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February 19, 2019

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Hon. David Jones, Chairman
c/o Tory Lawless
Tennessee Public Utility Commission
502 Deaderick Street, 4th Floor
Nashville, TN 37243

RE: Petition of Tennessee-American Water Company Regarding the 2019 Investment and Related Expenses Under the Qualified Infrastructure Investment Program Rider, the Economic Development Investment Rider and the Safety and Environmental Compliance Rider, TPUC Docket No. 18-00120


Dear Chairman Jones:

Attached for filing please find the *Direct Testimony of Elaine K. Chambers Adopting Testimony of Melissa Schwarzell* in the above-captioned matter.

As required, an original of this filing, along with four (4) hard copies, will follow. Should you have any questions concerning this filing, or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Very truly yours,

BUTLER SNOW LLP



Melvin J. Malone

clw

Attachment

cc: Elaine K. Chambers, Tennessee-American Water Company
Vance Broemel, Assistant Attorney General, Consumer Protection and Advocate Division
Daniel Whitaker, Assistant Attorney General, Consumer Protection and Advocate Division

**BEFORE THE TENNESSEE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE**

**PETITION OF TENNESSEE-)
AMERICAN WATER COMPANY)
REGARDING THE 2019 INVESTMENT)
AND RELATED EXPENSES UNDER)
THE QUALIFIED INFRASTRUCTURE)
INVESTMENT PROGRAM RIDER,)
THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT)
INVESTMENT RIDER AND THE)
SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL)
COMPLIANCE RIDER)**

DOCKET NO. 18-00120

**DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ELAINE K. CHAMBERS
ADOPTING TESTIMONY OF MELISSA SCHWARZELL**

Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

A. My name is Elaine K. Chambers, and my business address is 2300 Richmond Road, Lexington, Kentucky 40502. I am employed by American Water Works Service Company, Inc. ("Service Company"). Service Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc. ("American Water") that provides services to Tennessee-American Water Company ("TAWC" or "Company") and its affiliates. My current role is Director of Rates and Regulation for Tennessee and Kentucky.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY TODAY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to adopt the testimony previously filed in this matter by Melissa Schwarzell supporting the Petition filed by TAWC regarding the 2019 Investment and Related Expenses Under the Qualified Infrastructure Investment Program Rider, the Economic Development Investment Rider and the Safety and Environmental Compliance Rider. A copy of Melissa Schwarzell's testimony is attached as Exhibit 1.

Q. ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE TESTIMONY OF MELISSA SCHWARZELL?

A. Yes, I have reviewed the testimony of Melissa Schwarzell, including the exhibits, and I am familiar with its contents.

Q. IF ASKED THE SAME QUESTIONS AS ARE IN THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MELISSA SCHWARZELL, WOULD YOU ANSWER EACH QUESTION THE SAME?

A. Yes.

Q. DO YOU WISH TO ADOPT THE TESTIMONY OF MELISSA SCHWARZELL WITHOUT CHANGES?

A. Yes.

No further questions.

STATE OF Kentucky)
COUNTY OF Fayette)

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, duly commissioned and qualified in and for the State and County aforesaid, personally came and appeared Elaine K. Chambers, being by me first duly sworn deposed and said that:

She is appearing as a witness on behalf of Tennessee-American Water Company before the Tennessee Public Utility Commission, and if present before the Commission and duly sworn, her testimony would be as set forth in her pre-filed testimony in this matter.

Elaine K Chambers

Elaine K. Chambers

Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 18th day of ~~November~~, 2019.

February

Sharon Miller

Notary Public

My Commission Expires: 7/25/2020

EXHIBIT 1

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT MLS-1

TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY, INC.

DOCKET NO. 18-00120

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

MELISSA L. SCHWARZELL

ON

**CHANGES TO THE QUALIFIED INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT PROGRAM
RIDER, THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT RIDER, AND THE
SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE RIDER**

SPONSORING PETITIONER'S EXHIBITS:

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT SUMMARY – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – AVG IMPACT – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – QIIP 1 – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – QIIP 2 – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – EDI 1 – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – EDI 2 – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – SEC 1 – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – SEC 2 – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – ANNUAL APPROVED TARIFFS -- MLS

**PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – CURRENT TARIFF SHEET NO. 12 – CAPITAL RIDERS --
MLS**

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – CURRENT TARIFF SHEET NO. 12 – RIDERS – MLS

PETITIONER'S EXHIBIT – PROPOSED TARIFF SHEET NO. 12 – RIDERS - MLS

1 **Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.**

2 A. My name is Melissa L. Schwarzell, and my business address is 1 Water Street, Camden,
3 NJ, 08102.

4 **Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?**

5 A. I am employed by American Water Works Service Company, Inc. ("Service Company").
6 Service Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of American Water Works Company, Inc.
7 ("American Water") that provides services to Tennessee-American Water Company
8 ("TAWC" of "Company") and its affiliates. My current role is Senior Director of
9 Regulatory Services.

10 **Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY FILED TESTIMONY BEFORE THIS OR ANY**
11 **OTHER COMMISSION?**

12 A. Yes. I have provided both oral and written testimony before the Kentucky Public Service
13 Commission. I have also sponsored testimony before the Public Utilities Commission of
14 Ohio and the Tennessee Public Utility Commission ("TPUC" or "Commission") in Docket
15 No. 12-00049.

16 **Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL**
17 **BACKGROUND.**

18 A. I earned a Bachelor of Science degree from Ohio State University. I am enrolled in
19 Temple University's Master of Business Administration program. I have completed
20 NARUC Utility Rate School and the IPU Advanced Regulatory Program.

21 I have been employed by Service Company since 2009. Prior to my current role, I
22 served as Director of Investor Relations from February 2016 to January 2017. In this role,
23 I supported American Water's relationship with its shareholders, by developing public

1 disclosures and communicating with institutional investors and equity analysts. From
2 December 2014 to February 2016, I served as Manager of Regulatory Policy, providing
3 research, communication, and business support on key water service issues and policy
4 solutions. From February 2011 to December 2014, I held increasing levels of responsibility
5 for rates and regulatory service to American Water's subsidiaries as a Financial Analyst
6 Rates I, Financial Analyst Rates II, and Rates and Regulatory Analyst III. Prior to this, I
7 began my career at American Water working as Executive Assistant to the Eastern Division
8 Vice President of Finance. In this role, I provided labor budgeting, as well as analysis of
9 labor costs, Service Company, revenues, and the general ledger.

10 Prior to joining American Water, I worked for the Bluegrass Area Agency on
11 Aging, supporting social services programs for senior citizens in Central Kentucky. From
12 2001 to 2003, I worked as a Financial and Administrative Assistant, providing
13 bookkeeping, as well as website and database development. In 2004 I was promoted to
14 Program Specialist.

15 **Q. WHAT ARE YOUR DUTIES AS SENIOR DIRECTOR OF REGULATORY**
16 **SERVICES?**

17 A. My duties in this position consist of reviewing, preparing and assisting in regulatory filings
18 and related activities for the regulated subsidiaries of American Water. My responsibilities
19 and my team's responsibilities include the preparation of written testimony, exhibits and
20 work papers in support of rate applications and other regulatory filings as well as responses
21 to data requests for Tennessee-American and its regulated utility affiliates.

1 **Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?**

2 A. The purpose of my testimony is to support the calculation of the 2019 Capital Recovery
3 Riders described in TAWC's Petition. On April 14, 2014, the TPUC approved four new
4 alternative rate mechanisms for TAWC, effective April 15, 2014, in TPUC Docket No. 13-
5 00130. Three of these alternative rate mechanisms were capital program recovery riders,
6 commonly referred to as the "Capital Recovery Riders," and one was for a rider for
7 Production Costs and Other Pass-throughs ("PCOP"). The three Capital Recovery Riders
8 are the only items included in this current Petition.

9 On June 29, 2015, the TPUC approved an adjustment to the three Capital Recovery
10 Riders for 2015 in Docket No. 14-00121 with some modifications to one of the Capital
11 Recovery Riders. Those modifications, set forth in the TPUC's February 1, 2016, *Order*
12 *Granting, In Part, Denying, In Part, Petition*, have been incorporated into the current
13 Petition for an adjustment for 2019. Additionally, TAWC has included the corrections
14 made to the Capital Recovery Riders calculations in Docket No. 15-00111, Docket No. 16-
15 00022 and Docket No. 17-00020.¹

16 **Q. ARE YOU SPONSORING ANY EXHIBITS?**

17 A. Yes I am. I am sponsoring the following exhibits:

18 **Petitioner's Exhibit -- Summary -- MLS**

19 **Petitioner's Exhibit -- Average Impact -- MLS**

20 **Petitioner's Exhibit -- QIIP 1 -- MLS**

21 **Petitioner's Exhibit -- QIIP 2 -- MLS**

22 **Petitioner's Exhibit -- EDI 1 -- MLS**

23 **Petitioner's Exhibit -- EDI 2 -- MLS**

24 **Petitioner's Exhibit -- SEC 1 -- MLS**

25 **Petitioner's Exhibit -- SEC 2 -- MLS**

¹ See *Order Approving Petition As Amended*, TPUC Docket No. 15-00111 (May 16, 2016); *Pre-filed Testimony of TAWC Witness Linda C. Bridwell*, TPUC Docket No. 16-00022; and *TPUC Transcript of Proceedings*, TPUC Docket No. 16-00022 (Oct. 10, 2016); *Rebuttal Testimony of TAWC Witness Linda C. Bridwell*, TPUC Docket No. 17-00020 and *Order Approving Petition*, TPUC Docket No. 17-00124 (June 29, 2018).

Petitioner's Exhibit – Annual Approved Tariffs -- MLS
Petitioner's Exhibit – Current Tariff Sheet No. 12 – Capital Riders -- MLS
Petitioner's Exhibit – Current Tariff Sheet No. 12 – Riders – MLS
Petitioner's Exhibit – Proposed Tariff Sheet No. 12 – Riders - MLS

I will discuss these exhibits in further detail in my testimony below.

**Q. WERE THE PETITIONER'S EXHIBITS LISTED ABOVE PREPARED BY YOU
OR UNDER YOUR DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION?**

A. Yes.

**Q. WHAT WERE THE SOURCES OF THE DATA USED TO PREPARE THE
PETITIONER'S EXHIBITS LISTED ABOVE?**

A. The data used to prepare the exhibits was acquired from the books of account and business records of Tennessee American, the officers and associates of Tennessee American with knowledge of the facts based on their job responsibilities and activities, and other internal sources which I examined in the course of my investigation of the matters addressed in this testimony.

**Q. DO YOU CONSIDER THIS DATA TO BE RELIABLE AND OF A TYPE THAT IS
NORMALLY USED AND RELIED ON IN YOUR BUSINESS FOR SUCH
PURPOSES?**

A. Yes.

**Q. DO THE PETITIONER'S EXHIBITS LISTED ABOVE ACCURATELY
SUMMARIZE SUCH DATA AND THE RESULTS OF ANALYSIS USING SUCH
DATA?**

A. Yes, they do.

1 **Q. WHAT ARE THE THREE CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS APPROVED BY THE**
2 **TPUC?**

3 A. Pursuant to Tennessee Code Annotated Section 65-5-103 *et seq.*, the three Capital
4 Recovery Riders authorized in Docket No. 13-00130 are based on certain categories of
5 capital expenditures to cover the investment period of calendar year 2014. The first Capital
6 Recovery Rider is the Qualified Infrastructure Investment Program (“QIIP”) Rider. This
7 rider is designed to recover the costs associated with the capital investment made between
8 rate cases to replace aging infrastructure that is non-revenue producing. This means
9 infrastructure that does not produce additional revenues. Examples of infrastructure that
10 produces additional revenues are main extensions specifically for a new development, or
11 new services or meters for new customers. As outlined in Docket No. 13-00130, aging
12 water and wastewater infrastructure is a growing problem across the United States,
13 including Tennessee, which will require significant investments over the next few decades
14 to continue to provide clean and reliable water service. This rider helps TAWC address
15 the replacement of this critical, aging infrastructure. The QIIP Rider includes replacement
16 of existing infrastructure in the areas of mains, meters, services, hydrants, water treatment
17 equipment, pumping equipment, and tank painting.

18 The second Capital Recovery Rider is the Economic Development Investment
19 (“EDI”) Rider. This rider is primarily for the recovery of investment made in infrastructure
20 to assist in economic development in the communities and areas served by TAWC.
21 Communities across the country are competing for economic development opportunities
22 to provide growth in jobs, taxes, and overall quality of life for residents. This rider provides
23 an opportunity for TAWC to partner with the communities it serves to assist in economic

1 development. Additionally, unlike the QIIP Rider, the EDI Rider may include operating
2 expenses related specifically to economic development.

3 The third Capital Recovery Rider is the Safety and Environmental Compliance
4 (“SEC”) Rider. This rider is for the recovery of investment made to comply with safety
5 and environmental regulations since the previous rate case. TAWC, like other utilities, is
6 faced with increasing capital investment requirements to comply with safety and
7 environmental regulations. This rider assists TAWC in addressing those requirements.
8 Like the EDI Rider, the SEC Rider may include operating expenses that can be identified
9 as specifically for the new infrastructure under this rider.

10 An adjustment to those three Capital Recovery Riders was authorized by the
11 Commission in Docket No. 14-00121 to cover the investment period of the calendar year
12 2015. A second adjustment to the three Capital Recovery Riders was authorized in Docket
13 No. 15-00111 to cover the investment period of the calendar year 2016. A third adjustment
14 to the three Capital Recovery Riders was authorized in Docket No. 16-00126 to cover the
15 investment period of the calendar year 2017. A fourth adjustment to the three Capital
16 Recovery Riders was authorized in Docket No. 17-00124 to cover the investment period
17 of the calendar year 2018. The purpose of this Petition is to comply with the tariffs
18 approved in TPUC Docket No. 13-00130 and provide the required information and
19 supporting documentation for each of the Capital Recovery Riders based on the projected
20 investment period of 2019.

21 Attached to my testimony is Petitioner’s Exhibit Current Tariff Sheet No. 12—
22 Capital Riders – MLS, which is a copy of all three Capital Recovery Riders tariff sheets as
23 approved in TPUC Docket No. 13-00130, and as modified in TPUC Docket No. 14-00121

1 and as further clarified in TPUC Docket No. 15-00029, Docket No. 15-00111, Docket No.
2 16-00022, Docket No. 17-00020, and Docket No. 17-00124.

3 **Q. HOW IS THE PROCESS UNDER THE APPROVED CAPITAL RECOVERY**
4 **RIDERS DIFFERENT FROM THE PREVIOUS AND HISTORICAL**
5 **REGULATORY APPROACH WITH RESPECT TO INVESTMENT METHODS?**

6 A. As far as the projects and the investment into those projects are concerned, there isn't any
7 difference. The difference between the new riders and the future test year regulatory
8 approach that has been used by TAWC in rate cases is largely in the method and procedure
9 of filing, the deferral of full rate cases and the lessening of rate shock, and the multiple
10 benefits of the streamlined alternative mechanisms. If it were not for the new alternative
11 regulatory methods available to the Commission and the regulated community, TAWC
12 would likely have had to file a rate case in 2018 or earlier. These new methods have deferred
13 the need to file a full rate case, at least in the short term. These petitions should make the
14 regulatory process much more streamlined and less burdensome, without reducing effective
15 and meaningful regulatory oversight. As intended under the statute and approved by the
16 Commission, the whole process is more efficient, timely and much less expensive. There is
17 no doubt but that the alternative rate adjustment methods are working.

18 **Q. IN DOCKET NO. 14-00121, THE TPUC ORDERED CHANGES TO THE**
19 **ELIGIBLE ITEMS WITHIN THE EDI RIDER. ARE THE ITEMS EXCLUDED**
20 **BY THE COMMISSION EXCLUDED IN THIS PETITION?**

21 A. Yes. In Docket No. 14-00121, the TPUC made modifications to the eligible items within
22 the EDI Capital Recovery Rider, removing new services, new meters, and alternative fuel
23 vehicles. These changes were recognized in Docket No. 15-00111 and are reflected fully

1 in this Petition. TAWC has removed those items from the EDI for not only the current
2 review period of 2019, but also removed the previously authorized cumulative amounts of
3 such items in the EDI Rider from all the review periods of 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, and
4 2018.

5 **Q. IN DOCKET 15-00029, THE TPUC ORDERED THAT GOING FORWARD, TAWC**
6 **SHOULD FILE WORKPAPERS IN A FORMAT THAT DOESN'T USE ARRAY**
7 **FORMULAS IN CALCULATIONS, AND FOLLOWS A CLEAR AUDIT TRAIL**
8 **FOR CALCULATIONS. HAS TAWC DONE THAT IN THIS FILING?**

9 A. Yes. TAWC prepared the files in an excel workbook similar to what was prepared in
10 Docket No. 13-00130 and Docket No. 14-00121. TAWC then prepared a "Proof"
11 worksheet in the excel file of the tabs that utilized array formulas for calculation, but went
12 through the calculations without array formulas. In the electronic version, the "Proof"
13 worksheets are found at the end of the excel workbook. There are also four reconciliation
14 worksheets that demonstrate the total additions, removals and retirements and a total
15 reconciliation for 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018. Consistent with the directive, this
16 will provide a clear audit trail of the calculations.

17 **Q. ARE THERE OTHER CHANGES TO THE EXCEL WORKBOOK OR**
18 **CALCULATIONS FROM THE INITIAL FILES IN DOCKET NO. 17-00124?**

19 A. Yes. In addition to any corrections that were carried forward from previous dockets,
20 Tennessee American made three changes to the excel workbook to make it more user-
21 friendly. They are as follows:

22 1) Tennessee American updated the workbook for the 2019 forecasted numbers, actual
23 2017 capital expenditures from TPUC Docket No. 18-00022, and updated all formulas.

1
2 2) In TPUC Docket No. 17-00124, TAWC revised the filing to include the federal tax
3 expense reduction that resulted from the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. TAWC also revised
4 the filing to apply to the lower federal tax rate to Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes
5 forecasted in the Capital Recovery Riders. The revised federal income tax rates have been
6 utilized again in this filing for both the income tax expense generated and the forecasted
7 Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes.

