revenue Taxes		103.30% \$ (1,202,275)
42			
	(Over)/Under Collection from Prior Period After Tax ICRRR		
44	ALC: Idx ICNN		\$ (597,200)

TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

Calculation of Return on Equity Test

For the Twelve Months Ending December 31, 2024 Docket No. 25-000XX

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	F		
1	2024 ICRRR		
2	Calculation of Adjusted Net Income		
3	Book Net Income	\$	15,324,475
4	Adjustments to Book Income		0
5	Deferred Depreciation, Property Tax and Debt Carrying Cost		0
6	New ICRRR Revenue		0
7	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction		0
8	Adjustment to reflect effective Federal Rate		0
9	Income Tax Rate (debt assigned to parent)		451,115
10	Interest on Customer Deposits		0
11	Incentive Compensation		1,045,614
12	Lobbying Expenses		57,075
13	Lobbying - Salary		26,998
14	Deferral of Operating Costs - Main Break		0
15	Excess Production Costs > 15% Adjustment		0
16	Reversal of Revenue Adjustment		0
17	Adjustments to Net Income (Lines 5-16)	\$	1,580,802
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	, ,
18	Adjusted Net Income (Line 3+17)	\$	16,905,278
18 19			
	Adjusted Net Income (Line 3+17)		
19	Adjusted Net Income (Line 3+17) Calculation of Equity	\$	16,905,278
19 20	Adjusted Net Income (Line 3+17) Calculation of Equity TAWC 13-Month Avg Rate Base	\$	16,905,278
19 20 21	Adjusted Net Income (Line 3+17) Calculation of Equity TAWC 13-Month Avg Rate Base Less: 13-Month Avg Debt:	\$	16,905,278 291,704,080
19 20 21 22	Calculation of Equity TAWC 13-Month Avg Rate Base Less: 13-Month Avg Debt: Short-Term Debt	\$	16,905,278 291,704,080 5,170,671
19 20 21 22 23	Calculation of Equity TAWC 13-Month Avg Rate Base Less: 13-Month Avg Debt: Short-Term Debt Long-Term Debt	\$ \$ \$	16,905,278 291,704,080 5,170,671 126,455,692
19 20 21 22 23 24	Calculation of Equity TAWC 13-Month Avg Rate Base Less: 13-Month Avg Debt: Short-Term Debt Long-Term Debt Equity Financed Rate Base * (Line 20-22-23)	\$ \$ \$	16,905,278 291,704,080 5,170,671 126,455,692 160,077,717
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Calculation of Equity TAWC 13-Month Avg Rate Base Less: 13-Month Avg Debt: Short-Term Debt Long-Term Debt Equity Financed Rate Base * (Line 20-22-23) Earned Return on Equity (Line 18/24)	\$ \$ \$	16,905,278 291,704,080 5,170,671 126,455,692 160,077,717 10.56%

BEFORE THE TENNESSEE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

IN RE: TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY'S 2025 INCREMENTAL CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDER TARIFF PETITION)) DOCKET NO. 25-00016))
VERIF	FICATION
STATE OF <u>Tennessee</u>)) COUNTY OF <u>Hamilton</u>)	
I, ROBERT C. LANE, being duly swor	rn, state that I am authorized to testify on behalf o

I, ROBERT C. LANE, being duly sworn, state that I am authorized to testify on behalf of Tennessee-American Water Company in the above-referenced docket, that if present before the Commission and duly sworn, my testimony would be as set forth in my pre-filed testimony in this matter, and that my testimony herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

ROBERT C. LANE

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of May, 2025.

Notary Public

My Commission Expires: 2-28-28

NOTARY

PUBLIC

TON COMM

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via U.S. Mail or electronic mail upon:

Vance L. Broemel, Esq.
Managing Attorney
Office of the Tennessee Attorney General
Consumer Advocate Division
P.O. Box 20207
Nashville, TN 37202-0207
Vance.Broemel@ag.tn.gov

Karen H. Stachowski, Esq.
Deputy Attorney General
Office of the Tennessee Attorney General
Consumer Advocate Division
P.O. Box 20207
Nashville, TN 37202-0207
Karen.Stachowski@ag.tn.gov

This the 13th day of May 2025.

Melvin Malone