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July 14, 2020

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Hon. Kenneth C. Hill, Chairman c/o Ectory Lawless, Docket Room Manager Tennessee Public Utility Commission 502 Deaderick Street, 4th Floor Nashville, TN 37243 TPUC.DocketRoom@tn.gov

RE: Petition of Tennessee-American Water Company in Support of the Calculation of the 2020 Capital Recovery Riders Reconciliation, Docket No. 20-00028

Dear Chairman Hill:

Please find attached for filing the *Rebuttal Testimonies of TAWC Witnesses Elaine K. Chambers and Kurt A. Stafford* in the above-captioned docket.

As required, one (1) hard copy will follow. Should you have any questions concerning this filing, or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Very truly yours,

BUTLER SNOW LLP

Melviń J/ Malone

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Attachment

cc: Elaine Chambers, TAWC

Daniel P. Whitaker III, Assistant Attorney General, Financial Division, Consumer Advocate Unit

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT EKC-2

TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY, INC.

DOCKET NO. 20-00028

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

ELAINE K. CHAMBERS

ON

CHANGES TO THE QUALIFIED INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT PROGRAM RIDER, THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT RIDER, AND THE SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE RIDER AND IN SUPPORT OF THE CALCULATION OF THE 2020 CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS RECONCILIATION (RECONCILIATION FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2019)

- 1 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- 2 A. My name is Elaine K. Chambers and my business address is 2300 Richmond Road,
- 3 Lexington, Kentucky 40502.
- 4 Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
- 5 A. I am employed by American Water Works Service Company ("AWW") as Director, Rates
- and Regulatory for Tennessee and Kentucky.
- 7 Q. DID YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMIT TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING ON
- 8 BEHALF OF TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY ("TENNESSEE-
- 9 AMERICAN," "TAWC" OR THE "COMPANY")?
- 10 A. Yes. I filed direct testimony.
- 11 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 12 A. The purpose of this testimony is to respond to revisions proposed to the calculation of the
- 2020 Capital Recovery Riders Reconciliation for the calendar year 2019, based on the pre-
- filed testimony of David N. Dittemore.
- 15 Q. MR. DITTEMORE PROPOSES ADJUSTMENTS TO THE EARNINGS TEST.
- WHO SPONSORED THE EARNINGS TEST IN 13-00130?
- 17 A. As noted by the Company in TPUC Docket No. 18-00120, the earnings test was first
- proposed by the Consumer Advocate. The earnings test adopted by the Commission was
- submitted by the parties, TAWC and the Consumer Advocate, as part of the Stipulation in
- Docket No. 13-00130. Nonetheless, as outlined and recorded in TPUC Docket No. 18-
- 21 000120, the Consumer Advocate continues to amend its views on the earnings test
- mechanism agreed to by TAWC and the Consumer Advocate and adopted by the

¹ See CA Witness William H. Novak's Direct Testimony, pp. 18-19, TPUC Docket No. 13-00130 (Dec. 20, 2013).

	Commission. Respecting the decisions of the Commission in TPUC Docket No. 18-00120,
2	in which the Commission rejected, yet again, the Consumer Advocate's attacks on the
3	earnings test, any consideration of additional Consumer Advocate-proposed adjustments
1	to the earnings test are more appropriately addressed in the generic case on the Capital
5	Recovery Riders, TPUC Docket No. 19-00103. The Consumer Advocate's consistent,
5	veiled attempts to completely re-cast the earnings test – absent any discussions with TAWC
7	in this case regarding the same - should fail again. ²

8 Q. MR. DITTEMORE PROPOSES ADJUSTMENTS TO THE EARNINGS TEST TO

9 EXCLUDE AFUDC AND CWIP. DO YOU AGREE WITH THESE

10 **ADJUSTMENTS?**

11 A. No. In Docket No. 10-00189 the Commission held:

- "CWIP may be appropriately included in utility rate base, and the company is allowed to earn a return on this type of investment. The return, or income, generated by this investment, however, will not be realized until a future date, which is beyond the attrition period. Therefore, it is necessary to remove the return (the cost of debt) on CWIP from the attrition period so that current customers do not pay for expenses related to future income. Here the Company's budgeted capital additions were used in its calculations of CWIP. As this is the case, the Company's associated budgeted AFUDC should also be adopted."
- These same determinations were approved by the Commission in Docket No. 12-00049, consistent with the Commission's directive in Docket No. 10-00189.⁴
- Q. WERE THESE CHANGES TO THE EARNINGS TEST PROPOSED BY THE
 CONSUMER ADVOCATE IN DOCKET NO. 13-00130?
- 24 A. No.