8 3) Tennessee American forecasted retirement and cost of removal amounts by NARUC
9 account based on the average actual retirements and cost of removal by account in 2015 –
10 2017. In Docket No. 17-00124, TAWC proposed a revised methodology to utilize the
11 actual retirements and cost of removal by account, using the most recent three year actual
12 average. This eliminated an estimate of those amount. This was applied to the 2019
13 forecast

14 Although these three changes may not translate well in verbal testimony, they will
15 aid any review of the Petition and the underlying supporting documentation.

16 **Q. CAN YOU EXPLAIN HOW THE EXCEL SPREADSHEET FILED WITH THIS**
17 **PETITION IS STRUCTURED TO PRESENT THE CALCULATIONS?**

18 A. Certainly. In TPUC Docket No. 16-00126, Tennessee American made some organizational
19 changes to improve the review process of the workpapers and exhibits. First, Tennessee
20 American added a “Workbook Info” worksheet to the excel workbook that gives a general
21 description of each worksheet in the workbook. This is the very first worksheet or tab in
22 the left-most position. This tab lists the purpose of each worksheet in the file and
23 essentially provides a table of contents.

1 Next, Tennessee American reorganized the tabs and color coded the tabs labelled at the
2 bottom of the workbook. There is a blank, blue coded tab labelled "Exhibits" that is to the
3 left of all of the exhibit tabs. The tabs for all of the exhibits are colored green in the label
4 at the bottom. There is a second blank, blue coded tab labelled "Workpapers" to the left
5 of all of the workpaper tabs which are color coded red. The workpaper tabs now start with
6 the 2019 calculations in the left-most position of the "Workpapers" section, with 2018,
7 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 tabs consecutively to the right. A third blank, blue colored tab
8 labelled "Reconciliations" is to the left and the start of all of the reconciliation tabs now
9 colored purple. Finally, there is a fourth blank, blue coded tab labelled "Proofs" to the left
10 of all of the proof tabs that are color coded yellow. This reorganization should help anyone
11 looking in the excel workbook to more easily locate the information they are seeking.

12 Third, any hard-coded numbers within the workbook are now colored in a blue font to
13 enable a reviewer to identify them easily and quickly. On the same tab as any blue hard
14 coded numbers, there will be a footnote at the bottom of the tab identifying the reference
15 and source of the number. This should make comparisons to previous filings a much faster
16 process.

17 Finally, in an effort to improve quality control, Tennessee American implemented
18 a process to audit the workbook. There are a number of places in the workpapers and
19 exhibits that now have a "tie-point" to verify that numbers are calculating accurately.
20 These tie-points will not be printed on the pdf pages but should streamline any review of
21 the calculations.

22 **Q. HOW HAS THE APPLICATION OF THE EDI RIDER BEEN DIFFERENT FROM**
23 **THE PREVIOUS INVESTMENT REGULATORY METHODS UTILIZED BY**

1 **TAWC PRIOR TO THE APPROVAL OF THE RIDERS IN TPUC DOCKET NO.**
2 **13-00130?**

3 A. In his testimony, Brent O'Neill discusses the individual projects included in the EDI Rider.
4 Without the EDI Rider, these projects may not have been as successful or potentially would
5 not have developed at all. Under its previous investment methods for development, TAWC
6 would have required the developers to pay for the relocation and replacement of assets,
7 thus increasing the upfront costs to them. Given the amount of the investment, coupled
8 with the growth, jobs, and other positive attributes attached to these projects, losing one or
9 more of the projects would have been a disappointment to the communities. These projects
10 demonstrate that the EDI Rider is an extremely valuable tool that can enhance a
11 community's ability to attract future economic development opportunities. Successes such
12 as these will help the area gain an upper hand in the vigorous competition among
13 communities, which ultimately benefits all of TAWC's customers. For instance, additional
14 water sales have the potential to offset the ongoing declining use that TAWC has
15 experienced, maintaining a water sales level close to authorized and thus contribute to
16 cover a portion of the Company's fixed expenses. This helps maintain lower rates to all of
17 our customers.

18 **Q. HOW IS THE SEC RIDER ALSO DIFFERENT FROM PREVIOUS INVESTMENT**
19 **METHODS THAT WERE AVAILABLE TO TAWC PRIOR TO THE APPROVAL**
20 **OF THE RIDERS IN TPUC DOCKET NO. 13-00130?**

21 A. The overall strategy is similar, but an important difference is that the investment is made
22 through a program that expressly delineates and highlights the reason needed for the
23 investment. To the extent that additional investments are made for safety and

1 environmental compliance measures under the SEC Rider, the purpose of the investment
2 will be more transparent to the customer and to the Commission.

3 **Q. DO THE CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS BENEFIT THE CUSTOMERS?**

4 A. Yes. The QIIP, the EDI and the SEC Riders are mutually beneficial to our customers, the
5 general public, and TAWC. The Qualified Infrastructure Program Rider, the Economic
6 Development Investment Rider, and the Safety and Environmental Compliance Rider, in
7 part, reduce the need for general rate cases, lessen the occurrence of consumer “rate shock,”
8 support the maintenance and improvement of essential infrastructure, support opportunities
9 for successful economic development, growth and job creation, ensure safety and
10 reliability, and allow for more efficient, streamlined regulation. The customers and the
11 public benefit from the safety and reliability components and from the more seamless and
12 timely capital investment in infrastructure, coupled with the related support to economic
13 development, growth and job creation. The Company benefits from a more efficient,
14 streamlined regulatory process that presents TAWC with the opportunity to timely recover
15 its expenses and earn a fair rate of return on its investments.

16 **Q. YOU MENTIONED THAT THE COMPANY BENEFITS FROM THE RIDERS**
17 **BECAUSE THE RIDERS PROVIDE THE COMPANY WITH THE**
18 **OPPORTUNITY TO TIMELY RECOVER ITS EXPENSES AND EARN A FAIR**
19 **RATE OF RETURN ON ITS INVESTMENTS. CAN YOU ELABORATE ON**
20 **THIS?**

21 A. Certainly. The Capital Recovery Riders permit TAWC to recover the cost of capital
22 investment between rate cases in an efficient, streamlined regulatory process. As outlined
23 in my testimony, each year Tennessee American estimates or forecasts the amount of

1 qualified capital investment (QIIP), infrastructure investment and eligible expenses (EDI)
2 and safety and environmental compliance investment and eligible expense (SEC) that it
3 expects to spend for the upcoming calendar year, in this Petition for 2019. The Company
4 will then calculate what it costs to recover the expenditures associated with such forecasted
5 capital investment and expenses. For example, if the Company were to invest \$1 million
6 dollars on a QIIP project in the forecast year, the Company would not recover that entire
7 \$1 million that year. Rather, it will only recover a return on that investment (which includes
8 a weighted return on equity and interest on debt as authorized in the most recent rate case),
9 as well as depreciation expense and taxes. After it calculates what it costs to recover the
10 expenditures associated with the forecasted capital investment and expenses, Tennessee
11 American then determines – through a second calculation – the percentage of the costs to
12 recover those expenditures as an amount of the overall revenue authorized in the last rate
13 case. This is the surcharge amount. The surcharge then represents recovery for the costs
14 to support the capital investments. So, under the Capital Recovery Rider tariffs as
15 approved, the monthly surcharge over 12 months in the forecasted year would represent
16 the annual recovery of the cost to support the capital investment.

17 **Q. BEFORE THE TPUC APPROVED THE CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS, WHAT**
18 **PROCESS DID TAWC USE TO RECOVER THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED**
19 **WITH CAPITAL INVESTMENT AND HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO EARN A**
20 **FAIR RETURN?**

21 A. Regulated utilities cannot increase their rates in Tennessee without approval of the TPUC,
22 which prior to the passage of the alternative regulation statute required a full rate case
23 filing. So, TAWC employed rate cases for appropriate recovery.

1 **Q. IS THERE A DRAWBACK TO RATE CASES?**

2 In part, this goes back to my earlier testimony concerning the benefits of the Capital
3 Recovery Riders to the public. Further, regulated utilities continue to invest money in
4 infrastructure (utility plant) and expenses may continue to increase in between rate cases.
5 This “regulatory lag” lessens the opportunity for the Company to earn its authorized return
6 on equity.

7 **Q. CAN YOU EXPLAIN THE CALCULATION OF THE CAPITAL RECOVERY**
8 **RIDERS?**

9 A. Certainly. As set forth in the approved tariffs, all three Capital Recovery Riders are
10 established on an annual prospective basis utilizing average end-of-month balances and
11 should reflect only those qualified plant additions installed after the conclusion of the initial
12 rate year in Docket No. 12-00049. Consistent with the tariffs, the qualified plant additions
13 are reduced by the projected retirements associated with the Capital Recovery Rider
14 additions in the calculation of applicable depreciation and property tax expense. As
15 discussed earlier in my testimony, the EDI and SEC Riders can be increased by the
16 appropriate operating expenses. However, TAWC has not included any operating expenses
17 for the EDI or SEC riders in this Petition. In this case, Tennessee American has proposed
18 to begin the attrition period for each of the Capital Recovery Riders on January 1, 2019,
19 ending December 31, 2019. This annual review period was established in the tariffs
20 submitted on March 25, 2014, and approved in Docket No. 13-00130 on April 14, 2014.

21 The tariffs also established a reconciliation period for each of the Capital Recovery
22 Riders, which will occur 60 days after the close of the attrition period. The attrition period
23 in Docket No. 13-00130 was for January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014. The

1 reconciliation for that filing was made in Docket 15-00029 on March 1, 2015. The attrition
2 period in Docket No. 14-00121 is for January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015, and the
3 reconciliations were filed on March 1, 2016 in Docket No. 16-00022. The attrition period
4 in Docket No. 15-00111 was for January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and the
5 reconciliations were filed on March 1, 2017 in Docket No. 17-00020. The attrition period
6 in Docket No. 16-00126 was for January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 and the
7 reconciliation was filed by March 1, 2018 in Docket No. 18-00022. The attrition period in
8 Docket No. 17-00124 was for January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018 and the
9 reconciliation will be filed by March 1, 2019. Based upon the process outlined in the tariffs
10 and clarified in Docket No. 14-00121, the reconciliations are not, and were not intended to
11 be, a part of this Petition.

12 As approved, the Capital Recovery Riders are cumulative and remain in place until
13 reset back to zero at the conclusion of the Company's next rate case filing, at which point
14 the capital costs, depreciation and taxes, and any other operating expenses approved and
15 previously recovered through the Capital Recovery Riders are then subsumed within Base
16 Rates.

17 **Q. CAN YOU DISCUSS DETAILS OF THE OPERATION OF THE CAPITAL**
18 **RECOVERY RIDERS NOT ADDRESSED ABOVE?**

19 A. Yes. TAWC utilizes an annual prospective approach to the utility plant additions that
20 qualify for recovery through the Capital Recovery Riders. The Capital Recovery Riders
21 provide for the recovery of revenue sufficient to cover the capital cost, depreciation and
22 tax expense related to the projected investment in qualified utility plant. These costs
23 consider the effects of associated retirements ("Net Plant"), Contributions in Aid of

1 Construction ("CIAC"), and Cost of Removal Spending net of Salvage value for the
2 attrition period. To determine the rate of return recovery, an average of the month-end
3 balances of new utility plant in service is calculated, less $\frac{1}{2}$ of the anticipated annual
4 associated CIAC, plus $\frac{1}{2}$ of the anticipated annual associated cost of removal net of salvage
5 spending, to derive the "Net Plant" amount. As discussed in Docket No. 16-00022, in the
6 first year TAWC used a 12-month average to calculate the Capital Recovery Riders,
7 representing all of the activity within the 12 months of the attrition period. Beginning in
8 the second year, TAWC used a 13-month average from the end of the previous year through
9 the end of the attrition period. The current approved pre-tax rate of return ("PTR") is
10 applied to this net amount to determine the revenue requirement of the rate base portion.
11 The PTR is calculated from the weighted common equity and preferred equity, grossed up
12 to include state and federal taxes, plus the weighted cost of long-term debt and the weighted
13 cost of short-term debt. Next, the annual depreciation expense of the additional Net Plant
14 is calculated ("NetDep"), utilizing the current TPUC approved depreciation rates by
15 account and then added. From there, incremental new property and Franchise taxes
16 ("PFT") is added. For the EDI Rider and SEC Rider, additional operating expenses would
17 be added as appropriate. The sum of these components are grossed up to include the
18 recovery of the associated additional Gross Receipts taxes, Uncollectible expense, and
19 forfeited discounts ("RT") to derive the final revenue requirement. Then, any over or under
20 Capital Recovery Rider collection of prior periods would be added or subtracted as
21 applicable ("R"). The over or under Capital Recovery Rider adjustment is pending in
22 Docket No. 18-00022 and is not included as part of this Petition. This total is then divided
23 by the authorized annual level of general metered service and private fire service customer

1 revenues ("PAR") from the prior docket (Docket No. 12-00049), i.e. not including any
2 other revenues, to render each of the new Capital Recovery Rider percentages.

3 **Q. YOU MENTION THAT THE OVER/UNDER RECONCILIATION IS NOT**
4 **INCLUDED IN THIS PETITION. CAN YOU EXPLAIN WHY NOT?**

5 A. Yes. The authorized tariff specifies the forecasted adjustments for new investment, by
6 December 1, to be effective January 1. The reconciliation factor is to be filed by March 1,
7 to be effective April 1 to December 31 only each calendar year. The first reconciliation
8 adjustment was authorized on October 19, 2015 to be effective November 1 through
9 December 31, 2015 in Docket No. 15-00029. The second reconciliation adjustment was
10 authorized on October 10, 2016 in Docket No. 16-00022 to be effective October 11, 2016
11 through December 31, 2016. The third reconciliation adjustment was authorized on August
12 15, 2017 in Docket No. 17-00020 to be effective August 16, 2017 through December 31,
13 2017. The fourth reconciliation adjustment was filed in Docket No. 18-00022 and is
14 pending before the TPUC. This petition is intended to adjust the Capital Recovery Riders
15 for investment in 2019. The calculation includes the cumulative investment for rider for
16 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018. In this petition, TAWC has included the actual
17 investment for each rider in 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017. The reconciliation to be filed by
18 March 1, 2019 will apply as a true-up for the actual 2018 calendar year investment and
19 revenues, including any over/under collection of the reconciliation approved in 18-00022.
20 Therefore, it is not appropriate or necessary to include a reconciliation in the calculation
21 included in this Petition.

1 **Q. HAVE YOU INCLUDED THE CALCULATION OF THE THREE CAPITAL**
2 **RECOVERY RIDERS IN THE PETITION?**

3 A. Yes. I have attached an exhibit that reflects the calculation of each of the three Capital
4 Recovery Riders by project. A summary is attached to my testimony as Petitioner's
5 Exhibit Summary - MLS. The detailed calculations are attached in six exhibits to my
6 testimony as Petitioner's Exhibit QIIP 1 – MLS, Petitioner's Exhibit QIIP 2 – MLS,
7 Petitioner's Exhibit EDI 1 – MLS, Petitioner's Exhibit EDI 2 – MLS, Petitioner's
8 Exhibit SEC 1 – MLS, and Petitioner's Exhibit SEC 2 – MLS. The calculations are
9 consistent with the calculations that were made in the approved tariff in Docket No. 13-
10 00130, Docket No. 14-00121, Docket No. 15-00111, Docket No. 16-00126 and Docket
11 No. 17-00124. Further, to assist in the streamlined regulatory process, TAWC is including
12 with the Petition its detailed work-papers supporting the calculation of the three Capital
13 Recovery Riders. Again, these work-papers are consistent with the calculations made to
14 support the approved tariff in Docket No. 13-00130, Docket No. 14-00121, Docket No. 15-
15 00111, Docket No. 16-00126, and again in Docket No. 17-00124. The workpapers are also
16 consistent with the calculations made to support the reconciliations in TPUC Docket No.
17 15-00029, TPUC Docket No. 16-00022, TPUC Docket No. 17-00020 and TPUC Docket
18 No. 18-00022.

19 **Q. HAS TAWC INCLUDED DETAILED INFORMATION REGARDING THE**
20 **PROJECTS THAT MAKE UP EACH OF THE PROPOSED CAPITAL**
21 **RECOVERY RIDERS?**

22 A. Yes. Company Witness Brent O'Neill and Kurt Stafford will discuss the details regarding
23 the proposed capital expenditures included in the QIIP, EDI and SEC Riders for 2019.

1 **Q. HOW ARE THE QIIP, EDI, AND SEC RIDER REVENUES RECOVERED?**

2 A. The QIIP, EDI and SEC Riders are expressed as a percentage. The current tariff Ninth
3 Revised Sheet No. 12 – Riders – 1 is attached to my testimony as Petitioner’s Exhibit
4 Current Tariff Sheet No. 12 – Riders – MLS, and the proposed tariff sheet Tenth
5 Revised Sheet No. 12 – Riders - 1 is attached to my testimony as Petitioner’s Exhibit
6 Proposed Sheet No. 12 – Riders – MLS. They are each applied to the total amount billed
7 to each customer under the otherwise applicable rates and charges for basic service,
8 metered usage charges, and private fire charges, and are applied prior to the inclusion of
9 any other taxes, charges, or surcharges. All three Capital Recovery Riders are combined
10 into one line item on the bill of each customer.

11 **Q. HAS TAWC INCLUDED A CHART SHOWING THE PROGRESSION OF THE**
12 **APPROVED RIDERS IN EACH DOCKET SINCE THE LAST RATE CASE?**

13 A. Yes. I have included a chart reflecting each of the annual approvals with its filing. This is
14 shown as Petitioner’s Exhibit – Annual Approved Tariffs – MLS.

15
16 **Q. WHAT WILL HAPPEN TO THE CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS UPON**
17 **APPROVAL OF NEW RATES IN A RATE CASE PROCEEDING?**

18 A. The QIIP, EDI, and SEC Riders will all be reset to zero as of the effective date of the new
19 Base Rates, which Base Rates then provide for the recovery of the annual costs that had
20 theretofore been recovered through the Capital Recovery Riders. Thereafter, and
21 consistent with the tariffs, only the new QIIP, EDI, and SEC Rider qualified plant additions
22 and expenses not previously included in rate base and Base Rates will be reflected in the
23 future filings subject to TPUC Approval.

