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BEFORE THE TENNESSEE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

)	
Petition of Atmos Energy Corporation for Approval of 2018 Annual Reconciliation Filing)	Docket No. 18-00097
)	

of
WILLIAM H. NOVAK

ON BEHALF OF

THE CONSUMER PROTECTION UNIT
OF THE
OFFICE OF THE TENNESSEE ATTORNEY GENERAL

January 9, 2019

IN THE TENNESSEE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION AT NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

IN RE: ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION ANNUAL RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL REVIEW MECHANISM))))	DOCKET NO. 18-00097
AFFI	IDAVIT	
I, William H. Novak, CPA, on b	pehalf of the	Consumer Advocate Unit of
the Attorney General's Office, her	eby certify	that the attached Direct
Testimony represents my opinion	in the abov	e-referenced case and the
opinion of the Consumer Advocate Di	vision.	
	WILL	IAM H. NOVAK
Sworn to and subscribed before me the NOTARY PUBLIC My commission expires:	nis 17 day o	STATE TENNESSEE PUBLIC ON COUNTY

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ATTACHMENTS

Attachment WHN-1

William H. Novak Vitae

Attachment WHN-2

Consumer Advocate Exhibit

1	<i>Q1</i> .	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND OCCUPATION
2		FOR THE RECORD.
3	<i>A1</i> .	My name is William H. Novak. My business address is 19 Morning Arbor Place,
4		The Woodlands, TX, 77381. I am the President of WHN Consulting, a utility
5		consulting and expert witness services company.1
6		
7	Q2.	PLEASE PROVIDE A SUMMARY OF YOUR BACKGROUND AND
8		PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
9	<i>A2</i> .	A detailed description of my educational and professional background is provided
10		in Attachment WHN-1 to my testimony. Briefly, I have both a Bachelor's degree
11		in Business Administration with a major in Accounting, and a Master's degree in
12		Business Administration from Middle Tennessee State University. I am a
13		Certified Management Accountant, and am also licensed to practice as a Certified
14		Public Accountant.
15		
16		My work experience has centered on regulated utilities for over 35 years. Before
17		establishing WHN Consulting, I was Chief of the Energy & Water Division of the
18		Tennessee Public Utility Commission (the Commission) where I had either
19		presented testimony or advised the Commission on a host of regulatory issues for
20		over 19 years. In addition, I was previously the Director of Rates & Regulatory
2.1		Analysis for two years with Atlanta Gas Light Company, a natural gas

distribution utility with operations in Georgia and Tennessee. I also served for

¹ State of Tennessee, Registered Accounting Firm ID 3682.

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21		Analysis for two years with Atlanta Gas Light Company, a natural gas

distribution utility with operations in Georgia and Tennessee. I also served for

¹ State of Tennessee, Registered Accounting Firm ID 3682.

1		two years as the Vice President of Regulatory Compliance for Sequent Energy
2		Management, a natural gas trading and optimization entity in Texas, where I was
3		responsible for ensuring the firm's compliance with state and federal regulatory
4		requirements.
5		
6		In 2004, I established WHN Consulting as a utility consulting and expert witness
7		services company. Since 2004 WHN Consulting has provided testimony or
8		consulting services to state public utility commissions and state consumer
9		advocates in at least ten state jurisdictions as shown in Attachment WHN-1.
10		
11	Q3.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING?
12	<i>A3</i> .	I am testifying on behalf of the Consumer Advocate Unit (Consumer Advocate)
13		of the Office of the Tennessee Attorney General.
14		
15	Q4.	HAVE YOU PRESENTED TESTIMONY IN ANY PREVIOUS DOCKETS
16		REGARDING ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION?
17	A4.	Yes. I've presented testimony in TPUC Docket Nos. U-82-7211, U-83-7277, U-
18		84-7333, U-86-7442, 89-10017, 92-02987, 05-00258, 07-00105 12-00064 and 14-
19		00146 concerning cases involving either Atmos Energy Corporation (Atmos or
20		Company) or its predecessor companies as well as dockets for other generic tariff
21		and rulemaking matters. In addition, I previously presented testimony concerning
22		Atmos' Annual Reconciliation Mechanism (ARM) tariff that is the subject of this

1	proceeding in TPUC Docket Nos.	14-00146, 16-00013,	16-00105, 17-00012, 17-
2	00091 and 18-00067.		

Q5. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS

PROCEEDING?