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² See, e.g., Pre-filed Rebuttal Testimony of TAWC Witness Elaine K. Chambers, pp. 7-9, TPUC Docket No. 18-00120 (June 28, 2019).

³ Final Order, In Re: Petition of Tennessee-American Water Company for a General Rate Increase, p. 105, TPUC Docket No. 10-00189 (April 27, 2012) (hereinafter "Final Order").

⁴ Order Approving Settlement Agreement, Exhibits and Attachments, TPUC Docket No. 12-00049 (Nov. 20, 2012)

- Q. WERE THESE CHANGES TO THE EARNINGS TEST PROPOSED BY THE
 CONSUMER ADVOCATE IN THE LAST CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS
- 3 RECONCILIATION CASE?
- 4 A. No.
- 5 Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF OTHER COMPANIES THAT INCLUDE AFUDC AND
- 6 CWIP IN THEIR CALCULATIONS THAT HAVE BEEN APPROVED BY THE
- 7 **COMMISSION RECENTLY?**
- 8 A. Yes. Mr. Dittemore argues for elimination of CWIP and AFUDC in TAWC's calculations,
- but the Consumer Advocate agreed to similar terms recently in TPUC Docket No. 18-
- 10 00112 with ATMOS Energy. 5 If inclusion of AFUDC is appropriate for one company then
- it should be deemed appropriate for others.
- 12 Q. REFERRING TO MR. DITTEMORE'S TESTIMONY, QUESTION 13, DOES
- 13 TAWC'S AUTHORIZED COST OF CAPITAL INCLUDE SHORT TERM DEBT?
- 14 A. Yes. Short term debt is part of TAWC's authorized cost of capital and is being applied in
- the AFUDC calculation. TAWC's capital structure includes short term debt for TAWC and
- for TAWC's Parent (double leverage).
- 17 Q. ARE STATE COMMISSIONS BOUND BY THE USOA?
- 18 A. Not to my knowledge. Among other things, Commissions may choose to adopt the USoA,
- use it as guidance or employ a hybrid or other approach.
- 20 Q. ON PAGE 7, II 3-7 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. DITTEMORE STATES THAT
- 21 THERE IS A DISTINCTION BETWEEN ESTABLISHING RATES IN A
- FORWARD-LOOKING TEST PERIOD AND EVALUATING WHETHER A

⁵ Order Approving Stipulation and Settlement Agreement, Exhibits, TPUC Docket No. 18-00112 (Dec. 16, 2019)).

HISTORICAL PERIOD HAS PRODUCED ABOVE-AUTHORIZED RETURNS.

CAN YOU COMMENT HERE?

- A. Like the other positions in his testimony, Mr. Dittemore's position here is purely results driven as well. By results driven, I mean that it appears that the Consumer Advocate's contentions in the Capital Recovery Riders cases have become so outcome focused as to force "situational" arguments depending upon the Consumer Advocate's then-current objective. Unfortunately, whether said objective is regulatorily sound and/or consistent with Commission precedent has become a secondary consideration. I suppose this is Mr. Dittemore's attempt to get around the Commission's ruling that I cited earlier in support of TAWC's positions, namely Docket No. 10-00189. When the Commission approved the Capital Recover Riders in Docket 13-00130, the Commission was well aware of its ruling in Docket No. 10-00189, as was the Consumer Advocate. This is likely the reason why the Consumer Advocate has not previously raised this issue in a Capitol Recovery Riders case.
- 15 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER COMMENTS ON MR. DITTEMORE'S
 16 PROPOSAL TO ELIMINATE AFUDC AND CWIP FROM THE EARNINGS
 17 TEST?
- 18 A. Yes. AFUDC is only calculated on certain CWIP dollars and not all of CWIP dollars. If
 19 the Commission reverses its previous TAWC rate case orders cited above and orders an
 20 elimination, it should pertain to AFUDC eligible amounts in the CWIP balance, and Mr.
 21 Dittemore's calculation would need to be revised.
- Additionally, TAWC is involved in cooperative, settlement discussions with the Consumer