1 **Q. WHAT COST OF CAPITAL IS UTILIZED IN THE FORMULA OF THE**
2 **CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS?**

3 A. The cost of capital is the established rate of return (on a pre-tax basis) in the Company's
4 immediately preceding Base Rate case Order, currently TPUC Docket No. 12-00049.

5 **Q. WHAT DEPRECIATION RATES ARE USED TO DETERMINE THE**
6 **DEPRECIATION EXPENSE RECOVERED BY THE QIIP, EDI AND SEC**
7 **RIDERS?**

8 A. The depreciation rates last approved by the TPUC in Docket 12-00049 for the respective
9 plant accounts in which the specific items of qualified infrastructure under each rider are
10 recorded are the depreciation rates used to determine the depreciation expense. New
11 depreciation rates would be used only after depreciation rates are changed during a general
12 rate proceeding. These are the rates that were used in Docket Nos. 13-00130, 14-00121,
13 15-00029, 15-00111, 16-00022, 16-00126, 17-0020, 17-00124 and 18-00022.

14 **Q. WHAT PROPERTY TAX RATE IS USED TO DETERMINE THE PROPERTY**
15 **TAX EXPENSE RELATED TO THE ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT TO BE**
16 **RECOVERED BY THE QIIP, EDI AND SEC RIDERS?**

17 A. The property tax rate is based on the proportion of property taxes authorized in Docket No.
18 12-00049 to the utility plant in service, multiplied by the additional utility plant less
19 retirements. This is the same rate used in Docket Nos. 13-00130, 14-00121, 15-00029, 15-
20 00111, 16-00022, 16-00126, 17-00020, 17-00124 and 18-00022.

1 **Q. WHAT IS THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX RATE USED TO DETERMINE THE**
2 **APPROPRIATE INCOME TAX EXPENSE RELATED TO THE ADDITIONAL**
3 **REVENUES GENERATED BY THE QIIP, EDI AND SEC RIDERS?**

4 A. As noted previously, TAWC has revised the federal income tax rate to 21% based on the
5 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

6 **Q. HOW ARE BASE RATE ANNUAL REVENUES DETERMINED FOR THE QIIP,**
7 **EDI AND SEC RIDERS?**

8 A. The projected annual revenues will be the authorized water services revenues from the last
9 case, Docket No. 12-00049, including all service charges and volumetric charges for all
10 classes that are subject to the Capital Recovery Riders. These are the same annual revenues
11 used in Docket Nos. 13-00130, 14-00121, 15-00029, 15-00111, 16-00022, 16-00126, 17-
12 00020, 17-00124 and 18-00022.

13 **Q. HAS TENNESSEE AMERICAN INCLUDED ANY OPERATING EXPENSES IN**
14 **THE CURRENTLY PROPOSED EDI RIDER OTHER THAN THE**
15 **DEPRECIATION AND TAX EXPENSES?**

16 A. No. In the tariffs approved in Docket No. 13-00130, TAWC included expenses related to
17 specific economic development within the community as a component of the EDI Rider
18 and operating expenses related to specific investment in the SEC Rider. However, in
19 Docket No. 14-00121, the operating expenses related specifically to TAWC contributions
20 to economic development agencies were not approved by the TPUC. In that same Docket,
21 TAWC removed proposed SEC Rider operating expenses, as those expenses would be
22 captured in the PCOP. Other types of operating expenses related to economic development
23 or the SEC Rider are not included in this current Petition, but TAWC will continue to

1 review and evaluate potential and appropriate operating expenses for the EDI and SEC
2 Riders and submit them for consideration as appropriate.

3 **Q. HAS TENNESSEE AMERICAN INCLUDED ANY OPERATING EXPENSES IN**
4 **THE CURRENTLY PROPOSED SEC RIDER OTHER THAN THE**
5 **DEPRECIATION AND TAX EXPENSES?**

6 No.

7 **Q. COULD THE AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT RIDER REVENUES COLLECTED**
8 **FROM TENNESSEE AMERICAN'S CUSTOMERS VARY FROM THE ACTUAL**
9 **AMOUNT OF REVENUE NEEDED TO COVER A RETURN OF AND A RETURN**
10 **ON THE COMPANY'S QIIP, EDI AND SEC RIDER INFRASTRUCTURE**
11 **INVESTMENT AND TAXES?**

12 A. Yes. This would occur as a result of a difference between the actual and the allowed water
13 operating revenues upon which the Capital Recovery Riders are based.

14 **Q. AS A REGULATORY SAFEGUARD TO CONSUMERS AND TO SERVE THE**
15 **PUBLIC INTEREST, DOES EACH OF THE CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS**
16 **INCLUDE A RECONCILIATION MECHANISM IN THE EVENT THAT THE**
17 **LEVEL OF INVESTMENT, EXPENSE, OR REVENUE APPROVED VARIES**
18 **FROM THE ACTUAL COSTS?**

19 A. Yes. As discussed earlier, the QIIP, EDI and SEC Riders are all subject to an annual
20 reconciliation or true-up in which the revenue received under each of the Capital Recovery
21 Riders for the reconciliation period will be compared to the revenue necessary for the
22 Company to recover its return of and return on investment plus taxes, for that QIIP, EDI
23 and SEC Rider year. Any over or under recovery will be included in the calculation of the

1 next adjustment to the QIIP, EDI and SEC Riders. For the reason I stated earlier, the
2 reconciliation is not part of the currently proposed change to the QIIP, EDI or SEC Riders.
3 The Capital Recovery Rider reconciliations for the period ending December 31, 2018, will
4 be submitted on March 1, 2019.

5 **Q. HOW DOES THE RECONCILIATION WORK?**

6 A. Consistent with the approved tariffs, Tennessee American will file a reconciliation for all
7 three Capital Recovery Riders no later than March 1, 2019. There are actually two steps
8 to the reconciliation. The first is an adjustment for budget to actual investment. This is a
9 regulatory oversight and public interest component of the mechanism that results in a true-
10 up if the investment does not occur (up or down) as forecasted. The second is an adjustment
11 for the over or under recovery of revenues as projected, including interest. In this way, the
12 consumers are protected if sales exceed the amount authorized in the previous rate case
13 proceeding. This could occur if there is a significant amount of customer growth, or if dry
14 and hot conditions occur in any given year. This second adjustment also allows TAWC to
15 adjust if sales are less than the amount authorized in the last case, as could occur with
16 declining usage that TAWC has experienced in recent years. The reconciliation
17 percentage, pending approval by April 1, 2019, as contemplated in the tariffs, will be
18 applied to customer bills for 9 months in 2019.

19 Finally, there is also a consumer safeguard in the reconciliation process that reviews
20 the earnings for Tennessee American during the attrition period. If it is determined that
21 Tennessee American earned a rate of return above the authorized amount from the previous
22 rate case during the attrition period, the amount above the authorized is an adjustment to

1 the customers, with interest. This could occur if sales exceed the amount authorized in the
2 previous rate case as well.

3 **Q. YOU ALSO INDICATED THAT TAWC HAS NOT FILED ANYTHING IN THIS**
4 **PETITION TO INCLUDE THE RECONCILIATION OF THE PRODUCTION**
5 **COSTS AND OTHER PASS-THROUGHS RIDER. WHY IS TAWC NOT**
6 **INCLUDING THE PCOP RECONCILIATION IN THIS PETITION?**

7 A. The PCOP differs from the Capital Recovery Riders, in that at the end of a year, it looks at
8 the historical period and compares the actual production expenses to the amount of
9 production expenses authorized in the previous rate case. It then applies an adjustment
10 over the next year to account for any differences between the two amounts, either over or
11 under the authorized amount. The first review period for the approved PCOP analyzed the
12 amount of production expenses in the attrition year from the previous rate case, which was
13 December 1, 2012 to November 30, 2013 compared to the actual amount of production
14 expenses that occurred between December 1, 2012 and November 30, 2013. The expenses
15 in the attrition period were actually less than authorized in the case, so under the approved
16 PCOP, TAWC applied a credit adjustment to customers.

17 The subsequent period approved for review in the tariff is defined as the twelve
18 months subsequent to the attrition period, and every twelve-month period after that.
19 Docket No. 15-00001 looked at the review period for the PCOP from December 1, 2013
20 through November 30, 2014. Docket No. 15-00131 looked at the review period for the
21 PCOP from December 1, 2014 through November 30, 2015. Docket No. 16-00148 looked
22 at the review period for the PCOP from December 1, 2015 through November 30, 2016.
23 Docket No. 18-00009 looked at the review period for the PCOP from December 1, 2016

1 through November 30, 2017. The next review period for the PCOP will be December 1,
2 2017 through November 30, 2018. Because that review period is not complete, there is
3 nothing regarding the PCOP in this Petition. TAWC anticipates filing the reconciliation
4 of the PCOP in a separate petition.

5 **Q. WILL THE PCOP HAVE A TWO-STEP RECONCILIATION PROCESS?**

6 A. Yes. Similar to the Capital Recovery Riders, the PCOP reconciliation has 1) a
7 reconciliation of the actual expenses in the historical review period to the authorized levels
8 in the previous rate case; and 2) a reconciliation of the implementation of the PCOP during
9 that same historical review period. In Docket No. 15-00001, the TPUC approved a single
10 reconciliation of the PCOP.

11 **Q. WHEN DOES TAWC ANTICIPATE FILING THE PCOP RECONCILIATION?**

12 A. TAWC anticipates filing the reconciliation on the PCOP Rider by January 15, 2018. As
13 set forth in the tariffs, new PCOP rates are anticipated to be effective by February 14, 2019.
14 TAWC recently requested a tariff change to allow 15 more days to the filing date and
15 effective date than was originally approved in 13-000130. This request was accepted by
16 the Commission.

17 **Q. WHAT IS THE PROPOSED ADJUSTED QIIP RIDER?**

18 A. TAWC is proposing a QIIP Rider that would result in an annualized revenue recovery of
19 \$6,024,341 for the 2019 calendar year or a surcharge of 12.80%. The surcharge is a
20 cumulative amount since 2014. Again, the annualized revenue recovery is the monthly
21 surcharge, times 12 months, to cover the cost to support all of the QIIP capital investment.
22 This is an increase of requested QIIP Riders surcharge recovery from the previous year of

1 \$1,293,703 and an increase in the total QIIP Rider surcharge from the previous year of
2 2.75%.

3 **Q. HAS TENNESSEE AMERICAN FILED A TARIFF ADDRESSING THE**
4 **PROPOSED QIIP RIDER?**

5 A. Yes. A new tariff Thirteenth Revised Sheet No. 12 – Riders – 1 reflects all three Capital
6 Recovery Riders and is attached to my testimony as **Petitioner's Exhibit Proposed Sheet**
7 **No. 12- Riders - MLS.**

8 **Q. WHAT IS THE PROPOSED EDI RIDER?**

9 A. TAWC is proposing an EDI Rider that would result in an annualized revenue recovery of
10 \$320,794 for the 2019 calendar year or a surcharge of 0.68%. The surcharge is a
11 cumulative amount. Again, the annualized revenue recovery is the monthly surcharge,
12 times 12 months, to cover the cost to support all of the EDI capital investment. This is an
13 increase in the requested EDI Rider surcharge recovery from the previous year of \$126,249
14 and an increase in the total EDI Riders surcharge over the previous year of 0.27%. Again,
15 this is shown on the new tariff Thirteenth Revised Sheet No. 12 – Riders – 1 which reflects
16 all three Capital Recovery Riders and is attached to my testimony as **Petitioner's Exhibit**
17 **Proposed Sheet No. 12- Riders - MLS.**

18 **Q. WHAT IS PROPOSED SEC RIDER?**

19 TAWC is proposing a SEC Rider that would result in an annualized revenue recovery of
20 \$3,537,646 for the 2019 calendar year or a surcharge of 7.52%. Again, the annualized
21 revenue recovery is the monthly surcharge, times 12 months, to cover the cost to support
22 all of the SEC capital investment. This is an increase in the requested SEC Rider surcharge
23 recovery from the previous year of \$728,261 and an increase in the total SEC Rider

1 surcharge over the previous year of 1.55%. Again, this is shown on the new tariff Thirteenth
2 Revised Sheet No. 12 – Riders – 1 which reflects all three Capital Recovery Riders and is
3 attached to my testimony as Petitioner’s Exhibit Proposed Sheet No. 12- Riders - MLS.

4 The sum of the three riders is an increase of 4.57% on the current base bill.

5 **Q. IN DOCKET NO. 18-00039, TAWC WAS ORDERED TO “TRACK AND**
6 **ACCUMULATE MONTHLY IN A DEFERRED ACCOUNT THE PORTION OF**
7 **ITS REVENUE REPRESENTING THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE COST OF**
8 **SERVICE APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION IN ITS MOST RECENT RATE**
9 **CASE AND THE COST OF SERVICE THAT WOULD HAVE RESULTED HAD**
10 **THE PROVISION FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAXES BEEN BASED ON 21%**
11 **RATHER THAN 35%.” DID TAWC COMPLY WITH THE ORDER?**

12 A. Yes, the Company has been tracking and accumulating monthly, in a deferred account, the
13 revenue authorized in its most recent rate case that was associated with a 35%, rather than
14 a 21% federal income tax rate. I’ll refer to this as “TCJA Deferred Revenue”

15 **Q. IN DOCKET 18-00039, TAWC RECOMMENDED UTILIZING THE TCJA**
16 **DEFERRED REVENUE AS AN OFFSET TO INCREASES IN THE CAPITAL**
17 **RECOVERY RIDERS. DOES TAWC STILL RECOMMEND THAT?**

18 A. Yes we do.

19 **Q. WHAT IS THE CURRENT BALANCE OF TCJA DEFERRED REVENUE?**

20 A. As of October 31, 2018 the balance was \$1,599,454.

1 **Q. WHAT DOES TAWC PROJECT THE BALANCE TO BE FOR A FULL YEAR OF**
2 **TCJA DEFERRED REVENUE?**

3 A. TAWC is deferring 4.32% of billed base rate revenue, so the total amount to be deferred
4 each year will vary depending upon billed base rate revenue. However, if billed base rate
5 revenue were consistent with those authorized in Docket No. 12-0049, the total annual
6 deferral would be just over \$2 million

7 **Q. DOES TAWC PROPOSE TO REVIEW THE METHODOLOGY FOR THE**
8 **CALCULATIONS OF THE DEFERRED AMOUNT IN THIS PROCEEDING?**

9 A. No, it does not. There is a separate Docket No. 18-00039 that has been established to
10 review and investigate the impact of lowering the corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%.
11 TAWC recommends that the methodology for calculating the amount of tax savings
12 continue in that Docket. TAWC is simply proposing at this time a method for allowing
13 customers to begin to realize the benefit of those savings.

14 **Q. IN DOCKET 18-00039, TAWC ALSO RECOMMENDED USING EXCESS**
15 **ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAX ("ADIT") NORMALIZATION**
16 **RESULTING FROM THE TCJA TO OFFSET THE CAPITAL RECOVERY**
17 **RIDERS. DOES TAWC STILL RECOMMEND THAT?**

18 A. TAWC still recommends that excess ADIT normalization, once reliably calculated, be used
19 as an offset to Capital Recovery Rider increases or reconciliations. However, at this time,
20 the TCJA Deferred Revenue is estimated to be adequate to offset the \$2.1 million 2019
21 Capital Recovery Rider increase, and thus the excess ADIT can continue to be deferred for
22 the customers' benefit.

1 **Q. WHY DID TAWC MAKE A RECOMMENDATION TO USE TCJA DEFERRED**
2 **REVENUE TO OFFSET THE CAPITAL RECOVERY RIDERS?**

3 A. As discussed in TAWC's testimony in Docket No. 18-00039, TAWC identifies three
4 primary benefits to this plan (in addition to the Capital Recovery Rider tax expense savings
5 already provided in 2018). First, customers can enjoy more than \$19 million of Rider
6 eligible infrastructure improvements without any bill increase in 2019, a savings of \$2.1
7 million for our customers. Second, by allowing TCJA Revenue Deferral throughout 2018
8 for base rate tax expense savings, the Commission has enabled TAWC to maintain cash
9 flows and financial stability, thus preserving lower cost capital for customers and
10 protecting TAWC's ability to make essential infrastructure improvements. And third,
11 TAWC's customers have not been subject to a whipsaw effect, by having rates lowered
12 only to be raised again in short order.

13 **Q. HOW WOULD THE TCJA OFFSET PROCESS WORK?**

14 As noted above, TAWC has been deferring revenue since January 1, 2018. TAWC would
15 continue to defer revenue monthly. However, in order to start flowing back the benefits of
16 this deferral, TAWC would simply offset the amount that would have been billed to
17 customers for the 2019 Capital Recovery Riders increase through a surcharge credit. The
18 surcharge credit would not need to be a separate line item on the bill, but rather could
19 simply roll up to the Capital Recovery Riders line. Therefore, customers would not see a
20 change in their bill. However, by creating a separate surcharge credit, the accounting for
21 the foregone Capital Recovery Rider revenue could be tracked, and a corresponding
22 amount of TCJA Deferred Revenue could be amortized.

1 If approved, TAWC will run a notice on the bill that informs customers that the Capital
2 Recovery Riders for 2019 are being offset by savings from the 2017 TCJA.