My testimony will address several issues and concerns with respect to Atmos'

proposed ARM reconciliation in this Docket with its books and records, including

the calculations supporting that reconciliation and the resulting revenue

deficiency or surplus.

A6.

Q6. WHAT DOCUMENTS HAVE YOU REVIEWED IN PREPARATION OF

12 YOUR TESTIMONY?

I have reviewed the Company's Petition filed on September 4, 2018, along with the accompanying schedules as well as the later amendment and revisions to these schedules.² I have also reviewed Atmos' responses to the data requests submitted by the Consumer Advocate in this Docket. In addition, I reviewed the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement (14-00146 Settlement Agreement) between the Company and the Consumer Advocate in Docket No. 14-00146, which was incorporated into the Commission's Order in that Docket, and modifications in subsequent dockets that have been made to the relevant Approved Methodologies as defined in the 14-00146 Settlement Agreement.

² Atmos responses to Consumer Advocate Discovery Requests 1-1, 1-4 and 1-7 with revision to original schedules for correction of errors.

I	Q/.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCERNS IN
2		THIS DOCKET.
3	A7.	My recommendations and concerns are summarized as follows:
4 5 6 7 8		• I recommend that the Commission reject Atmos' methodology to use the end- of-period balances for long-term debt and stockholder's equity to compute the capital structure in the ARM calculation instead of using the thirteen-month average balances recorded on the books.
9 10 11		• I recommend that the Commission reject Atmos' methodology to "annualize" certain expenses related to long-term debt in the ARM calculation instead of using the actual twelve months-to-date expense recorded on the books.
13 14 15		• I recommend that the Commission reject Atmos' use of certain rates in the revenue conversion factor that are based on margin instead of revenues.
16 17 18		• I recommend that the Commission reject Atmos' calculation of the Allowance for Funds Used During Construction that is based on incorrect tax rates.
19 20 21 22		• I recommend that the Commission approve Atmos' proposal for a pro forma blended federal income tax rate of 29.26% that reflects a systematic adjustment from the pre-2018 tax rate to the current rate.
23	Q8.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE OVERALL STRUCTURE OF THE ARM AND THE
24		RELIEF THAT ATMOS IS ASKING FROM THE COMMISSION THROUGH
25		ITS PETITION.
26	A8.	The overall structure for the ARM was agreed to by Atmos and the Consumer
27		Advocate in Docket No. 14-00146 and incorporated into the Commission's order
28		in that Docket. The ARM structure generally provides for an adjustment to rates
29		by incorporating Atmos' capital and operating budgets within the methodologies

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reflected in the Settlement Agreement in Docket No. 14-00146. The overall

structure of the ARM also requires that the revenues received from the ARM be

trued-up to actual costs. Since the establishment of the ARM in Docket No. 14-

1 00146,³ Atmos has increased the rates paid by Tennessee consumers over \$3 2 million as shown below on Table 1.

Table 1 – ARM Rate Adjustments				
Docket No.	Docket Type	Amount		
16-00013	Budget	\$4,887,8644		
16-00105	Reconciliation	4,612,2935		
17-00012	Budget	2,127,8426		
17-00091	Reconciliation	382,1827		
18-00067	Budget	-5,414,1798		
18-00097 – Atmos Propo	-3,219,3029			
Total	\$3,376,700			

3

5

As shown in Table 1 above, this current filing represents the third ARM reconciliation undertaken by Atmos since the adoption of new base rates in

6 Docket No. 14-00146.

7

9

8 Q9. HAS ATMOS ADJUSTED THE RECONCILIATION AMOUNT

CONTAINED IN ITS INITIAL FILING?

10 A9. Yes. In its Petition, Atmos requested the Commission to approve an ARM

11 reconciliation of \$-3,219,825, that has since been revised to \$-3,219,302 in order

12 to correct certain offsetting errors. Specifically, errors in Atmos' original filing

13 related to plant in service, accumulated depreciation, and gas inventory were

14 corrected and a revised reconciliation was submitted. 10

³ The increase in rates in Docket No. 14-00146 was \$711,472, which was significantly less than Atmos' original request in that Docket of approximately \$5.89 million.

⁴ Commission Order in Docket No. 16-00013, Page 4.

⁵ Commission Order in Docket No. 16-00105, Page 4.

⁶ Commission Order in Docket No. 17-00012, Page 7.

⁷ Commission Order in Docket No. 17-00091, Page 14.