 Advocate and is working in good faith to address certain of the Consumer Advocate's

concerns with the Capital Recovery Riders in Docket No. 19-00103. I was very disappointed to see that some of the discussions from those cooperative, confidential meetings may be reflected in Mr. Dittemore's testimony in this docket. If this is accurate, I hope it was inadvertent.

5 Q. MR. DITTEMORE ALSO PROPOSES TO REMOVE ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS 6 FOR LOBBYING FROM THE EARNINGS TEST. DO YOU AGREE?

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No, I do not agree. Mr. Dittemore again spends a significant amount of time in his testimony speculating about TAWC's accounting for lobbying expenses. Restating the Company's positions in Docket No. 19-00031, we do believe we follow the NARUC Uniform System of Accounts (USoA). The hearing for Docket No. 19-00031 was held December 9, 2019. Prior to this docket, to my knowledge, lobbying expenses had not been a significant issue with respect to the Capital Recovery Riders. When TAWC became aware of lobbying expenses being charged above the line late in 2019, we immediately started working on our internal processes to make sure we did not charge lobbying expenses above the line in the future. Unfortunately, due to human error, some additional lobbying expenses were again charged above the line in 2019. We did, however, discover those errors prior to filing the 2019 reconciliation, and we removed them from the earnings test. Unfortunately, the unintentional errors have led to additional speculation by Mr. Dittemore. As TAWC stated in our discovery responses, the Governmental Affairs position was vacant in 2019. The employee that was registered as a lobbyist was trying to help fill some of the gaps temporarily because the position was vacant. The employee did not register as a

lobbyist because she was assuming all of the job functions of the Government Affairs

position. Rather, the employee registered as a lobbyist in the abundance of caution, as helping out temporarily might still fall within the registration requirements. Under no circumstances did she spend 20% of her time helping with the Governmental Affairs position, as that was not her primary role. And, under no circumstances should 20% of her time be removed from the earnings test. In fact, in the absence of a full-time Government Affairs employee during this period, TAWC relied even more on its outside lobbyist. In 2020, the position is filled and we will be properly removing a portion of the person's time in that role, consistent with the Commission's guidance in Docket No. 10-00189.6 Furthermore, that same referenced order did not remove the supervisor's time, as Mr. Dittemore recommends in this docket, and we believe that his recommendation is inappropriate. Mr. Dittemore merely assumes that some arbitrary or speculative allocation should be attributed to the supervisor absent an actual analysis of whether any such time was lobbying as outlined by the Commission rather than lobbying as proposed to be defined by the Consumer Advocate. Mr. Dittemore maintains on page 9, 13 of his testimony how "[l]obbying costs should be defined." rather than how lobbying costs are defined. The Commission previously resolved in Docket No. 10-00189 the proper and appropriate method for TAWC to account for the Government Affairs position. While Mr. Dittemore desires a much more expansive definition to comport with his "situational" argument focused solely on the earnings test, he has not cited a single source that either expresses or adopts his expansive view. The remainder of Mr. Dittemore's testimony on lobbying contains speculation, which is unsupported and inappropriate. He cites the USoA to imply how to allocate indirect expenses for lobbying, but the section he refers to is how to allocate

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⁶ Final Order, p. 62, TPUC Docket No. 10-00189.