3 **Q. WHAT IS THE IMPACT TO THE AVERAGE CUSTOMER BILL?**

4 If the TPUC authorized the proposed offset, the impact to the average customer bill from
5 the Capital Recovery Riders proposed in this docket will be zero. For a typical residential
6 customer living in the City of Chattanooga, and using an average of 4,154 gallons per
7 month, the current increase in the proposed Capital Recovery Riders would represent an
8 increase in their bill of \$0.99 per month, or \$11.88 per year. The TCJA offset would
9 decrease the bill by the same amounts, so no net increase would be charged. While the
10 overall sum of the three riders, before offset, is 4.57% as noted above, this is a total increase
11 of 3.93% over the current monthly average bill that includes the previously approved
12 Capital Recovery Riders. This is because the overall sum of the three riders of 4.57%
13 continues to be calculated on the revenues authorized in 2012. The cumulative impact on

customer's bills are summarized in Table 1:

Table 1
Cumulative Impact of Capital Recovery Riders
Tennessee American Water Company

| TPUC Docket No. | Effective Date | Annual Percentage Increase in Capital Recovery Riders | Capital Recovery Riders Cumulative Total | Total Increase to Chattanooga Average Annual Bill | Average Chattanooga Annual Bill* | Annual Increase in Total Bill | Annual Increase from Previous Bill |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| 12-00049 | 11/1/2012 | | | | \$ 21.56 | | |
| 13-00130 | 4/15/2014 | 1.080% | 1.080% | \$ 0.23 | \$ 21.79 | \$ 0.23 | 1.080% |
| 14-00121 | 6/30/2015 | 4.640% | 5.720% | \$ 1.23 | \$ 22.79 | \$ 1.00 | 4.590% |
| 15-00111 | 3/15/2016 | 4.660% | 10.380% | \$ 2.24 | \$ 23.79 | \$ 1.00 | 4.408% |
| 16-00126 | 3/14/2017 | 3.570% | 13.950% | \$ 3.01 | \$ 24.56 | \$ 0.77 | 3.234% |
| 17-00124 | 4/10/2018 | 2.480% | 16.430% | \$ 3.54 | \$ 25.10 | \$ 0.53 | 2.18% |
| Proposed | 1/1/2019 | 4.570% | 21.000% | \$ 4.53 | \$ 26.08 | \$ 0.99 | 3.93% |
| TCJA Offset | 1/1/2019 | -4.570% | 16.430% | \$ 3.54 | \$ 25.10 | \$ - | 0.00% |

* The purpose of this table is to aid in the the overall view of the impact of the Capital Recovery Riders and does not include reconciliations and the PCOP.

I am also providing a table reflecting the detailed changes for each Capital Recovery Rider, including the reconciliations. This is attached to my testimony as **Petitioner's Exhibit – Annual Approved Tariffs – MLS**. A summary of the impact for the average residential customer for each of Tennessee American's water rates is attached to my testimony as **Petitioner's Exhibit Average Impact – MLS**.

Q. ARE THE QIIP RIDER, THE EDI RIDER AND THE SEC RIDER STILL IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST?

A. Yes. As I noted at the outset herein, and as outlined by TAWC in much detail and with supporting documentation TPUC Docket No. 13-00130, the QIIP, the EDI and the SEC

1 Riders are mutually beneficial to the ratepayers, the public, and TAWC. Among other
2 things, the Capital Recovery Riders reduce the need for general rate cases, lessen the
3 occurrence of consumer “rate shock,” support the maintenance and improvement of
4 essential infrastructure, support opportunities for successful economic development,
5 growth and job creation, ensure safety and reliability, and allow for more efficient,
6 streamlined regulation. The ratepayers and the public benefit from the safety and reliability
7 components and from the more seamless and timely capital investment in infrastructure,
8 coupled with the related support to economic development, growth and job creation. The
9 Company benefits from a more efficient, streamlined regulatory process that presents
10 TAWC with the opportunity to timely recover its expenses and earn a fair rate of return on
11 its investments. Without the approved alternative rate mechanisms pursuant to Tenn. Code
12 Ann. Section 65-5-103 *et. seq.*, and specifically without the Capital Recovery Riders,
13 TAWC would be preparing another general rate case. Tennessee American understands
14 that the purpose of the new legislation — Tenn. Code Ann. § 65-5-103 *et. seq.*, — was, in
15 part, to encourage an increase in certain types of infrastructure investment and recovery by
16 utilities, while reducing the costs to consumers and utilities for regulatory review and
17 implementation, and promoting rate gradualism for consumers. TAWC believes the
18 approved Capital Recovery Riders are achieving that goal.

19 As reflected in the evidentiary record in TPUC Docket No. 13-00130, the US
20 Environmental Protection Agency and the American Society of Civil Engineers have
21 published reports regarding the significant capital needs for water and wastewater
22 infrastructure in the United States, including here in Tennessee. A substantial portion of
23 TAWC’s distribution infrastructure is between 50 and 100 years old, and TAWC needs to

1 continue to invest in replacing its infrastructure in order to meet its obligation to provide
2 safe, reliable drinking water to its customers. The QIIP Rider is assisting TAWC in
3 responsibly and strategically addressing the systems' infrastructure replacement needs,
4 while helping to increase the time between rate cases and reducing the cost of rate cases to
5 its Customers. As testified to by Company Witness Brent O'Neill, TAWC has strategically
6 focused its efforts on mains with the highest maintenance concerns.

7 As reflected in the evidentiary record in TPUC Docket No. 14-00121, the presence
8 of the new Coca Cola facility in Chattanooga, along with the accompanying jobs and other
9 associated community and public benefits, shows that the EDI Rider is working as intended
10 by the Tennessee General Assembly. Moreover, the Company's cooperative and
11 coordinated efforts with the City of Chattanooga to timely address crucial safety, health
12 and reliability issues, including those identified in the US Environmental Protection
13 Agency's April 2013 Consent Decree issued to the City of Chattanooga requiring
14 improvements to the City's sanitary sewer system, demonstrates that the SEC Rider is
15 serving our Customers and the public interest as anticipated.

16 As it pledged to do when it first submitted the Capital Recovery Riders for review
17 and consideration by the agency in TPUC Docket No. 13-00130, TAWC has been able to
18 partner with the community to promote economic development, which we believe to be
19 consistent with Tenn. Code Ann. § 65-5-103 *et. seq.*, consistent with the approved QIIP
20 Rider, EDI Rider, and SEC Rider, and in the public interest. Under the Commission's
21 oversight and within the safeguards set forth in the approved tariffs, TAWC has been able
22 to increase infrastructure replacement and meet environmental compliance needs on a
23 timely basis, which we believe to be in the public interest.

1 **Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY CHANGES IN MARKET CONDITION OR OTHER**
2 **FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT WHETHER THESE RIDERS ARE STILL IN**
3 **THE PUBLIC INTEREST?**

4 A. No, I am not.

5 **Q. WHAT DO YOU RECOMMEND WITH REGARD TO THIS PETITION?**

6 A. I recommend that the Petition be approved for the increase in the QIIP, EDI and SEC
7 Riders, effective January 1, 2019.

8 **Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?**

9 A. Yes. I reserve the ability to submit further testimony as is appropriate.

10

Tennessee American Water Company
Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program (QIIP)
Economic Development Investment Rider (EDI)
Safety and Environmental Compliance Rider (SEC)
Summary Page

| Line Number | Rate Mechanism | a | | b | | c | d = b+c | e = a+c | | |
|-------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|---|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| | | Proposed Revenue Requirement* | Percentage Applied to Bill* | Revenue Requirement as Authorized - 2018 (1) | Percentage Applied to Bill as Authorized (1) | Impact of Proposed Adjustments on Revenue Requirement | Impact of Proposed Adjustments on Bill Percentage | 2019 TCJA Credit at -4.57% | Total Impact of Proposed Adjustments and TCJA Credit on Bill | Total Percentage Applied to Bill After TCJA Credit |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | QIIP | \$ 6,024,341 | 12.80% | \$ 4,730,639 | 10.05% | \$ 1,293,703 | 2.75% | -2.75% | 0.00% | 10.05% |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | EDI | 320,794 | 0.68% | 194,545 | 0.41% | 126,249 | 0.27% | -0.27% | 0.00% | 0.41% |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | SEC | 3,537,646 | 7.52% | 2,809,385 | 5.97% | 728,261 | 1.55% | -1.55% | 0.00% | 5.97% |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Total | \$ 9,882,782 | 21.00% | \$ 7,734,569 | 16.43% | \$ 2,148,212 | 4.57% | -4.57% | 0.00% | 16.43% |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | | |

*Includes Def. Tax, Accum. Depreciation, Forfeited Discount Gross Up

(1) From prior docket #17-00124 order that approved the capital rider surcharges

5/8" Meter and Usage of 5.55 CCF (or 41.54 100 Gallons)

[illegible]

**Tennessee American Water
Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program (QIIP)
Calculation of QIIP Revenue Requirement**

| Line Number | Description | QIIP Company Totals |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Additions Subject to QIIP: | \$ 49,542,272 |
| 2 | Plus: Cost of Removal less Salvage | 6,795,685 |
| 3 | Less: Contributions in Aid to Construction (CIAC) | 2,284,346 |
| 4 | Less: Deferred Income Taxes | 565,451 |
| 5 | Less: Accumulated Depreciation | 2,575,012 |
| 6 | Net Investment Supplied QIIP Additions: | <u>\$ 50,913,147</u> |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | Pre-Tax Rate of Return: | 8.45145% |
| 9 | Pre-Tax Return on Additions: | <u>\$ 4,302,900</u> |
| 10 | | |
| 11 | Depreciation Expense on QIIP Additions: | 959,335 |
| 12 | | |
| 13 | Operational Expenses Related to QIIP | - |
| 14 | | |
| 15 | Property and Franchise Taxes Associated with QIIP: | <u>574,282</u> |
| 16 | | |
| 17 | QIIP Revenues: | <u>\$ 5,836,517</u> |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | Revenue Taxes | 3.191% |
| 20 | QIIP Revenues with Revenue Taxes | <u>\$ 6,028,900</u> |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | QIIP APP Revenue Reduction | <u>(4,558)</u> |
| 23 | | |
| 24 | Total QIIP Revenues with Revenue Taxes & APP Reduction | <u><u>\$ 6,024,341</u></u> |
| 25 | | |
| 26 | Service Charge and Volumetric Revenues as Per Docket No. 12-00049 | <u><u>\$ 47,073,724</u></u> |
| 27 | | |
| 28 | QIIP Percentage to Apply to Bill: | <u><u>12.80%</u></u> |
| 29 | | |

**Tennessee American Water Company
Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program (QIIP)
Investment Worksheet**

[illegible]

Tennessee American Water Company
Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program (QIIP)
Investment Worksheet

| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | B | C |
|--------|-----------------------------|--|---------------|----------------|----------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| | | QIIP | | | | =Col 1 + Col 2 | | | |
| Line # | Investment by Plant Account | Account Description | Additions | Retirements | CIAC | Net Investments (for Property Tax Calculation) | Cost of Removal Net of Salvage | Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes | Accumulated Depreciation |
| 41 | 331001 | Transmission & Distribution Mains | | | | | | | |
| 42 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 19,453,797 | \$ (1,171,172) | \$ (2,133,047) | \$ 18,282,626 | \$ 1,228,731 | \$ (428,242) | \$ (501,342) |
| 43 | Investment Projects | | 2,414,209 | - | - | 2,414,209 | - | (20,688) | (17,410) |
| 44 | Total QIP | | \$ 21,868,006 | \$ (1,171,172) | \$ (2,133,047) | \$ 20,696,835 | \$ 1,228,731 | \$ (448,930) | \$ (518,752) |
| 45 | | | | | | | | | |
| 46 | 333000 | Services | | | | | | | |
| 47 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 3,638,217 | \$ (122,451) | \$ (29,876.59) | \$ 3,515,766 | \$ 908,872 | \$ (81,262) | \$ (93,389) |
| 48 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 49 | Total QIP | | \$ 3,638,217 | \$ (122,451) | \$ (29,877) | \$ 3,515,766 | \$ 908,872 | \$ (81,262) | \$ (93,389) |
| 50 | | | | | | | | | |
| 51 | 334100 | Meters | | | | | | | |
| 52 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 1,288,164 | \$ (3,421,270) | \$ - | \$ (2,133,106) | \$ 410,752 | \$ (55,613) | \$ 125,183 |
| 53 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 54 | Total QIP | | \$ 1,288,164 | \$ (3,421,270) | \$ - | \$ (2,133,106) | \$ 410,752 | \$ (55,613) | \$ 125,183 |
| 55 | | | | | | | | | |
| 56 | 334200 | Meter Installations | | | | | | | |
| 57 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 7,629,951 | \$ (957,191) | \$ - | \$ 6,672,761 | \$ 1,392,981 | \$ (72,343) | \$ (358,513) |
| 58 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 59 | Total QIP | | \$ 7,629,951 | \$ (957,191) | \$ - | \$ 6,672,761 | \$ 1,392,981 | \$ (72,343) | \$ (358,513) |
| 60 | | | | | | | | | |
| 61 | 335000 | Hydrants | | | | | | | |
| 62 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 1,425,916 | \$ (169,414) | \$ (121,423) | \$ 1,256,502 | \$ 49,875 | \$ (22,311) | \$ (63,700) |
| 63 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 64 | Total QIP | | \$ 1,425,916 | \$ (169,414) | \$ (121,423) | \$ 1,256,502 | \$ 49,875 | \$ (22,311) | \$ (63,700) |
| 65 | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | 346190 | Hydrants | | | | | | | |
| 67 | Recurring Projects | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 68 | Investment Projects | | 207,335 | - | - | 207,335 | - | 171 | (17,131) |
| 69 | Total QIP | | \$ 207,335 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 207,335 | \$ - | \$ 171 | \$ (17,131) |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | Expense: | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 73 | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 74 | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 75 | Total | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 76 | | | | | | | | | |
| 77 | Total | | \$ 49,542,272 | \$ (7,036,604) | \$ (2,284,346) | \$ 42,505,668 | \$ 6,795,685 | \$ (565,451) | \$ (2,575,012) |

Tennessee American Water Company
Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program (QIIP)
Investment Worksheet

| | | | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | QIIP | =Cols 1 + 3 + 5 + B + C | =Col 6 x 8.451452% | =(Col 1+2+3)x Depreciation Rate | =(Col 4 x Prop Tax Rate) + (Col 4 x Franchise Rate) | | =Cols 7 + 8 + 9 + 10 | = Col 11 / (1 - 3.191%) |
| Line # | Investment by Plant Account | Account Description | Earnings Basis Net Investment (Rate Base) | Earnings Basis x Pre-Tax Return (PTR) | Depreciation Expense | Property Tax & Franchise Fees | Operational Expenses | Total Before Revenue Tax | Total With Revenue Tax |
| 41 | 331001 | Transmission & Distribution Mains | | | | | | | |
| 42 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 17,619,898 | \$ 1,489,137 | \$ 201,870 | \$ 247,011 | \$ - | \$ 1,938,018 | \$ 2,001,899 |
| 43 | Investment Projects | | 2,376,111 | 200,816 | 30,178 | 32,618 | - | 263,611 | 272,300 |
| 44 | Total QIP | | \$ 19,996,009 | \$ 1,689,953 | \$ 232,047 | \$ 279,629 | \$ - | \$ 2,201,630 | \$ 2,274,199 |
| 45 | | | | | | | | | |
| 46 | 333000 | Services | | | | | | | |
| 47 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 4,342,563 | \$ 367,010 | \$ 38,693 | \$ 47,501 | \$ - | \$ 453,204 | \$ 468,142 |
| 48 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 49 | Total QIP | | \$ 4,342,563 | \$ 367,010 | \$ 38,693 | \$ 47,501 | \$ - | \$ 453,204 | \$ 468,142 |
| 50 | | | | | | | | | |
| 51 | 334100 | Meters | | | | | | | |
| 52 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 1,768,486 | \$ 149,463 | \$ (159,343) | \$ (28,820) | \$ - | \$ (38,700) | \$ (39,976) |
| 53 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 54 | Total QIP | | \$ 1,768,486 | \$ 149,463 | \$ (159,343) | \$ (28,820) | \$ - | \$ (38,700) | \$ (39,976) |
| 55 | | | | | | | | | |
| 56 | 334200 | Meter Installations | | | | | | | |
| 57 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 8,592,076 | \$ 726,155 | \$ 182,166 | \$ 90,154 | \$ - | \$ 998,475 | \$ 1,031,387 |
| 58 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 59 | Total QIP | | \$ 8,592,076 | \$ 726,155 | \$ 182,166 | \$ 90,154 | \$ - | \$ 998,475 | \$ 1,031,387 |
| 60 | | | | | | | | | |
| 61 | 335000 | Hydrants | | | | | | | |
| 62 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 1,268,357 | \$ 107,195 | \$ 26,107 | \$ 16,976 | \$ - | \$ 150,278 | \$ 155,231 |
| 63 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 64 | Total QIP | | \$ 1,268,357 | \$ 107,195 | \$ 26,107 | \$ 16,976 | \$ - | \$ 150,278 | \$ 155,231 |
| 65 | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | 346190 | Hydrants | | | | | | | |
| 67 | Recurring Projects | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 68 | Investment Projects | | 190,375 | 16,089 | 8,729 | 2,801 | - | 27,620 | 28,530 |
| 69 | Total QIP | | \$ 190,375 | \$ 16,089 | \$ 8,729 | \$ 2,801 | \$ - | \$ 27,620 | \$ 28,530 |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | |
| 71 | Expense: | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 73 | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 74 | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 75 | Total | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 76 | | | | | | | | | |
| 77 | Total | | \$ 50,913,147 | \$ 4,302,900 | \$ 959,335 | \$ 574,282 | \$ - | \$ 5,836,517 | \$ 6,028,900 |

**Tennessee American Water
Economic Development Investment (EDI)
Calculation of EDI Revenue Requirement**

| Line Number | Description | EDI Company Totals |
|-------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Additions Subject to EDI: | \$ 2,893,001 |
| 2 | Plus: Cost of Removal less Salvage | 1,904 |
| 3 | Less: Contributions in Aid to Construction (CIAC) | 22,345 |
| 4 | Less: Deferred Income Taxes | 44,119 |
| 5 | Less: Accumulated Depreciation | 72,280 |
| 6 | Net Investment Supplied EDI Additions: | <u>\$ 2,756,162</u> |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | Pre-Tax Rate of Return: | 8.45145% |
| 9 | Pre-Tax Return on Additions: | <u>\$ 232,936</u> |
| 10 | | |
| 11 | Depreciation Expense on EDI Additions: | 38,723 |
| 12 | | |
| 13 | Operational Expenses Related to EDI | - |
| 14 | | |
| 15 | Property and Franchise Taxes Associated with EDI: | <u>39,062</u> |
| 16 | | |
| 17 | EDI Revenues: | <u>\$ 310,721</u> |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | Revenue Taxes | 3.191% |
| 20 | EDI Revenues with Revenue Taxes | <u>\$ 320,963</u> |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | EDI APP Revenue Reduction | <u>(168)</u> |
| 23 | | |
| 24 | Total EDI Revenues with Revenue Taxes & APP Reduction | <u><u>\$ 320,794</u></u> |
| 25 | | |
| 26 | Service Charge and Volumetric Revenues as Per Docket No. 12-00049 | <u><u>\$ 47,073,724</u></u> |
| 27 | | |
| 28 | EDI Percentage to Apply to Bill: | <u><u>0.68%</u></u> |
| 29 | | |