⁸ Commission Order in Docket No. 18-00067, Page 9 consisting of a revenue surplus of \$4,425,855 and an expense credit of \$988,324 and excluding the \$382,182 revenue deficiency in Docket No. 17-00091.

⁹ Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1.

¹⁰ See Atmos responses to Consumer Advocate Discovery Requests 1-1, 1-4 and 1-7.

1		
2	Q10.	HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE CALCULATIONS SUPPORTING THE
3		PROPOSED RATE ADJUSTMENT IN ATMOS' REVISED ARM
4		RECONCILIATION FILING?
5	A10.	Yes. I reviewed the Company's revised filing. I also prepared discovery requests
6		for supplemental supporting information that was not contained in the filing. In
7		addition, I have had discussions with Atmos regarding the filing. The purpose of
8		my review was to determine whether Atmos' ARM reconciliation was based on
9		actual amounts recorded on its books.
10		
11	Q11.	WHAT WERE THE RESULTS OF YOUR REVIEW?
12	A11.	Overall, I found that Atmos' filing appropriately reconciled the actual revenues,
13		expenses and net investment to the amounts recorded on the Company's ledger.
14		Likewise, other than as noted within my testimony, I also found that the
15		reconciliation generally reflected the methodologies established in Docket No. 14-
16		00146.
17		
18		However, there were certain adjustments contained in this reconciliation filing
19		that I disagree with as outlined below.
20		1. Atmos has calculated its capital structure for the ARM reconciliation period
21		by using the end-of-period balances at May 31, 2018 for long-term debt and
22		stockholder's equity rather than using the thirteen-month average balances

recorded on the books.

2.	Atmos has calculated certain expenses for its long-term debt costs for the
	ARM reconciliation period by "annualizing" these expenses based upon the
	amounts recorded for May 31, 2018 rather than using the actual twelve
	months-to-date expense recorded on the books.

- 3. Atmos has incorrectly calculated the forfeited discount ratio and the uncollectible expense ratio that are included as components in the revenue conversion factor, by basing them on gross margin instead of revenues.
- 4. Atmos has incorrectly calculated Allowance for Funds Used During

 Construction in the ARM reconciliation by using an incorrect tax rate.

In addition to these items, Atmos has also used a pro forma statutory rate of 29.26% to calculate income taxes. While I do agree with using this rate in the current ARM reconciliation, I believe that its calculation merits more discussion than what was included in Atmos' filing.

As shown on Schedule 1 of the Consumer Advocate Exhibit, which I have included as Attachment WHN-2 to my testimony, these adjustments, along with the adjustments proposed by Consumer Advocate witness David N. Dittemore, reduce the Company's revised Reconciliation Revenue Requirement from \$-2,771,312 to \$-4,282,190.¹¹ A detailed discussion for each of the issues I've identified along with my recommendations for resolution of these issues follows.

¹¹ Attachment WHN-2, Schedule 1, Line 8.

T	END_O	F_PFRIOD	CAPITAL	STRUCTURE
	- F. N I J-U J		A CILAL	

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3	<i>Q12</i> .	MR. NOVAK, PLEASE DESCRIBE ATMOS' METHODOLOGY FOR
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4 CALCULATING THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE FOR LONG-TERM DEBT

AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY IN THE ARM RECONCILIATION

6 CALCULATION.

7 A12. To calculate the capital structure for long-term debt and equity, Atmos takes the

balance per books at the end of the ARM reconciliation period (May 31, 2018) of

\$3,068,173,679 and \$4,738,600,109 respectively. 12

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Q13. DOES ATMOS USE THIS SAME END-OF-PERIOD METHODOLOGY FOR

12 INCLUDING SHORT-TERM DEBT IN THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE?

13 A13. No. For the short-term debt component of the capital structure, Atmos calculated

the average daily balance over the entire ARM reconciliation period (June 1, 2017

through May 31, 2018) of \$313,822,226.13 The monthly balances of short-term

debt, long-term debt and stockholder's equity during the reconciliation period are

presented below in Table 2.