1	indirects to capital expenditures. There is nothing in FERC or NARUC USoA that suggest
2	the method used for capital projects is appropriate for allocating indirect expenses to
3	operating or non-operating activities

- Q. SO, YOU DISAGREE WITH MR. DITTEMORE'S RECOMMENDATION ON PAGE 12, II 16-20 OF HIS TESTIMONY OF A 20% ALLOCATION TO THE EMPLOYEE?
- Yes, I do. The employee filled in temporarily on some of the functions associated with the
 Government Affairs position from February to September 2019. During this period, the
 employee was paid an additional stipend of \$600.00 per month for temporarily fulfilling
 some of the job functions of the Government Affairs position. Hence, at most, \$4,200.00
 is the amount that should be attributed to lobbying expenses, as opposed to the 20%
 allocation advocated by Mr. Dittemore.
- Q. REFERRING TO PAGE 14, II 13-14 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. DITTEMORE
 STATES THAT HIS RECOMMENDATION IS CONSISTENT WITH THE
 COMMISSION'S FINAL ORDER? DO YOU AGREE?
- 16 A. No, it is not. As I am sure Mr. Dittemore knows, his unsupported recommendation is far,
 17 far more expansive. While the Consumer Advocate purports to cite direct authority for his
 18 expansive approach, he has not offered any sources directly supporting what it is proposing,
 19 except Mr. Dittemore himself.

Q. REFERRING TO PAGES 14-15 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. DITTEMORE HIGHLIGHTS TAWC'S LEGISLATIVE ASPIRATIONS? DO YOU AGREE WITH HIS CONCLUSIONS?

A.

A. No, I do not. Mr. Dittemore attached an investor presentation. It is quite a leap from an investor presentation to an acceptance of the Consumer Advocate's unsupported reconstitution, or better said outright reversal or rejection, of the agency's approach set forth in the *Final Order*. Again, Mr. Dittemore's newly proffered concepts, definitions, attributions and methodologies come with no direct support. Contrary to Mr. Dittemore's opinion (*See Pre-filed Testimony of Consumer Advocate Witness Dittemore*, p. 15, ll 9-10), "goals" and "strategies" are not in and of themselves lobbying. Finally, when the Commission established the 20% allocation with respect to the Government Affairs position, it did so on the basis of an estimate. It is very likely from time to time that less than 20% of the Government Affairs position is actually tied to the function of political lobbying or legislative/governmental actions advocacy. This further undermines Mr. Dittemore's attempts to re-write the Commission's approach.

16 Q. REFERRING TO PAGE 12, II 7-11, DO YOU AGREE WITH DR. DITTEMORE 17 THAT THERE IS A LACK OF COMPLIANCE BY TAWC WITH RESPECT TO 18 LOBBYING EXPENSE?

No, I do not. As I understand his testimony, Mr. Dittemore is pushing for the removal of any internal labor associated with lobbying efforts. When the Commission rendered its ruling in Docket No. 10-00189, the Commission chose not to adopt the approach pushed here by Mr. Dittemore. Here, Mr. Dittemore has not cited any specific USoA that requires this. Rather, Mr. Dittemore is advocating for the Commission to establish a new definition

1		for lobbying costs in this case and for the adoption of a new methodology crafted solely by
2		Mr. Dittemore. (See Pre-filed Testimony of Consumer Advocate Witness David N.
3		Dittemore, pp. 9-12).
4	Q.	REFERRING TO PAGE 12, II 1-6 OF HIS TESTIMONY, DO YOU AGREE WITH
5		MR. DITTEMORE THAT THE COMPANY HAS NOT COMPLIED WITH THE
6		USoA?
7	A.	I do not agree that the Company has not complied with the USoA. Here, Mr. Dittemore's
8		conclusion is premised upon the "definition" that he proposes that the Commission adopt.
9		Thus, this "non-compliance" he testifies to here is hypothetical and misleading. Mr.
10		Dittemore has not cited any specific USoA that requires this.
11	Q.	REFERRING TO PAGE 12, II 7-11 OF HIS TESTIMONY, DO YOU AGREE WITH
12		MR. DITTEMORE THAT THE COMPANY HAS NOT COMPLIED WITH THE
13		USoA?
14	A.	Again, I do not agree that the Company has not complied with the USoA. Mr. Dittemore's
15		conclusion here is based solely on his hypothetically and unilaterally proposed fully
16		distributed costs methodology. Therefore, to intimate "non-compliance" here is
17		misleading.
18	Q.	REFERRING TO PAGE 15, II 3-16 OF HIS TESTIMONY, DO YOU AGREE WITH
19		MR. DITTEMORE'S PROPOSAL TO ATTRIBUTE 10% OF THE REGISTERED
20		LOBBYIST'S SUPERVISOR'S TIME AND ASSOCIATED COSTS?
21	A.	As I noted above in my testimony, no I do not. In accounting properly for its lobbying
22		expense with respect to the earnings test, the Company complied with the Commission's
23		ruling in Docket No. 10-00189. Mr. Dittemore makes no allegation that the Company has