**Tennessee American Water Company
Economic Development Investment (EDI)
Investment Worksheet**

[illegible]

**Tennessee American Water
Safety and Environmental Compliance (SEC)
Calculation of SEC Revenue Requirement**

| Line Number | Description | SEC Company Totals |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Additions Subject to SEC: | \$ 27,467,267 |
| 2 | Plus: Cost of Removal less Salvage | 2,974,425 |
| 3 | Less: Contributions in Aid to Construction (CIAC) | - |
| 4 | Less: Deferred Income Taxes | 594,534 |
| 5 | Less: Accumulated Depreciation | 2,095,219 |
| 6 | Net Investment Supplied SEC Additions: | <u>\$ 27,751,939</u> |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | Pre-Tax Rate of Return: | 8.45145% |
| 9 | Pre-Tax Return on Additions: | <u>\$ 2,345,442</u> |
| 10 | | |
| 11 | Depreciation Expense on SEC Additions: | 736,617 |
| 12 | | |
| 13 | Operational Expenses Related to SEC | - |
| 14 | | |
| 15 | Property and Franchise Taxes Associated with SEC: | <u>347,250</u> |
| 16 | | |
| 17 | SEC Revenues: | <u>\$ 3,429,309</u> |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | Revenue Taxes | 3.191% |
| 20 | SEC Revenues with Revenue Taxes | <u>\$ 3,542,345</u> |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | SEC APP Revenue Reduction | <u>(4,700)</u> |
| 23 | | |
| 24 | SEC Revenues with Revenue Taxes & APP Reduction | <u><u>\$ 3,537,646</u></u> |
| 25 | | |
| 26 | Service Charge and Volumetric Revenues as Per Docket No. 12-00049 | <u><u>\$ 47,073,724</u></u> |
| 27 | | |
| 28 | SEC Percentage to Apply to Bill: | <u><u>7.52%</u></u> |
| 29 | | |

**Tennessee American Water Company
Safety and Environmental Compliance (SEC)
Investment Worksheet**

[illegible]

**Tennessee American Water Company
Safety and Environmental Compliance (SEC)
Investment Worksheet**

[illegible]

Tennessee American Water Company
Safety and Environmental Compliance (SEC)
Investment Worksheet

| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | B | C |
|--------|--|--|---------------|----------------|------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | SEC | | | | =Col 1 + Col 2 | | | |
| Line # | Investment by Plant Account | Account Description | Additions | Retirements | CIAC | Net Investments (for Property Tax Calculation) | Cost of Removal Net of Salvage | Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes | Accumulated Depreciation |
| 106 | 343000 | Tools, Shop, Garage Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 107 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 4,127 | \$ (3,416) | \$ - | \$ 711 | \$ - | \$ (90) | \$ (140) |
| 108 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 109 | Total QIP | | \$ 4,127 | \$ (3,416) | \$ - | \$ 711 | \$ - | \$ (90) | \$ (140) |
| 110 | | | | | | | | | |
| 111 | 344000 | Laboratory Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 112 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 6,138 | \$ (150,505) | \$ - | \$ (144,367) | \$ 1,535 | \$ (2,421) | \$ 6,775 |
| 113 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 114 | Total QIP | | \$ 6,138 | \$ (150,505) | \$ - | \$ (144,367) | \$ 1,535 | \$ (2,421) | \$ 6,775 |
| 115 | | | | | | | | | |
| 116 | 345000 | Power Operated Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 117 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 51,973 | \$ (14,251) | \$ - | \$ 37,722 | \$ 2,117 | \$ 1,080 | \$ (9,977) |
| 118 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 119 | Total QIP | | \$ 51,973 | \$ (14,251) | \$ - | \$ 37,722 | \$ 2,117 | \$ 1,080 | \$ (9,977) |
| 120 | | | | | | | | | |
| 121 | 346100 | Comm Equip Non-Telephone | | | | | | | |
| 122 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 35,018 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 35,018 | \$ - | \$ (8,601) | \$ (8,556) |
| 123 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 124 | Total QIP | | \$ 35,018 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 35,018 | \$ - | \$ (8,601) | \$ (8,556) |
| 125 | | | | | | | | | |
| 126 | 346190 | Remote Control & Instrument | | | | | | | |
| 127 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 953,473 | \$ (109,284) | \$ - | \$ 844,189 | \$ 63,645 | \$ (190,507) | \$ (99,979) |
| 128 | Investment Projects | | 286,295 | - | - | 286,295 | - | 236 | (19,007) |
| 129 | Total | | \$ 1,239,768 | \$ (109,284) | \$ - | \$ 1,130,484 | \$ 63,645 | \$ (190,271) | \$ (118,986) |
| 130 | | | | | | | | | |
| 131 | 347000 | Misc Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 132 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 9,763 | \$ (4,756) | \$ - | \$ 5,007 | \$ 3,990 | \$ 119 | \$ (1,578) |
| 133 | Investment Projects | | 5,946 | - | - | 5,946 | - | 174 | (2,478) |
| 134 | Total | | \$ 15,709 | \$ (4,756) | \$ - | \$ 10,953 | \$ 3,990 | \$ 293 | \$ (4,057) |
| 135 | | | | | | | | | |
| 136 | Expense: | | | | | | | | |
| 137 | Chemical Expense for WasteWater handling: | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 138 | Electric Power Expense for Wasterwater handling: | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 139 | Hauling Expense for Wasterwater handling: | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 140 | Total | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 141 | | | | | | | | | |
| 142 | Total | | \$ 27,467,267 | \$ (1,765,469) | \$ - | \$ 25,701,798 | \$ 2,974,425 | \$ (594,534) | \$ (2,095,219) |

**Tennessee American Water Company
Safety and Environmental Compliance (SEC)
Investment Worksheet**

| | | | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|--------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| SEC | | | =Cols 1 + 3 + 5 + B + C | =Col 6 x 8.451452% | =(Col 1+2+3)x Depreciation Rate | =(Col 4 x Prop Tax Rate) + (Col 4 x Franchise Rate) | | =Cols 7 + 8 + 9 + 10 | = Col 11 / (1 - 3.191%) |
| Line # | Investment by Plant Account | Account Description | Earnings Basis Net Investment (Rate Base) | Earnings Basis x Pre-Tax Return (PTR) | Depreciation Expense | Property Tax & Franchise Fees | Operational Expenses | Total Before Revenue Tax | Total With Revenue Tax |
| 1 | 304100 | Structures & Improvement-Supply | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 850,701 | \$ 71,897 | \$ 17,633 | \$ 12,032 | \$ - | \$ 101,562 | \$ 104,909 |
| 3 | Investment Projects | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Total QIP | | \$ 850,701 | \$ 71,897 | \$ 17,633 | \$ 12,032 | \$ - | \$ 101,562 | \$ 104,909 |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 304200 | Structures & Improvement-Pump | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 1,040,810 | \$ 87,964 | \$ 19,909 | \$ 13,585 | \$ - | \$ 121,457 | \$ 125,461 |
| 8 | Investment Projects | | 243,636 | 20,591 | (290) | (198) | - | 20,104 | 20,766 |
| 9 | Total QIP | | \$ 1,284,446 | \$ 108,554 | \$ 19,619 | \$ 13,387 | \$ - | \$ 141,561 | \$ 146,227 |
| 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 304300 | Structures & Improvement-WT | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 658,173 | \$ 55,625 | \$ 27,140 | \$ 8,922 | \$ - | \$ 91,686 | \$ 94,708 |
| 13 | Investment Projects | | 5,326,447 | 450,162 | 167,991 | 55,223 | - | 673,376 | 695,572 |
| 14 | Total QIP | | \$ 5,984,620 | \$ 505,787 | \$ 195,130 | \$ 64,145 | \$ - | \$ 765,062 | \$ 790,280 |
| 15 | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | 304400 | Structures & Improvement-T&D | | | | | | | |
| 17 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 103,482 | \$ 8,746 | \$ 2,328 | \$ 1,477 | \$ - | \$ 12,550 | \$ 12,964 |
| 18 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 19 | Total QIP | | \$ 103,482 | \$ 8,746 | \$ 2,328 | \$ 1,477 | \$ - | \$ 12,550 | \$ 12,964 |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | 304500 | Structures & Improvement - General | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 79,609 | \$ 6,728 | \$ 937 | \$ 1,120 | \$ - | \$ 8,785 | \$ 9,075 |
| 23 | Investment Projects | | 755,963 | 63,890 | 12,005 | 14,354 | - | 90,249 | 93,224 |
| 24 | Total QIP | | \$ 835,572 | \$ 70,618 | \$ 12,942 | \$ 15,474 | \$ - | \$ 99,034 | \$ 102,299 |
| 25 | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | 304600 | Struc & Imp-Offices | | | | | | | |
| 27 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 9,417 | \$ 796 | \$ 106 | \$ 127 | \$ - | \$ 1,030 | \$ 1,063 |
| 28 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 29 | Total QIP | | \$ 9,417 | \$ 796 | \$ 106 | \$ 127 | \$ - | \$ 1,030 | \$ 1,063 |
| 30 | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | 304700 | Struct & Imp-Store,Shop,Garage | | | | | | | |
| 32 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 155 | \$ 13 | \$ (57) | \$ (106) | \$ - | \$ (151) | \$ (156) |
| 33 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 34 | Total QIP | | \$ 155 | \$ 13 | \$ (57) | \$ (106) | \$ - | \$ (151) | \$ (156) |
| 35 | | | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 306000 | Lake, River & Other Intakes | | | | | | | |
| 37 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 29,229 | \$ 2,470 | \$ 252 | \$ 410 | \$ - | \$ 3,133 | \$ 3,236 |
| 38 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 39 | Total QIP | | \$ 29,229 | \$ 2,470 | \$ 252 | \$ 410 | \$ - | \$ 3,133 | \$ 3,236 |
| 40 | | | | | | | | | |
| 41 | 309000 | Supply Mains | | | | | | | |
| 42 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 8,656 | \$ 732 | \$ 184 | \$ 133 | \$ - | \$ 1,049 | \$ 1,084 |
| 43 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 44 | Total QIP | | \$ 8,656 | \$ 732 | \$ 184 | \$ 133 | \$ - | \$ 1,049 | \$ 1,084 |
| 45 | | | | | | | | | |

**Tennessee American Water Company
Safety and Environmental Compliance (SEC)
Investment Worksheet**

| | | | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|--------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| SEC | | | =Cols 1 + 3 + 5 + B + C | =Col 6 x 8.451452% | =(Col 1+2+3)x Depreciation Rate | =(Col 4 x Prop Tax Rate) + (Col 4 x Franchise Rate) | | =Cols 7 + 8 + 9 + 10 | = Col 11 / (1 - 3.191%) |
| Line # | Investment by Plant Account | Account Description | Earnings Basis Net Investment (Rate Base) | Earnings Basis x Pre-Tax Return (PTR) | Depreciation Expense | Property Tax & Franchise Fees | Operational Expenses | Total Before Revenue Tax | Total With Revenue Tax |
| 46 | 310000 | Power Generation Equip | | | | | | | |
| 47 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 26,563 | \$ 2,245 | \$ 5,324 | \$ 583 | \$ - | \$ 8,152 | \$ 8,421 |
| 48 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 49 | Total QIP | | \$ 26,563 | \$ 2,245 | \$ 5,324 | \$ 583 | \$ - | \$ 8,152 | \$ 8,421 |
| 50 | | | | | | | | | |
| 51 | 311200 | Pump Eqp Electric | | | | | | | |
| 52 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 103,893 | \$ 8,780 | \$ (2,773) | \$ (1,529) | \$ - | \$ 4,479 | \$ 4,626 |
| 53 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 54 | Total QIP | | \$ 103,893 | \$ 8,780 | \$ (2,773) | \$ (1,529) | \$ - | \$ 4,479 | \$ 4,626 |
| 55 | | | | | | | | | |
| 56 | 311520 | Pumping Equipment SOS | | | | | | | |
| 57 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 2,059,493 | \$ 174,057 | \$ 37,891 | \$ 27,974 | \$ - | \$ 239,922 | \$ 247,831 |
| 58 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 59 | Total QIP | | \$ 2,059,493 | \$ 174,057 | \$ 37,891 | \$ 27,974 | \$ - | \$ 239,922 | \$ 247,831 |
| 60 | | | | | | | | | |
| 61 | 320100 | WT Equip Non-Media | | | | | | | |
| 62 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 3,666,513 | \$ 309,874 | \$ 31,265 | \$ 38,753 | \$ - | \$ 379,891 | \$ 392,413 |
| 63 | Investment Projects | | 10,043,568 | 848,827 | 116,022 | 143,811 | - | 1,108,660 | 1,145,204 |
| 64 | Total QIP | | \$ 13,710,081 | \$ 1,158,701 | \$ 147,287 | \$ 182,564 | \$ - | \$ 1,488,551 | \$ 1,537,617 |
| 65 | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 | 320200 | Water Trmt Equip Filter Media | | | | | | | |
| 67 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 1,147,408 | \$ 96,973 | \$ 238,198 | \$ 9,552 | \$ - | \$ 344,723 | \$ 356,086 |
| 68 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 69 | Total QIP | | \$ 1,147,408 | \$ 96,973 | \$ 238,198 | \$ 9,552 | \$ - | \$ 344,723 | \$ 356,086 |
| 70 | | | | | | | | | |
| 76 | 330200 | Ground Level Tanks | | | | | | | |
| 77 | Recurring Projects | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 78 | Investment Projects | | 291,723 | 24,655 | 6,923 | 3,414 | - | 34,991 | 36,144 |
| 79 | Total QIP | | \$ 291,723 | \$ 24,655 | \$ 6,923 | \$ 3,414 | \$ - | \$ 34,991 | \$ 36,144 |
| 80 | | | | | | | | | |
| 91 | 340200 | Computer & Peripheral Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 92 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 63,467 | \$ 5,364 | \$ 1,721 | \$ 1,061 | \$ - | \$ 8,146 | \$ 8,414 |
| 93 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 94 | Total QIP | | \$ 63,467 | \$ 5,364 | \$ 1,721 | \$ 1,061 | \$ - | \$ 8,146 | \$ 8,414 |
| 95 | | | | | | | | | |
| 96 | 340300 | Computer Software | | | | | | | |
| 97 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 124,563 | \$ 10,527 | \$ 2,279 | \$ 1,683 | \$ - | \$ 14,490 | \$ 14,967 |
| 98 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 99 | Total QIP | | \$ 124,563 | \$ 10,527 | \$ 2,279 | \$ 1,683 | \$ - | \$ 14,490 | \$ 14,967 |
| 100 | | | | | | | | | |
| 101 | 340330 | Computer Software Other | | | | | | | |
| 102 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 1,224 | \$ 103 | \$ 22 | \$ 17 | \$ - | \$ 142 | \$ 147 |
| 103 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 104 | Total QIP | | \$ 1,224 | \$ 103 | \$ 22 | \$ 17 | \$ - | \$ 142 | \$ 147 |
| 105 | | | | | | | | | |

Tennessee American Water Company
Safety and Environmental Compliance (SEC)
Investment Worksheet

| | | | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|--------|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | =Col 1 + 3 + 5 + B + C | =Col 6 x 8.451452% | =(Col 1+2+3)x Depreciation Rate | =(Col 4 x Prop Tax Rate) + (Col 4 x Franchise Rate) | | =Col 7 + 8 + 9 + 10 | = Col 11 / (1 - 3.191%) |
| | SEC | | | | | | | | |
| Line # | Investment by Plant Account | Account Description | Earnings Basis Net Investment (Rate Base) | Earnings Basis x Pre-Tax Return (PTR) | Depreciation Expense | Property Tax & Franchise Fees | Operational Expenses | Total Before Revenue Tax | Total With Revenue Tax |
| 106 | 343000 | Tools, Shop, Garage Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 107 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 3,897 | \$ 329 | \$ 49 | \$ 10 | \$ - | \$ 388 | \$ 401 |
| 108 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 109 | Total QIP | | \$ 3,897 | \$ 329 | \$ 49 | \$ 10 | \$ - | \$ 388 | \$ 401 |
| 110 | | | | | | | | | |
| 111 | 344000 | Laboratory Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 112 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 12,027 | \$ 1,016 | \$ (1,458) | \$ (1,951) | \$ - | \$ (2,392) | \$ (2,471) |
| 113 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 114 | Total QIP | | \$ 12,027 | \$ 1,016 | \$ (1,458) | \$ (1,951) | \$ - | \$ (2,392) | \$ (2,471) |
| 115 | | | | | | | | | |
| 116 | 345000 | Power Operated Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 117 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 45,193 | \$ 3,819 | \$ 2,652 | \$ 510 | \$ - | \$ 6,981 | \$ 7,211 |
| 118 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 119 | Total QIP | | \$ 45,193 | \$ 3,819 | \$ 2,652 | \$ 510 | \$ - | \$ 6,981 | \$ 7,211 |
| 120 | | | | | | | | | |
| 121 | 346100 | Comm Equip Non-Telephone | | | | | | | |
| 122 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 17,860 | \$ 1,509 | \$ 1,474 | \$ 473 | \$ - | \$ 3,457 | \$ 3,571 |
| 123 | Investment Projects | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 124 | Total QIP | | \$ 17,860 | \$ 1,509 | \$ 1,474 | \$ 473 | \$ - | \$ 3,457 | \$ 3,571 |
| 125 | | | | | | | | | |
| 126 | 346190 | Remote Control & Instrument | | | | | | | |
| 127 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 726,632 | \$ 61,411 | \$ 35,540 | \$ 11,406 | \$ - | \$ 108,357 | \$ 111,929 |
| 128 | Investment Projects | | 267,524 | 22,610 | 12,053 | 3,868 | - | 38,531 | 39,801 |
| 129 | Total | | \$ 994,156 | \$ 84,021 | \$ 47,593 | \$ 15,274 | \$ - | \$ 146,888 | \$ 151,729 |
| 130 | | | | | | | | | |
| 131 | 347000 | Misc Equipment | | | | | | | |
| 132 | Recurring Projects | | \$ 12,294 | \$ 1,039 | \$ 317 | \$ 68 | \$ - | \$ 1,424 | \$ 1,470 |
| 133 | Investment Projects | | 3,641 | 308 | 376 | 80 | - | 764 | 790 |
| 134 | Total | | \$ 15,935 | \$ 1,347 | \$ 693 | \$ 148 | \$ - | \$ 2,188 | \$ 2,260 |
| 135 | | | | | | | | | |
| 136 | Expense: | | | | | | | | |
| 137 | Chemical Expense for WasteWater handling: | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 138 | Electric Power Expense for Wasterwater handling: | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 139 | Hauling Expense for Wasterwater handling: | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 140 | Total | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 141 | | | | | | | | | |
| 142 | Total | | \$ 27,751,939 | \$ 2,345,442 | \$ 736,617 | \$ 347,250 | \$ - | \$ 3,429,309 | \$ 3,542,345 |