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 12 Workpaper 9-1 of Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1, $\,$

Workpaper 9-1 of Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1

T	Table 2 – Capital Structure Components ¹⁴		
	Short-Term	Long-Term	Stockholder's
	Debt	Debt	Equity
May 2017	\$629,857,849	\$2,564,900,664	\$3,864,281,638
June	258,573,382	3,066,734,196	3,901,710,103
July	262,202,530	3,066,772,607	3,923,183,120
August	362,721,572	3,066,904,472	3,876,930,951
September	447,745,269	3,067,045,493	3,898,665,243
October	572,550,587	3,067,186,075	3,933,727,046
November	657,589,375	3,067,327,541	3,925,107,994
December	336,816,272	3,067,468,566	4,563,619,781
January 2018	268,675,526	3,067,609,586	4,666,561,070
February	215,748,079	3,067,750,610	4,695,448,924
March	129,601,816	3,067,891,634	4,721,346,388
April	109,795,722	3,068,032,655	4,768,024,508
May	143,843,586	3,068,173,679	4,738,600,109
Average	\$313,822,226	\$3,028,753,675	\$4,267,477,452

2

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Q14. DO YOU AGREE WITH ATMOS' METHODOLOGY FOR CALCULATING

CAPITAL STRUCTURE?

A14. No. The ultimate purpose of the ARM reconciliation mechanism is to true-up the actual allowable return earned to the return authorized by the Commission in Atmos's last rate case. By utilizing the end-of-period balances for long-term debt and stockholder's equity, Atmos has mismatched the capital structure with the average rate base that was necessary to produce the rate of return over the ARM reconciliation period. In addition, mismatching the different periods used by Atmos for short-term debt against long-term debt and stockholder's equity only exacerbates this issue.

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¹⁴ Workpaper 9-2 of Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1,

1	Q15.	WHAT IS ATMOS' RATIONALE FOR USING THE END-OF-PERIOD
2		BALANCES FOR LONG-TERM DEBT AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
3		TO CALCULATE THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE FOR THE ARM
4		RECONCILIATION PERIOD?
5	A15.	Atmos claims that their methodology for computing capital structure "is done
6		in accordance with the Approved Methodologies" of the Settlement Agreement in
7		Docket No. 14-00146.15 A review of the Settlement Agreement does show that the
8		structure for the cost of debt and equity are to be taken from the balances at the
9		end of each historic period as Atmos has done in this filing. ¹⁶ However, as shown
10		above, the use of this procedure skews the capital structure with the rate base that
11		was necessary to produce the rate of return over the ARM reconciliation period.
12		
13	Q16.	WHAT ACTION DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION TAKE
14		WITH RESPECT TO THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE CALCULATION?
15	A16.	I recommend that the Commission reject Atmos' use of the end-of-period
16		balances for calculating the capital structure. Instead, I would recommend that
17		the Commission recognize the thirteen-month average balances of \$3,028,753,675
18		and \$4,267,477,452 as the appropriate amounts for long-term debt and
19		stockholder's equity respectively in the capital structure calculation since they
20		represent the amounts that provided the average rate base during the ARM
21		reconciliation period. However, I do agree with Atmos' methodology for
22		calculating the average short-term debt cost in the capital structure of

Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 3-11.
 Settlement Agreement in Docket 14-00146, Item 131(i), Pages 25-25.

\$313,822,226 since it is based on the average balance over the ARM reconciliation period.

3

4 Q17. WHAT IS THE IMPACT ON THE CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF CHANGING
5 FROM THE END-OF-PERIOD BALANCES FOR LONG-TERM DEBT AND
6 STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY TO THE AVERAGE BALANCE DURING THE
7 RECONCILIATION PERIOD?

A17. As shown on Table 3 below, changing the capital structure to a 13-month average balance for long-term debt and stockholder's equity reduces the overall rate of return from 7.78% to 7.66%.

11

	Table 3 – Capital	Structure Compa	arison ¹⁷	
Description	Amount	Structure	Cost	Weighted Cost
Atmos Proposed Ca	pital Structure:			
Short-Term Debt	\$313,822,226	3.86%	2.27%	0.09%
Long-Term Debt	3,068,173,679	37.78%	5.21%	1.97%
Equity	4,738,600,109	58.35%	9.80%	5.72%
Total	\$8,120,596,014	100.00%		7.78%
Consumer Advocate	e Proposed Capita	l Structure:		
Short-Term Debt	\$313,822,226	4.12%	2.27%	0.09%
Long-Term Debt	3,028,753,675	39.80%	5.21%	2.07%
Equity	4,267,477,452	56.08%	9.80%	5.50%
Total	\$7,610,053,353	100.00%		7.66%

12

13

14

15

17 Schedule 9 of Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1:

2

Q18. MR. NOVAK, DOES THE LONG-TERM DEBT COST IN THE ARM RECOGNIZE THE APPROPRIATE CHARGES ON ATMOS BOOKS AND RECORDS DURING THE RECONCILIATION PERIOD?