not complied with Commission directives. When the Commission issued its ruling with respect to lobbying expenses in Docket No. 10-00189, the Commission chose not to adopt the approach pushed by Mr. Dittemore here. The Commission did not require any supervisor's time be excluded when it made its ruling in Docket No. 10-00189. It is noteworthy here that the Commission's precedent on this issue has been in place for many years, and to my knowledge, has not been materially challenged nor modified.

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7 Q. HOW WOULD YOU CHARACTERIZE MR. DITTEMORE'S PROPOSAL ON 8 LOBBYING EXPENSES?

- Mr. Dittemore is really attacking the Commission's determination on lobbying expense in its April 27, 2012 *Final Order* in Docket No. 10-00189. With the recognition of the \$4,200 amount in full rather than 20% earlier in my testimony, the Company has complied fully with the Commission's directive. The Company has correlated time spent performing the Government Affairs function of political lobbying or legislative/governmental actions advocacy.
- 15 Q. MR. DITTEMORE PROPOSES THAT THE SEPTEMBER 12, 2019 MAIN BREAK
 16 COSTS BE REMOVED FROM THE EARNINGS TEST IN THIS PROCEEDING?
 17 DO YOU AGREE WITH THIS RECOMMENDATION?
- 18 A. No. The main break costs are properly included in this earnings test and should remain
 19 there. Mr. Stafford may address this and other contentions by Mr. Dittemore in his
 20 testimony.

- 1 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION WITH REGARDS TO MR.
- 2 DITTEMORE'S PROPOSED MODIFICATION TO THE TOTAL
- 3 RECONCILIATION FACTOR SUBMITTED BY THE COMPANY?
- 4 A. The reconciliation factor submitted by the Company is accurate. As stated above, the
- proposed re-write of the earnings test is better addressed in Docket No. 19-00103.
- Therefore, Mr. Dittemore's recommendations should be rejected.
- 7 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

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8 A. Yes. I reserve the ability to submit further testimony as is appropriate.

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT KAS-2

TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY, INC.

DOCKET NO. 20-00028

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

KURT A. STAFFORD

 \mathbf{ON}

CHANGES TO THE QUALIFIED INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT PROGRAM RIDER, THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT RIDER, AND THE SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE RIDER AND IN SUPPORT OF THE CALCULATION OF THE 2020 CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS RECONCILIATION (RECONCILIATION FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2019)

- 1 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- 2 A. My name is Kurt A. Stafford and my business address is 2300 Richmond Road, Lexington,
- 3 Kentucky 40502.
- 4 Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
- 5 A. I am employed by American Water Works Service Company ("AWW") as Director of
- 6 Engineering for Tennessee and Kentucky.
- 7 Q. DID YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMIT TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING ON
- 8 BEHALF OF TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY ("TENNESSEE-
- 9 AMERICAN", "TAWC" OR THE "COMPANY")?
- 10 A. Yes. I filed direct testimony.
- 11 O. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 12 A. The purpose of this testimony is to respond to Mr. Dittemore's recommendation to defer
- the cost of the September 12, 2019 water main break to a later proceeding.
- 14 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. DITTEMORE'S PROPOSAL TO DEFER COSTS
- 15 ASSOCIATED WITH THE SEPTEMBER 12, 2019 MAIN BREAK TO A LATER
- 16 **PRECEDING?**
- 17 A. No. TAWC believes the September 12, 2019 main break should be treated in a similar
- manner to other main breaks. The Company has been responsive to discovery requests
- associated with the event and its response. As Mr. Dittemore points out, there is pending
- 20 litigation related to the event.
- Q. ON PAGE 16, LINES 13-14 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. DITTEMORE QUOTES
- FROM TAWC'S PREVIOUS RESPONSES ON THE MAIN BREAK AND NOTES
- 23 THAT THE COMPANY PREVIOUSLY STATED THAT "CONCLUDING THIS