Authorization of Tennessee American Water Capital Recovery Riders
Since Last Rate Case (Docket No. 12-00049)

| TPUC Docket No. | Effective Date | Rider | Authorized Annual Change | Total Cumulative Rider | Reconciliation Authorized | Individual Authorized Rider Total | Capital Riders Cumulative Total | TCJA Offset | Impact to Bill |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 13-00130 | 4/15/2014 | QIIP | 0.790% | 0.790% | 0.000% | 0.790% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.180% | 0.180% | 0.000% | 0.180% | | | |
| | | SEC | 0.110% | 0.110% | 0.000% | 0.110% | | | |
| | | Total | 1.080% | | 0.000% | | 1.080% | 0.00% | 1.080% |
| 14-00121 | 6/30/2015 | QIIP | 1.340% | 2.130% | 0.000% | 2.130% | | | |
| | | EDI | -0.130% | 0.050% | 0.000% | 0.050% | | | |
| | | SEC | 3.430% | 3.540% | 0.000% | 3.540% | | | |
| | | Total | 4.640% | | 0.000% | | 5.720% | 0.00% | 5.720% |
| 15-00029* | 11/1/2015 | QIIP | 0.000% | 2.130% | 0.254% | 2.384% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.000% | 0.050% | -0.150% | -0.100% | | | |
| | | SEC | 0.000% | 3.540% | 0.064% | 3.604% | | | |
| | | Total | 0.000% | 5.720% | 0.168% | | 5.888% | 0.00% | 5.888% |
| 15-00111 | 3/15/2016 | QIIP | 2.430% | 4.560% | 0.000% | 4.560% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.050% | 0.100% | 0.000% | 0.100% | | | |
| | | SEC | 2.180% | 5.720% | 0.000% | 5.720% | | | |
| | | Total | 4.660% | | 0.000% | | 10.380% | 0.00% | 10.380% |
| 16-00022* | 10/11/2016 | QIIP | 0.000% | 4.560% | 1.166% | 5.726% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.000% | 0.100% | -0.178% | -0.078% | | | |
| | | SEC | 0.000% | 5.720% | -0.118% | 5.602% | | | |
| | | Total | 0.000% | | 0.870% | | 11.250% | 0.00% | 11.250% |
| 16-00126 | 3/14/2017 | QIIP | 2.960% | 7.520% | 0.000% | 7.520% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.240% | 0.340% | 0.000% | 0.340% | | | |
| | | SEC | 0.370% | 6.090% | 0.000% | 6.090% | | | |
| | | Total | 3.570% | | 0.000% | | 13.950% | 0.00% | 13.950% |
| 17-00020* | 8/16/2017 | QIIP | 0.000% | 7.520% | 1.763% | 9.283% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.000% | 0.340% | -0.031% | 0.309% | | | |
| | | SEC | 0.000% | 6.090% | -0.826% | 5.264% | | | |
| | | Total | 0.000% | | 0.906% | | 14.856% | 0.00% | 14.856% |
| 17-00124 | 4/10/2018 | QIIP | 2.530% | 10.050% | 0.000% | 10.050% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.070% | 0.410% | 0.000% | 0.410% | | | |
| | | SEC | -0.120% | 5.970% | 0.000% | 5.970% | | | |
| | | Total | 2.480% | | 0.000% | | 16.430% | 0.00% | 16.430% |
| 18-00022* | Pending | QIIP | 0.000% | 10.050% | 2.718% | 12.768% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.000% | 0.410% | -0.045% | 0.365% | | | |
| | | SEC | 0.000% | 5.970% | 0.121% | 6.091% | | | |
| | | Total | 0.000% | | 2.794% | | 19.224% | 0.00% | 19.224% |
| Proposed | 1/1/2019 | QIIP | 2.750% | 12.800% | 0.000% | 12.800% | | | |
| | | EDI | 0.270% | 0.680% | 0.000% | 0.680% | | | |
| | | SEC | 1.550% | 7.520% | 0.000% | 7.520% | | | |
| | | Total | 4.570% | | 0.000% | | 21.000% | -4.57% | 16.430% |

* Reconciliations are only effective until December 31 of the year authorized by the TPUC.

CLASSIFICATION OF SERVICE**ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT PROGRAM – RIDER****1. Applicability**

In addition to the other charges provided for in this Tariff under Service Classifications Residential, Commercial, Industrial, Other Public Authority, Sales for Resale, and Private Fire, a Economic Development Investment Program (“EDI”) Rider will apply to customers in all service areas.

The above rider will be recomputed annually and be adjusted periodically to incorporate the Annual Reconciliation Factor.

2. Definitions

For the purposes of this Rider:

“**Actual EDI Investment Amount**” means the amount of actual capital investment and associated operating expenses of the Company for the Economic Development Investment Program and not otherwise included in current base rates. At the time of the Company’s next general rate case proceeding, all prudently incurred Actual EDI Investment Amounts associated with this Rider shall be included in base rates.

“**Annual Reconciliation Factor**” means an adjustment factor to true-up rates from forecasted costs to the actual costs incurred through application of 1) the Budget-to-Actual Adjustment and 2) the Over-Under Collection Adjustment, and the 3) Earnings Test Adjustment, as adjusted for Interest.

“**Annual Review Period**” means the twelve-month period between the annual adjustments of the EDI Percentage Rate. For the first year beyond the attrition year of the base rate case, this review period may be shorter or longer than a twelve-month period to cover expenditures between the attrition year and the start of the subsequent calendar year.

“**Commission**” means the Tennessee Public Utility Commission.

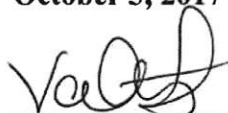
“**Budget-to-Actual Adjustment**” means the adjustment to EDI for the applicable coming annual period due to the difference between the Forecasted EDI Investment and Expense Amount and the Actual EDI Investment and Expense Amount.

(T) Denotes Change in text

ISSUED: October 3, 2017

EFFECTIVE: November 2, 2017

BY:



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PRESIDENT**

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Chattanooga, Tennessee 37403**

"Consumer Advocate" means the Consumer Advocate and Protection Division of the Office of the Tennessee Attorney General.

"Forecasted EDI Investment Amount" means the amount of forecasted capital investment of the Company for the Economic Development Investment Program and not otherwise included in current base rates.

(T) **"Over-Under Collection Adjustment"** means the adjustment to EDI for the applicable coming annual period due to the net amount of over or under collections. This will include over-under collections from the annual review period EDI and any remaining balance of the over-under collection from the prior reconciliation of the EDI.

"Relevant Rate Order" means the final order of the Commission in the most recent rate case of the Company fixing the rates of the Company or the most recent final order of the Commission specifically prescribing or fixing the factors and procedures to be used in the application of this Rider.

3. General Description

EDI allows the Company to recover outside of a rate case its qualifying incremental non-revenue producing plant infrastructure investment and expenses. For purposes of this Rider, qualifying EDI investment includes the following:

Distribution, Production, and Other Infrastructure – Distribution, production, and other infrastructure that may be identified as being for the purpose of economic development.

Economic Development Expenses – Operational expenses that are specifically to support economic development and economic development investment utility plant.

EDI Investment is to be identifiable on the Company's books and segregated into the following general accounts:

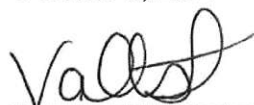
Account 331 – Transmission & Distribution Mains;
Account 333 – Services;
Account 334 – Meters & Meter Installations;
Account 335 – Hydrants;
Account 320 – Water Treatment Equipment, Non-Media;
Account 311 – Pumping Equipment;
Account 303 – Land and Land Rights;
Account 304 – Structures and Improvements;

(T) Denotes Change in text

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BY:



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TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

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Third Revised Sheet No. 12-EDI-3

Account 306 – Lake, River and Other Intakes;
 Account 307 – Wells and Springs;
 Account 309 – Supply Mains;
 Account 310 – Power Generation Equipment;
 Account 330 – Distribution Reservoirs and Standpipes; and
 Account 330003 – Capitalized Tank Painting.

4. Determination of the Economic Development Investment Program Percentage Rate

- (A) The EDI percentage shall be expressed as a percentage carried to two (2) decimal places. The EDI percentage shall be applied to the total amount billed to each Customer based on the Company's otherwise applicable rates and charges.
- (B) The EDI percentage shall be calculated on an annual prospective basis as follows:

FORECASTED EDI Investment Amount

Less EDI Plant Retirements (Net of Cost of Removal & Salvage)
 Less Contributions in Aid of Construction
 Less Accumulated Depreciation
Less Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes

Net Forecasted EDI Qualifying Investment

Multiplied by the Pre-Tax ROR set forth in the Relevant Rate Order

Allowed Forecasted EDI Pre-Tax Return

Plus Depreciation Expense
 Plus Property Taxes
 Plus Franchise Taxes
Plus Economic Development Operational Expenses

Subtotal Forecasted EDI Revenue Requirement Before Revenue Tax

Divided by 1 minus the following:

Forfeited Discounts Rate
 Plus Uncollectible Expense Rate
Plus Gross Receipts Tax Rate

Total Forecasted EDI Revenue Requirement

(T) Denotes Change in text

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 Chattanooga, Tennessee 37403**

 Divided by Relevant Rate Order Volumetric & Metered Revenue

EDI Percentage Rate

Where:

Accumulated Depreciation = Accumulated depreciation calculated by debiting for Forecasted EDI plant removed from service, and crediting for new accumulations using rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order on new investments, less retirements and CIAC.

Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes = An average of the forecasted accumulated deferred income taxes related to qualified forecasted EDI investment at the beginning and end of the year.

Contributions in Aid of Construction = Non-investor supplied funds used in the construction of forecasted EDI infrastructure.

Depreciation Expense = Forecasted cumulative qualified EDI investment net of retirements and CIAC, multiplied by depreciation rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Forfeited Discount Rate = Forecasted EDI Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite forfeited discount factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Franchise Taxes = Forecasted cumulative qualified EDI investment multiplied by composite franchise tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Gross Receipts Tax Rate = Forecasted EDI Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite gross receipts tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Property Taxes = Forecasted cumulative qualified EDI investment multiplied by composite property tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

EDI Plant Retirements = Forecasted EDI plant removed from service net of any associated cost of removal and salvage.

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Forecasted EDI Investment Amount = Average forecasted EDI additions to plant infrastructure as described in Section 3, computed by use of average of 12 end-of-month balances.

Economic Development Expenses = the incremental operational expenses that are specifically to support economic development or economic development utility plant.

Uncollectible Expense = Forecasted EDI Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite uncollectible factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Volumetric & Metered Revenue = the revenues authorized in the Relevant Rate Order for volumetric water sales, meter charges, and private fire service charges.

- (C) The total amount to be recovered through the EDI is the EDI Percentage Rate as adjusted for the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate.

5. Determination of the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate

- (A) The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage shall be expressed as a percentage carried to two (2) decimal places. The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage shall be applied to the total amount billed to each Customer based on the Company's otherwise applicable rates and charges.

- (B) The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate will be computed as follows:

Budget-to-Actual Adjustment

Plus Over-Under Collection Adjustment

Plus Earnings Test Adjustment

Plus Interest

Annual Reconciliation Amount

Divided by 9/12 of the Relevant Rate Order Volumetric & Metered Revenue

Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate

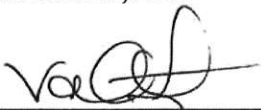
- (C) Computation of the Budget-to-Actual Adjustment.

(T) Denotes Change in text

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TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

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Third Revised Sheet No. 12-EDI-6

The Budget-to-Actual Adjustment will be computed as follows:

ACTUAL EDI Investment Amount for the Annual Review Period
 Less EDI Plant Retirements (Net of Cost of Removal & Salvage)
 Less Contributions in Aid of Construction
 Less Accumulated Depreciation
Less Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes
 Net Actual EDI Qualifying Investment

Multiplied by the Pre-Tax ROR set forth in the Relevant Rate Order

Allowed Actual EDI Pre-Tax Return
 Plus Depreciation Expense
 Plus Property Taxes
 Plus Franchise Taxes
Plus Economic Development Operational Expenses
 Subtotal Actual EDI Revenue Requirement Before Revenue Tax

Divided by 1 minus the following:

Forfeited Discounts Rate
 Plus Uncollectible Expense Rate
Plus Gross Receipts Tax Rate
 Total Actual EDI Revenue Requirement

Less Total Forecasted EDI Revenue Requirement

Budget-to-Actual Adjustment

Where:

Accumulated Depreciation = Accumulated depreciation calculated by debiting for Forecasted EDI plant removed from service, and crediting for new accumulations using rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order on new investments, less retirements and CIAC

Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes = An average of the actual accumulated deferred income taxes related to actual EDI investment at the beginning and end of the year.

(T) Denotes Change in text

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BY:


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Contributions in Aid of Construction = Non-investor supplied funds used in the construction of actual EDI infrastructure.

Depreciation Expense = Actual cumulative qualified EDI investment net of retirements and CIAC multiplied by depreciation rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Forfeited Discount Rate = Actual EDI Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite forfeited discount factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Franchise Taxes = Actual cumulative qualified EDI investment multiplied by composite franchise tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Gross Receipts Tax Rate = Actual EDI Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite gross receipts tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Property Taxes = Actual cumulative qualified EDI investment multiplied by composite property tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

EDI Plant Retirements = Actual EDI plant removed from service net of any associated cost of removal and salvage.

Actual EDI Investment Amount = Average actual EDI additions to plant infrastructure as described in Section 3, computed by use of average of 12 end-of-month balances.

Economic Development Expenses = the incremental operational expenses that are specifically to support economic development or economic development utility plant.

Uncollectible Expense = Actual EDI Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite uncollectible factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Volumetric & Metered Revenue = the revenues authorized in the Relevant Rate Order for volumetric water sales, meter charges, and private fire service charges.

(T) Denotes Change in text

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(D) Computation of the Over-Under Collection Adjustment.

- (T) The Company will identify and record the total amount of the EDI Collected from Customers for the Annual Review Period. The difference between the Total EDI Collected from Customers and the Total Budgeted EDI Revenue Requirement shall constitute the Over-Under Collection Adjustment. This adjustment shall include any remaining Over-Under amount from the prior period reconciliation during the Annual Review Period in addition to the Over-Under collection amount for the EDI during the Annual Review Period.
- (T)
- (T)

(E) Computation of the Earnings Test Adjustment.

If the earnings attained by the Company for the Annual Review Period exceed the earnings allowed for the Annual Review Period by applying the overall rate of return authorized in the Relevant Rate Order, then any such earnings difference shall constitute the Earnings Test Adjustment. If the earnings attained by the Company for the Annual Review Period are less than the earnings allowed for the Annual Review Period by applying the overall rate of return authorized in the Relevant Rate Order, then no Earnings Test Adjustment shall be recognized.

Any Earnings Test Adjustment shall be allocated among the Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program Rider, the Economic Development Investment Rider, and the Safety and Environmental Compliance Rider based on the pro-rata revenues collected under these riders for the Annual Review Period for purposes of computing new rate adjustments.

(F) Computation of Interest.

Interest will be computed as follows:

Budget-to-Actual Adjustment
Plus Over-Under Collection Adjustment
Plus Earnings Test Adjustment

Total Amount Subject to Interest
Interest Rate Multiplied by 50%

Total Interest


Where "Interest Rate" equals the prime rate value published in the "Federal Reserve Bulletin" or in the Federal Reserve's "Selected Interest Rates" for the most recent preceding month.

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6. New Base Rates

The EDI rider will be reset at zero upon the establishment of new base rates to customer billings that provide for the prospective recovery of the annual costs that had theretofore been recovered under the EDI. Thereafter, only the costs of new EDI eligible plant additions that have not previously been reflected in the Company's rate base, would be reflected in new annual prospective EDI filings.

7. Annual EDI Percentage Rate Filing

On or before December 1 of each year, the Company shall submit to the Commission a calculation of the EDI Percentage Rate for the following calendar year. The Annual EDI Percentage Rate Filing shall be verified by an officer of the Company. The Annual EDI Percentage Rate Filing shall include a calculation to adjust revenue to recover costs related to the Forecasted EDI Investment Amount, with such revenue adjustment applied through the EDI Percentage Rate. The EDI Percentage Rate shall become effective on January 1 of each year and be applied as an adjustment to Customers' bills for the remainder of the calendar year.

The Company will include in its Annual EDI Percentage Rate Filing the following information at a minimum: (a) computation of the EDI Percentage Rate, including the detailed calculation of each component, (b) a budget of the Forecasted EDI Investment Amount and Forecasted Economic Development Operational Expenses adopted by the Company's Board of Directors, (c) any related Strategic Capital Expenditures Plans, (d) statements demonstrating how each projected capital investment comprising the Forecasted EDI Investment Amount and each projected operational expense comprising the Forecasted Economic Development Operational Expenses meet the requirements for recovery under this Rider set forth in Section 3, and (e) such other information as the Commission may direct.

The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on its Annual EDI Percentage Rate Filing.

8. Annual Reconciliation Filing with the Commission


On or before March 1 of each year, the Company shall submit to the Commission a reconciliation of the results of the operation of the EDI for the previous Annual Review Period. The Annual Reconciliation Filing shall be verified by an officer of the Company. The annual reconciliation shall include a calculation to adjust revenue collected under this EDI Rider in effect for the prior Annual Review Period to an amount equivalent to the actual level of prudently-incurred EDI cost for the prior Annual Review Period, with such revenue adjustment applied through the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate. The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate shall become effective on

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April 1 of each year and be applied as an adjustment to Customers' bills for the remainder of the calendar year.

The Company will include in its Annual Reconciliation Filing the following information at a minimum: (a) a schedule of all journal entries made related to this Rider for the Annual Review Period, including any related general ledger support, (b) actual billing determinants by month as used in the computation of the Total EDI Collected from Customers for the Annual Review Period, (c) capitalization policy effective for the Annual Review Period, (d) computation of the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate, including the detailed calculation of each component, (e) schedules of the Actual EDI Investment Amount and Actual Economic Development Operational Expenses, including related general ledger support, (f) a schedule of any proposed prior period adjustments, (g) an affirmative statement of whether the Company is aware of any changes in market conditions or other factors that may affect whether the Rider is still in the public interest, including the identification of such factors if they exist, (h) the cumulative amount of EDI collected from customers under this Rider, and (i) such other information as the Commission may direct.

The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on its Annual Reconciliation Filing.

9. Notice Requirements

The Company will file revised tariffs for Commission approval upon 30 days' notice to implement a decrement or an increment each January 1 and April 1. Along with the tariff filing, the Company will include a copy of the computation of the new rate adjustment. The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on this filing.

10. Public Interest Review

Nothing herein shall be construed to eliminate or otherwise restrict the opportunity of the Consumer Advocate or any other interested party from seeking a review of this Rider, as permitted by law and the rules and regulations of the Commission, for a reconsideration of whether it remains in the public interest.

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CLASSIFICATION OF SERVICE**QUALIFIED INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM – RIDER****1. Applicability**

In addition to the other charges provided for in this Tariff under Service Classifications Residential, Commercial, Industrial, Other Public Authority, Sales for Resale, and Private Fire, a Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program ("QIIP") Rider will apply to customers in all service areas.

The above rider will be recomputed annually and be adjusted periodically to incorporate the Annual Reconciliation Factor.

2. Definitions

For the purposes of this Rider:

"Actual QIIP Investment Amount" means the amount of actual capital investment of the Company for the Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program and not otherwise included in current base rates. At the time of the Company's next general rate case proceeding, all prudently incurred Actual QIIP Investment Amounts associated with this Rider shall be included in base rates.

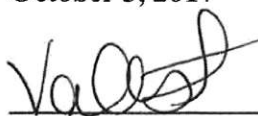
"Annual Reconciliation Factor" means an adjustment factor to true-up rates from forecasted costs to the actual costs incurred through application of 1) the Budget-to-Actual Adjustment and 2) the Over-Under Collection Adjustment, and the 3) Earnings Test Adjustment, as adjusted for Interest.

"Annual Review Period" means the twelve-month period between the annual adjustments of the QIIP Percentage Rate.

"Commission" means the Tennessee Public Utility Commission.

"Budget-to-Actual Adjustment" means the adjustment to QIIP for the applicable coming annual period due to the difference between the Forecasted QIIP Investment Amount and the Actual QIIP Investment Amount.

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"Consumer Advocate" means the Consumer Advocate and Protection Division of the Office of the Tennessee Attorney General.

"Forecasted QIIP Investment Amount" means the amount of forecasted capital investment of the Company for the Qualified Infrastructure and Investment Program and not otherwise included in current base rates.

(T) **"Over-Under Collection Adjustment"** means the adjustment to QIIP for the applicable coming annual period due to the net amount of over or under collections. This will include
(T) over-under collections from the annual review period EDI and any remaining balance of the
(T) over-under collection from the prior reconciliation of the EDI.

"Relevant Rate Order" means the final order of the Commission in the most recent rate case of the Company fixing the rates of the Company or the most recent final order of the Commission specifically prescribing or fixing the factors and procedures to be used in the application of this Rider.

3. General Description

QIIP allows the Company to recover outside of a rate case its qualifying incremental non-revenue producing plant infrastructure investment. For purposes of this Rider, qualifying QIIP investment includes the following:

Distribution Infrastructure – Replacement distribution and transmission mains and valves installed as replacements for existing facilities, reinforcement of existing facilities or otherwise insuring reliability of existing facilities; Hydrants, Services, Meters and Meter Installations – installed as in-kind replacements, reinforcements or insuring reliability of existing facilities; Unreimbursed funds related to capital projects to relocate facilities required by governmental highway projects; Capitalized tank repairs and maintenance that serve to replace, reinforce, or otherwise insure reliability of existing facilities.

Production and Pumping Infrastructure – Replacement of water treatment facilities and equipment installed as replacements for existing facilities, reinforcement of existing facilities or otherwise insuring reliability of existing facilities; Raw Water and Finished Water pumping equipment and structures installed as replacements, reinforcements or otherwise insuring reliability of existing facilities.


Other Infrastructure – Infrastructure designed to utilize alternative fuels.

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QIIP Investment is to be identifiable on the Company's books and segregated into the following general accounts:

Account 331 – Transmission & Distribution Mains;
 Account 333 – Services;
 Account 334 – Meters & Meter Installations;
 Account 335 – Hydrants;
 Account 320 – Water Treatment Equipment, Non-Media;
 Account 311 – Pumping Equipment;
 Account 303 – Land and Land Rights;
 Account 304 – Structures and Improvements;
 Account 306 – Lake, River and Other Intakes;
 Account 307 – Wells and Springs;
 Account 309 – Supply Mains;
 Account 310 – Power Generation Equipment
 Account 330 – Distribution Reservoirs and Standpipes;
 Account 341 – Transportation Equipment; and
 Account 330003 – Capitalized Tank Painting.

4. Determination of the Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program Percentage Rate

- (A) The QIIP percentage shall be expressed as a percentage carried to two (2) decimal places. The QIIP percentage shall be applied to the total amount billed to each Customer based on the Company's otherwise applicable rates and charges.
- (B) The QIIP percentage shall be calculated on an annual prospective basis as follows:

FORECASTED QIIP Investment Amount

Less QIIP Plant Retirements (Net of Cost of Removal & Salvage)
 Less Contributions in Aid of Construction
 Less Accumulated Depreciation
Less Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes

Net Forecasted QIIP Qualifying Investment

Multiplied by the Pre-Tax ROR set forth in the Relevant Rate Order

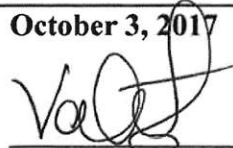
Allowed Forecasted QIIP Pre-Tax Return
 Plus Depreciation Expense

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Plus Property Taxes
Plus Franchise Taxes
 Subtotal Forecasted QIIP Revenue Requirement Before Revenue Tax

Divided by 1 minus the following:
 Forfeited Discounts Rate
 Plus Uncollectible Expense Rate
Plus Gross Receipts Tax Rate
 Total Forecasted QIIP Revenue Requirement

Divided by Relevant Rate Order Volumetric & Metered Revenue

QIIP Percentage Rate

Where:

Accumulated Depreciation = Accumulated depreciation calculated by debiting for Forecasted QIIP plant removed from service, and crediting for new accumulations using rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order on new investments, less retirements and CIAC.

Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes = An average of the forecasted accumulated deferred income taxes related to qualified forecasted QIIP investment at the beginning and end of the year.

Contributions in Aid of Construction = Non-investor supplied funds used in the construction of forecasted QIIP infrastructure.

Depreciation Expense = Forecasted cumulative qualified QIIP investment net of retirements and CIAC, multiplied by depreciation rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Forfeited Discount Rate = Forecasted QIIP Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite forfeited discount factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

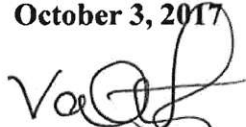
Franchise Taxes = Forecasted cumulative qualified QIIP investment multiplied by composite franchise tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

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Gross Receipts Tax Rate = Forecasted QIIP Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite gross receipts tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Property Taxes = Forecasted cumulative qualified QIIP investment multiplied by composite property tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

QIIP Plant Retirements = Forecasted QIIP plant removed from service net of any associated cost of removal and salvage.

Forecasted QIIP Investment Amount = Average forecasted QIIP additions to plant infrastructure as described in Section 3, computed by use of average of 12 end-of-month balances.

Uncollectible Expense = Forecasted QIIP Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite uncollectible factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Volumetric & Metered Revenue = the revenues authorized in the Relevant Rate Order for volumetric water sales, meter charges, and private fire service charges.

- (C) The total amount to be recovered through the QIIP is the QIIP Percentage Rate as adjusted for the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate.

5. Determination of the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate

- (A) The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage shall be expressed as a percentage carried to two (2) decimal places. The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage shall be applied to the total amount billed to each Customer based on the Company's otherwise applicable rates and charges.
- (B) The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate will be computed as follows:


Budget-to-Actual Adjustment
Plus Over-Under Collection Adjustment

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TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

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Plus Earnings Test Adjustment
Plus Interest
 Annual Reconciliation Amount

Divided by 9/12 of the Relevant Rate Order Volumetric & Metered Revenue

Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate

(C) Computation of the Budget-to-Actual Adjustment.

The Budget-to-Actual Adjustment will be computed as follows:

ACTUAL QIIP Investment Amount for the Annual Review Period
 Less QIIP Plant Retirements (Net of Cost of Removal & Salvage)
 Less Contributions in Aid of Construction
 Less Accumulated Depreciation
Less Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes
 Net Actual QIIP Qualifying Investment

Multiplied by the Pre-Tax ROR set forth in the Relevant Rate Order

Allowed Actual QIIP Pre-Tax Return
 Plus Depreciation Expense
 Plus Property Taxes
Plus Franchise Taxes
 Subtotal Actual QIIP Revenue Requirement Before Revenue Tax

Divided by 1 minus the following:

Forfeited Discounts Rate
 Plus Uncollectible Expense Rate
Plus Gross Receipts Tax Rate
 Total Actual QIIP Revenue Requirement

Less Total Forecasted QIIP Revenue Requirement

Budget-to-Actual Adjustment

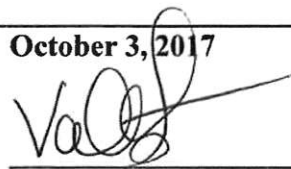
Where:

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Accumulated Depreciation = Accumulated depreciation calculated by debiting for Forecasted QIIP plant removed from service, and crediting for new accumulations using rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order on new investments, less retirements and CIAC

Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes = An average of the actual accumulated deferred income taxes related to actual QIIP investment at the beginning and end of the year.

Contributions in Aid of Construction = Non-investor supplied funds used in the construction of actual QIIP infrastructure.

Depreciation Expense = Actual cumulative qualified QIIP investment net of retirements and CIAC multiplied by depreciation rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Forfeited Discount Rate = Actual QIIP Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite forfeited discount factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Franchise Taxes = Actual cumulative qualified QIIP investment multiplied by composite franchise tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Gross Receipts Tax Rate = Actual QIIP Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite gross receipts tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Property Taxes = Actual cumulative qualified QIIP investment multiplied by composite property tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

QIIP Plant Retirements = Actual QIIP plant removed from service net of any associated cost of removal and salvage.

Actual QIIP Investment Amount = Average actual QIIP additions to plant infrastructure as described in Section 3, computed by use of average of 12 end-of-month balances.

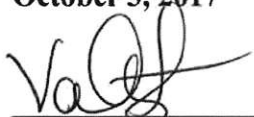
Uncollectible Expense = Actual QIIP Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite uncollectible factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

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Volumetric & Metered Revenue = the revenues authorized in the Relevant Rate Order for volumetric water sales, meter charges, and private fire service charges.

(D) Computation of the Over-Under Collection Adjustment.

(T) The Company will identify and record the total amount of the QIIP Collected from
(T) Customers for the Annual Review Period. The difference between the Total QIIP Collected
(T) from Customers and the Total Budgeted QIIP Revenue Requirement shall constitute the
Over-Under Collection Adjustment. . This adjustment shall include any remaining Over-
Under amount from the prior period reconciliation during the Annual Review Period in
addition to the Over-Under collection amount for the EDI during the Annual Review Period.

(E) Computation of the Earnings Test Adjustment.

If the earnings attained by the Company for the Annual Review Period exceed the earnings allowed for the Annual Review Period by applying the overall rate of return authorized in the Relevant Rate Order, then any such earnings difference shall constitute the Earnings Test Adjustment. If the earnings attained by the Company for the Annual Review Period are less than the earnings allowed for the Annual Review Period by applying the overall rate of return authorized in the Relevant Rate Order, then no Earnings Test Adjustment shall be recognized.

Any Earnings Test Adjustment shall be allocated among the Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program Rider, the Economic Development Investment Rider, and the Safety and Environmental Compliance Rider based on the pro-rata revenues collected under these riders for the Annual Review Period for purposes of computing new rate adjustments.

(F) Computation of Interest.

Interest will be computed as follows:

Budget-to-Actual Adjustment
Plus Over-Under Collection Adjustment
Plus Earnings Test Adjustment

Total Amount Subject to Interest
Interest Rate Multiplied by 50%


Total Interest

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Where "Interest Rate" equals the prime rate value published in the "Federal Reserve Bulletin" or in the Federal Reserve's "Selected Interest Rates" for the most recent preceding month.

6. New Base Rates

The QIIP rider will be reset at zero upon the establishment of new base rates to customer billings that provide for the prospective recovery of the annual costs that had theretofore been recovered under the QIIP. Thereafter, only the costs of new QIIP eligible plant additions that have not previously been reflected in the Company's rate base, would be reflected in new annual prospective QIIP filings.

7. Annual QIIP Percentage Rate Filing

On or before December 1 of each year, the Company shall submit to the Commission a calculation of the QIIP Percentage Rate for the following calendar year. The Annual QIIP Percentage Rate Filing shall be verified by an officer of the Company. The Annual QIIP Percentage Rate Filing shall include a calculation to adjust revenue to recover costs related to the Forecasted QIIP Investment Amount, with such revenue adjustment applied through the QIIP Percentage Rate. The QIIP Percentage Rate shall become effective on January 1 of each year and be applied as an adjustment to Customers' bills for the remainder of the calendar year.

The Company will include in its Annual QIIP Percentage Rate Filing the following information at a minimum: (a) computation of the QIIP Percentage Rate, including the detailed calculation of each component, (b) a budget of the Forecasted QIIP Investment Amount adopted by the Company's Board of Directors, (c) any related Strategic Capital Expenditures Plans, (d) a statement demonstrating how each projected capital investment comprising the Forecasted QIIP Investment Amount meets the requirements for recovery under this Rider set forth in Section 3, and (e) such other information as the Commission may direct.

The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on its Annual QIIP Percentage Rate Filing.

8. Annual Reconciliation Filing with the Commission

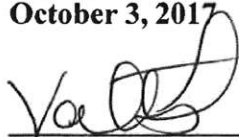
On or before March 1 of each year, the Company shall submit to the Commission a reconciliation of the results of the operation of the QIIP for the previous Annual Review Period. The Annual Reconciliation Filing shall be verified by an officer of the Company. The annual reconciliation shall include a calculation to adjust revenue collected under this QIIP Rider in effect for the prior Annual Review Period to an amount equivalent to the actual level of prudently-incurred QIIP cost for the prior Annual Review Period, with such revenue adjustment applied through the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate. The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate shall become effective on

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April 1 of each year and be applied as an adjustment to Customers' bills for the remainder of the calendar year.

The Company will include in its Annual Reconciliation Filing the following information at a minimum: (a) a schedule of all journal entries made related to this Rider for the Annual Review Period, including any related general ledger support, (b) actual billing determinants by month as used in the computation of the Total QIIP Collected from Customers for the Annual Review Period, (c) capitalization policy effective for the Annual Review Period, (d) computation of the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate, including the detailed calculation of each component, (e) a schedule of any proposed prior period adjustments, (f) an affirmative statement of whether the Company is aware of any changes in market conditions or other factors that may affect whether the Rider is still in the public interest, including the identification of such factors if they exist, (g) the cumulative amount of QIIP collected from customers under this Rider, and (h) such other information as the Commission may direct.

The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on its Annual Reconciliation Filing.

9. Notice Requirements

The Company will file revised tariffs for Commission approval upon 30 days' notice to implement a decrement or an increment each January 1 and April 1. Along with the tariff filing, the Company will include a copy of the computation of the new rate adjustment. The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on this filing.

10. Public Interest Review

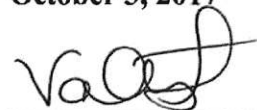
Nothing herein shall be construed to eliminate or otherwise restrict the opportunity of the Consumer Advocate or any other interested party from seeking a review of this Rider, as permitted by law and the rules and regulations of the Commission, for a reconsideration of whether it remains in the public interest.

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CLASSIFICATION OF SERVICE**SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE – RIDER****1. Applicability**

In addition to the other charges provided for in this Tariff under Service Classifications Residential, Commercial, Industrial, Other Public Authority, Sales for Resale, and Private Fire, a Safety and Environmental Compliance Program ("SEC") Rider will apply to customers in all service areas.

The above rider will be recomputed annually and be adjusted periodically to incorporate the Annual Reconciliation Factor.

2. Definitions

For the purposes of this Rider:

"Actual SEC Investment Amount" means the amount of actual capital investment and associated operating expenses of the Company for the Safety and Environmental Compliance Program and not otherwise included in current base rates. At the time of the Company's next general rate case proceeding, all prudently incurred Actual SEC Investment Amounts associated with this Rider shall be included in base rates.

"Annual Reconciliation Factor" means an adjustment factor to true-up rates from forecasted costs to the actual costs incurred through application of 1) the Budget-to-Actual Adjustment and 2) the Over-Under Collection Adjustment, and the 3) Earnings Test Adjustment, as adjusted for Interest.

"Annual Review Period" means the twelve-month period between the annual adjustments of the SEC Percentage Rate. For the first year beyond the attrition year of the base rate case, this review period may be shorter or longer than a twelve-month period to cover expenditures between the attrition year and the start of the subsequent calendar year.

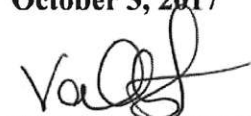
"Commission" means the Tennessee Public Utility Commission.

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"Budget-to-Actual Adjustment" means the adjustment to SEC for the applicable coming annual period due to the difference between the Forecasted SEC Investment and Expense Amount and the Actual SEC Investment and Expense Amount.

"Consumer Advocate" means the Consumer Advocate and Protection Division of the Office of the Tennessee Attorney General.