1		EVALUATION IS A PRIORITY." DOES CONCLUDING THIS EVALUATION
2		REMAIN A PRIORITY FOR THE COMPANY?
3	A.	Yes.
4	Q.	IS THERE A TIMELINE FOR CONCLUDING THE ANALYSIS OF THE MAIN
5		BREAK?
6	A.	As the analysis is being performed by an independent third-party, TAWC has no
7		definitive date for the completion of the analysis. Nonetheless, we anticipate the
8		completion of the analysis within the next couple of months.
9	Q.	HOW ARE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH MAINS BREAKS TREATED UNDER
10		THE CAPITAL RIDERS?
11	A.	Costs associated with main break replacement projects are covered under Budget Line C -
12		Mains Unscheduled and are included in the Capital Recovery Riders under the Qualified
13		Infrastructure Investment Program or QIIP Rider. These projects consist of replacement
14		work associated with all types and sizes of main breaks.
15	Q.	SHOULD THE SEPTEMBER 12, 2019 MAIN BREAK BE TREATED
16		DIFFERENTLY?
17	A.	No. As previously mentioned, all main break replacement projects fall under Budget Line
18		C. Historically, this includes unscheduled replacement work on other transmission mains.
19		For example, in April 2016, a section of 30-inch transmission main located under the
20		Tennessee River suffered a failure. The repair consisted of isolating the river crossing and
21		a new, smaller polyethene pipe was slid through the existing 30-inch main. Additionally,
22		in June 2017, a critical 24-inch transmission valve failed necessitating an unscheduled

replacement project. These unscheduled replacement projects as well as several other

- unscheduled transmission main repairs have been processed through Budget Line C as part of the QIIP Rider.
- Q. MR. DITTEMORE IMPLIES THAT TAWC HAS NOT PROVIDED

 SUBSTANTIVE INFORMATION REGARDING THE SEPTEMBER 12, 2019

 MAIN BREAK. WOULD YOU AGREE WITH THIS ASSERTION?
- No. The Company issued extensive details concerning the September 12, 2019 main break 6 Α. and its response publicly. This information was provided as an attachment to TAWC 7 Response to Consumer Advocate Consumer Advocate Request No. 1-7. The Company 8 also provided other information related to the event such as the estimated amount of water 9 lost during the incident and the estimated number of Customers under boil water advisory 10 (see TAWC's Response to Consumer Advocate Request No. 1-1 from Docket No. 20-11 00008). Financial information relevant to the September 12, 2019 main break has also 12 been provided. 13
- Q. ON PAGE 19, LINES 1-13 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. DITTEMORE IMPLIES
 THAT TAWC CUSTOMERS MIGHT BE SURPRISED TO LEARN OF THE
 ACCOUNTING PRACTICES USED FOR BOTTLED AND BULK DRINKING
 WATER SUPPLIED TO CUSTOMERS DURING THE SEPTEMBER 2019 MAIN
 BREAK. WOULD YOU AGREE WITH THIS IMPLICATION?
- 19 A. No. The accounting practice for alternative drinking water supplied to Customers during
 20 a main break dictate that these costs be expensed as operation and maintenance or O&M
 21 expenses. This practice is not new nor isolated to this event.

- 1 Q. GIVEN THESE CONSIDERATIONS, DO YOU BELIEVE THE COSTS
- 2 ASSOCIATED WITH THE SEPTEMBER 2019 MAIN BREAK SHOULD REMAIN
- **3 IN THE DOCKET NO. 20-00028?**
- 4 A. Yes.

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- 5 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 6 A. Yes. I reserve the ability to submit further testimony as is appropriate.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via U.S. Mail or electronic mail upon:

Daniel P. Whitaker III
Assistant Attorney General
Office of the Tennessee Attorney General
Consumer Advocate Unit, Financial Division
P.O. Box 20207
Nashville, TN 37202-0207
Daniel.Whitaker@ag.tn.gov

This the 14th day of July, 2020.

Melvin J. Malone