"Forecasted SEC Investment Amount" means the amount of forecasted capital investment of the Company for the Safety and Environmental Compliance Program and not otherwise included in current base rates.

(T) **"Over-Under Collection Adjustment"** means the adjustment to SEC for the applicable coming annual period due to the net amount of over or under collections. . This will include
(T) over-under collections from the annual review period EDI and any remaining balance of the
(T) over-under collection from the prior reconciliation of the EDI.

"Relevant Rate Order" means the final order of the Commission in the most recent rate case of the Company fixing the rates of the Company or the most recent final order of the Commission specifically prescribing or fixing the factors and procedures to be used in the application of this Rider.

3. General Description

SEC allows the Company to recover outside of a rate case its qualifying incremental non-revenue producing plant infrastructure investment and expenses. For purposes of this Rider, qualifying SEC investment includes the following:

Distribution and Production Infrastructure – Distribution, production, and other infrastructure that may be identified as being for the purpose of safety and environmental compliance.

Safety and Environmental Expenses – Operational expenses similar to other expenses authorized in previous rate cases that are specifically new expenses for safety and environmental compliance or to support safety and environmental compliance utility plant.

SEC Investment is to be identifiable on the Company's books and segregated into the following general accounts:

Account 331 – Transmission & Distribution Mains;
Account 333 – Services;
Account 334 – Meters & Meter Installations;

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Account 335 – Hydrants;
 Account 320 – Water Treatment Equipment, Non-Media;
 Account 311 – Pumping Equipment;
 Account 303 – Land and Land Rights;
 Account 304 – Structures and Improvements;
 Account 306 – Lake, River and Other Intakes;
 Account 307 – Wells and Springs;
 Account 309 – Supply Mains;
 Account 310 – Power Generation Equipment
 Account 330 – Distribution Reservoirs and Standpipes; and
 Account 330003 – Capitalized Tank Painting.

4. Determination of the Safety and Environmental Compliance Program Percentage Rate

(A) The SEC percentage shall be expressed as a percentage carried to two (2) decimal places.
 The SEC percentage shall be applied to the total amount billed to each Customer based on the Company's otherwise applicable rates and charges.

(B) The SEC percentage shall be calculated on an annual prospective basis as follows:

FORECASTED SEC Investment Amount

Less SEC Plant Retirements (Net of Cost of Removal & Salvage)

Less Contributions in Aid of Construction

Less Accumulated Depreciation

Less Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes

Net Forecasted SEC Qualifying Investment

Multiplied by the Pre-Tax ROR set forth in the Relevant Rate Order

Allowed Forecasted SEC Pre-Tax Return

Plus Depreciation Expense

Plus Property Taxes

Plus Franchise Taxes

Plus Safety and Environmental Compliance Operational Expenses

Subtotal Forecasted SEC Revenue Requirement Before Revenue Tax

Divided by 1 minus the following:

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Forfeited Discounts Rate
 Plus Uncollectible Expense Rate
Plus Gross Receipts Tax Rate
 Total Forecasted SEC Revenue Requirement

Divided by Relevant Rate Order Volumetric & Metered Revenue

SEC Percentage Rate

Where:

Accumulated Depreciation = Accumulated depreciation calculated by debiting for Forecasted SEC plant removed from service, and crediting for new accumulations using rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order on new investments, less retirements and CIAC.

Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes = An average of the forecasted accumulated deferred income taxes related to qualified forecasted SEC investment at the beginning and end of the year.

Contributions in Aid of Construction = Non-investor supplied funds used in the construction of forecasted SEC infrastructure.

Depreciation Expense = Forecasted cumulative qualified SEC investment net of retirements and CIAC, multiplied by depreciation rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Forfeited Discount Rate = Forecasted SEC Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite forfeited discount factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Franchise Taxes = Forecasted cumulative qualified SEC investment multiplied by composite franchise tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

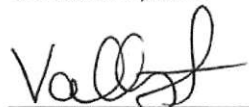
Gross Receipts Tax Rate = Forecasted SEC Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite gross receipts tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

(T) Denotes Change in Text

ISSUED: October 3, 2017

EFFECTIVE: November 2, 2017

BY:



Valoria V. Armstrong
PRESIDENT

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Chattanooga, Tennessee 37403

Property Taxes = Forecasted cumulative qualified SEC investment multiplied by composite property tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

SEC Plant Retirements = Forecasted SEC plant removed from service net of any associated cost of removal and salvage.

Forecasted SEC Investment Amount = Average forecasted SEC additions to plant infrastructure as described in Section 3, computed by use of average of 12 end-of-month balances.

Safety and Environmental Compliance Expenses = the incremental operational expenses similar to other expenses authorized in previous rate cases that are specifically for safety and environmental compliance or to support safety and environmental compliance utility plant.

Uncollectible Expense = Forecasted SEC Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite uncollectible factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Volumetric & Metered Revenue = the revenues authorized in the Relevant Rate Order for volumetric water sales, meter charges, and private fire service charges.

- (C) The total amount to be recovered through the SEC is the SEC Percentage Rate as adjusted for the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate.

5. Determination of the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate

- (A) The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage shall be expressed as a percentage carried to two (2) decimal places. The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage shall be applied to the total amount billed to each Customer based on the Company's otherwise applicable rates and charges.

- (B) The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate will be computed as follows:

Budget-to-Actual Adjustment
Plus Over-Under Collection Adjustment

(T) Denotes Change in Text

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Plus Earnings Test Adjustment
Plus Interest
 Annual Reconciliation Amount

Divided by 9/12 of the Relevant Rate Order Volumetric & Metered Revenue

Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate

(C) Computation of the Budget-to-Actual Adjustment.

The Budget-to-Actual Adjustment will be computed as follows:

ACTUAL SEC Investment Amount for the Annual Review Period
 Less SEC Plant Retirements (Net of Cost of Removal & Salvage)
 Less Contributions in Aid of Construction
 Less Accumulated Depreciation
Less Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes
 Net Actual SEC Qualifying Investment

Multiplied by the Pre-Tax ROR set forth in the Relevant Rate Order

Allowed Actual SEC Pre-Tax Return
 Plus Depreciation Expense
 Plus Property Taxes
 Plus Franchise Taxes
Plus Safety and Environmental Compliance Operational Expenses
 Subtotal Actual SEC Revenue Requirement Before Revenue Tax

Divided by 1 minus the following:

Forfeited Discounts Rate
 Plus Uncollectible Expense Rate
Plus Gross Receipts Tax Rate
 Total Actual SEC Revenue Requirement

Less Total Forecasted SEC Revenue Requirement

Budget-to-Actual Adjustment

(T) Denotes Change in Text

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Where:

Accumulated Depreciation = Accumulated depreciation calculated by debiting for Forecasted SEC plant removed from service, and crediting for new accumulations using rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order on new investments, less retirements and CIAC

Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes = An average of the actual accumulated deferred income taxes related to actual SEC investment at the beginning and end of the year.

Contributions in Aid of Construction = Non-investor supplied funds used in the construction of actual SEC infrastructure.

Depreciation Expense = Actual cumulative qualified SEC investment net of retirements and CIAC multiplied by depreciation rates approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Forfeited Discount Rate = Actual SEC Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite forfeited discount factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Franchise Taxes = Actual cumulative qualified SEC investment multiplied by composite franchise tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Gross Receipts Tax Rate = Actual SEC Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite gross receipts tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Property Taxes = Actual cumulative qualified SEC investment multiplied by composite property tax rate approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

SEC Plant Retirements = Actual SEC plant removed from service net of any associated cost of removal and salvage.

Actual SEC Investment Amount = Average actual SEC additions to plant infrastructure as described in Section 3, computed by use of average of 12 end-of-month balances.

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Safety and Environmental Compliance Expenses = the incremental operational expenses similar to other expenses authorized in previous rate cases that are specifically for safety and environmental compliance or to support safety and environmental compliance utility plant.

Uncollectible Expense = Actual SEC Revenue Requirement before gross receipts taxes, uncollectible expense and forfeited discounts multiplied by composite uncollectible factor approved in the Relevant Rate Order.

Volumetric & Metered Revenue = the revenues authorized in the Relevant Rate Order for volumetric water sales, meter charges, and private fire service charges.

(D) Computation of the Over-Under Collection Adjustment.

- (T) The Company will identify and record the total amount of the SEC Collected from Customers for the Annual Review Period. The difference between the Total SEC Collected from Customers and the Total Budgeted SEC Revenue Requirement shall constitute the Over-Under Collection Adjustment. This adjustment shall include any remaining Over-Under
(T) amount from the prior period reconciliation during the Annual Review Period in addition to
(T) the Over-Under collection amount for the EDI during the Annual Review Period.

(E) Computation of the Earnings Test Adjustment.

If the earnings attained by the Company for the Annual Review Period exceed the earnings allowed for the Annual Review Period by applying the overall rate of return authorized in the Relevant Rate Order, then any such earnings difference shall constitute the Earnings Test Adjustment. If the earnings attained by the Company for the Annual Review Period are less than the earnings allowed for the Annual Review Period by applying the overall rate of return authorized in the Relevant Rate Order, then no Earnings Test Adjustment shall be recognized.

Any Earnings Test Adjustment shall be allocated among the Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program Rider, the Economic Development Investment Rider, and the Safety and Environmental Compliance Rider based on the pro-rata revenues collected under these riders for the Annual Review Period for purposes of computing new rate adjustments.

(F) Computation of Interest.

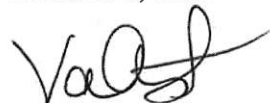
Interest will be computed as follows:

(T) Denotes Change in Text

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BY:



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PRESIDENT

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Budget-to-Actual Adjustment
Plus Over-Under Collection Adjustment
Plus Earnings Test Adjustment

Total Amount Subject to Interest
Interest Rate Multiplied by 50%

Total Interest

Where "Interest Rate" equals the prime rate value published in the "Federal Reserve Bulletin" or in the Federal Reserve's "Selected Interest Rates" for the most recent preceding month.

6. New Base Rates

The SEC rider will be reset at zero upon the establishment of new base rates to customer billings that provide for the prospective recovery of the annual costs that had theretofore been recovered under the SEC. Thereafter, only the costs of new SEC eligible plant additions that have not previously been reflected in the Company's rate base, would be reflected in new annual prospective SEC filings.

7. Annual SEC Percentage Rate Filing

On or before December 1 of each year, the Company shall submit to the Commission a calculation of the SEC Percentage Rate for the following calendar year. The Annual SEC Percentage Rate Filing shall be verified by an officer of the Company. The Annual SEC Percentage Rate Filing shall include a calculation to adjust revenue to recover costs related to the Forecasted SEC Investment Amount, with such revenue adjustment applied through the SEC Percentage Rate. The SEC Percentage Rate shall become effective on January 1 of each year and be applied as an adjustment to Customers' bills for the remainder of the calendar year.

The Company will include in its Annual SEC Percentage Rate Filing the following information at a minimum: (a) computation of the SEC Percentage Rate, including the detailed calculation of each component, (b) a budget of the Forecasted SEC Investment Amount and Forecasted Safety and Environmental Compliance Operational Expenses adopted by the Company's Board of Directors, (c) any related Strategic Capital Expenditures Plans, (d) statements demonstrating how each projected capital investment comprising the Forecasted SEC Investment Amount and each projected operational expense comprising the Forecasted Safety and Environmental Compliance Operational Expenses meet the requirements for recovery under this Rider set forth in Section 3, and (e) such other information as the Commission may direct.

(T) Denotes Change in Text

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BY:



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The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on its Annual SEC Percentage Rate Filing.

8. Annual Reconciliation Filing with the Commission

On or before March 1 of each year, the Company shall submit to the Commission a reconciliation of the results of the operation of the SEC for the previous Annual Review Period. The Annual Reconciliation Filing shall be verified by an officer of the Company. The annual reconciliation shall include a calculation to adjust revenue collected under this SEC Rider in effect for the prior Annual Review Period to an amount equivalent to the actual level of prudently-incurred SEC cost for the prior Annual Review Period, with such revenue adjustment applied through the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate. The Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate shall become effective on April 1 of each year and be applied as an adjustment to Customers' bills for the remainder of the calendar year.

The Company will include in its Annual Reconciliation Filing the following information at a minimum: (a) a schedule of all journal entries made related to this Rider for the Annual Review Period, including any related general ledger support, (b) actual billing determinants by month as used in the computation of the Total SEC Collected from Customers for the Annual Review Period, (c) capitalization policy effective for the Annual Review Period, (d) computation of the Annual Reconciliation Factor Percentage Rate, including the detailed calculation of each component, (e) schedules of the Actual SEC Investment Amount and Actual Safety and Environmental Compliance Operational Expenses, including related general ledger support, (f) a schedule of any proposed prior period adjustments, (g) an affirmative statement of whether the Company is aware of any changes in market conditions or other factors that may affect whether the Rider is still in the public interest, including the identification of such factors if they exist, (h) the cumulative amount of SEC collected from customers under this Rider, and (i) such other information as the Commission may direct.

The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on its Annual Reconciliation Filing.

9. Notice Requirements

The Company will file revised tariffs for Commission approval upon 30 days' notice to implement a decrement or an increment each January 1 and April 1. Along with the tariff filing, the Company will include a copy of the computation of the new rate adjustment. The Company will simultaneously copy the Consumer Advocate on this filing.

10. Public Interest Review

(T) Denotes Change in Text

ISSUED: October 3, 2017

EFFECTIVE: November 2, 2017

BY:



Valoria V. Armstrong
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TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

Page 31 of 31
TPUC NO. 19

Second Revised Sheet No. 12-SEC-11

Nothing herein shall be construed to eliminate or otherwise restrict the opportunity of the Consumer Advocate or any other interested party from seeking a review of this Rider, as permitted by law and the rules and regulations of the Commission, for a reconsideration of whether it remains in the public interest.

(T) Denotes Change in Text

ISSUED: October 3, 2017

EFFECTIVE: November 2, 2017

BY:



**Valoria V. Armstrong
PRESIDENT**

**109 Wiehl Street
Chattanooga, Tennessee 37403**

TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

TPUC NO. 19

Eleventh Revised Sheet No. 12-Riders-1

CLASSIFICATION OF SERVICE**SUMMARY OF RIDERS****1. Applicability**

In addition to the other charges provided for in this Tariff under Service Classifications Residential, Commercial, Industrial, Other Public Authority, Sales for Resale, and Private Fire, a Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program ("QIIP") Rider, an Economic Development Investment Program Rider ("EDI"), a Safety and Environmental Compliance Program Rider ("SEC"), and Production Costs and Other Pass-Throughs Rider ("PCOP") will apply to customers in all service areas.

2. The Percentage of Riders and Reconciliations

For the Riders defined in the tariffs:

| | | |
|---|----------------|-----|
| QIIP | 10.05 % | |
| EDI | 0.41 % | |
| SEC | <u>5.97 %</u> | |
| Subtotal of all Capital Recovery Riders | 16.43 % | |
| QIIP Annual Reconciliation Percentage | 0.000 % | |
| EDI Annual Reconciliation Percentage | 0.000 % | |
| <u>SEC Annual Reconciliation Percentage</u> | <u>0.000 %</u> | |
| Subtotal of all Reconciliation Percentages | 0.000 % | |
| Total of Capital Recovery Riders and Reconciliation Percentages | 16.430% | |
| PCOP | -1.25 % | (I) |

(D) Indicates Decrease

(I) Indicates Increase

ISSUED: May 17, 2018

EFFECTIVE: May 15, 2018

BY:


Valoria Armstrong
PRESIDENT

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TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

TPUC NO. 19

Thirteenth Revised Sheet No. 12-Riders-1

CLASSIFICATION OF SERVICE**SUMMARY OF RIDERS****1. Applicability**

In addition to the other charges provided for in this Tariff under Service Classifications Residential, Commercial, Industrial, Other Public Authority, Sales for Resale, and Private Fire, a Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program ("QIIP") Rider, an Economic Development Investment Program Rider ("EDI"), a Safety and Environmental Compliance Program Rider (SEC), and Production Costs and Other Pass-Throughs Rider ("PCOP") will apply to customers in all service areas.

2. The Percentage of Riders and Reconciliations

For the Riders defined in the tariffs:

| | | |
|---|----------------|-----|
| QIIP | 12.79 % | (I) |
| EDI | 0.68 % | (I) |
| <u>SEC</u> | <u>7.50 %</u> | (I) |
| Subtotal of all Capital Recovery Riders | 21.00 % | (I) |
| QIIP Annual Reconciliation Percentage | 0.000 % | (D) |
| EDI Annual Reconciliation Percentage | 0.000 % | (I) |
| <u>SEC Annual Reconciliation Percentage</u> | <u>0.000 %</u> | (I) |
| Subtotal of all Reconciliation Percentages | 0.000 % | (D) |
| Total of Capital Recovery Riders and Reconciliation Percentages | 21.00% | (I) |
| (N) Offset to Capital Recovery Riders for TCJA savings | -4.57 % | (N) |
| PCOP | -1.25 % | |

(D) Indicates Decrease

(I) Indicates Increase

(N) Indicates New

ISSUED: November 16, 2018 EFFECTIVE: January 1, 2019

BY:

Valoria Armstrong
PRESIDENT

109 Wiehl Street
Chattanooga, Tennessee 37403

STATE OF New Jersey)
COUNTY OF Camden)

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, duly commissioned and qualified in and for the State and County aforesaid, personally came and appeared Melissa L. Schwarzell, being by me first duly sworn deposed and said that:

She is appearing as a witness on behalf of Tennessee-American Water Company before the Tennessee Public Utility Commission, and if present before the Commission and duly sworn, her testimony would be as set forth in her pre-filed testimony in this matter.



Melissa L. Schwarzell

Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 16th day of November, 2018.



Notary Public


My Commission Expires: _____
MARTHA B. MAZEIKA
NOTARY PUBLIC OF NEW JERSEY
Comm. # 2419220
My Commission Expires 3/30/2022

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via U.S. Mail or electronic mail upon:

Daniel Whitaker III
Consumer Protection and Advocate Division
Office of the Tennessee Attorney General
P.O. Box 20207
Nashville, TN 37202-0207
Daniel.Whitaker@ag.tn.gov

This the 19th day of February, 2019.



Melvin J. Malone