A18. Not entirely. Two components of long-term debt cost relate to the amortization of costs incurred to "lock-in" interest rates, and the amortization of debt discount. In order to calculate the costs of these two components in the ARM reconciliation,

Atmos "annualized" the monthly expense at May 31, 2018 and used it as a proxy for the twelve-month expense. The monthly expense for these two accounts during the reconciliation period are presented below in Table 4.

Table 4 – Interest	Table 4 – Interest Rate Lock-In and Debt Discount Amortization ¹⁸		
Month	Lock-In Amortization	Discount Amortization	Total
June 2017	\$85,108	\$365,995	\$451,103
July	197,899	363,083	560,982
August	197,899	344,174	542,073
September	197,899	353,084	550,983
October	197,899	342,259	540,158
November	197,899	353,084	550,983
December	197,899	349,020	546,919
January 2018	197,899	350,515	548,414
February	197,899	350,515	548,414
March	197,899	350,515	548,414
April	197,899	350,515	548,414
May	197,899	350,515	548,414
Total	\$2,261,997	\$4,223,274	\$6,485,271
May Annualized	\$2,374,790	\$4,206,175	\$6,580,966
Difference	\$-112,793	\$17,099	\$-95,695

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¹⁸ Workpaper 9-3 of Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1 along with Atmos responses to Consumer Advocate Discovery Requests 1-14 and 1-15.

1	Q19.	DO YOU AGREE WITH ATMOS' METHODOLOGY FOR CALCULATING
2		THE INTEREST RATE LOCK-IN AND DEBT DISCOUNT AMORTIZATION
3		EXPENSE FOR LONG-TERM DEBT COSTS?
4	A19,	No. Again, the ultimate purpose of the ARM reconciliation mechanism is to true-
5		up the actual allowable return earned to the return authorized by the Commission
6		in Atmos's last rate case. Annualizing certain expenses based on the most recent
7		monthly activity circumvents this intent and results in an incorrect calculation.
8		
9	Q20.	WHAT IS ATMOS' RATIONALE FOR ANNUALIZING THE MAY 2018
10		EXPENSE TO CALCULATE THE RECONCILIATION PERIOD EXPENSE
11		FOR THE INTEREST RATE LOCK-IN AND DEBT DISCOUNT
12		AMORTIZATION EXPENSE FOR LONG-TERM DEBT COSTS?
13	A20.	Atmos claims that their methodology for computing capital structure "is done
14		in accordance with the Approved Methodologies" of the Settlement Agreement in
15		Docket No. 14-00146.19 A review of the Settlement Agreement does show that the
16		calculation of these costs in the last rate case was carried out by annualizing the
17		most recent activity. However, the results of that rate case were used specifically
18		to forecast expense activity as opposed to reconciling expense activity in this
19		Docket. As a result, it is inappropriate to use the annualization methodology to
20		reconcile these expenses.

¹⁹ Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Requests 2-8 and 3-16.

1	<i>Q21</i> .	WHAT ACTION DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION TAKE
2		WITH RESPECT TO THESE LONG-TERM DEBT EXPENSES?

A21. I recommend that the Commission reject Atmos' use of annualized expenses for
the interest rate lock-in and debt discount amortizations. While this annualization
method may have been an appropriate forecasting technique in the last rate case, it
is not suitable in a reconciliation docket. Instead, I would recommend that the
Commission recognize the twelve-month expense for these two items that are
shown above on Table 4 as the appropriate amounts.

9

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Q22. WHAT IS THE IMPACT OF CHANGING FROM USING THE

ANNUALIZED EXPENSES FOR THE INTEREST RATE LOCK-IN AND

DEBT DISCOUNT AMORTIZATIONS TO THE TWELVE MONTH-TO-

DATE EXPENSE ON LONG-TERM DEBT RATE?

As shown above on Table 4, Atmos overstated the interest rate lock-in A22. 14 amortization by \$-112,793 while at the same time understated the debt discount 15 amortization by \$17,099 from annualizing these costs. As a result, for this 16 Docket, the net impact is an overstatement of expense by \$-95,695. Because this 17 amount is relatively insignificant to total debt cost, it does not change the overall 18 long-term debt rate of 5.21% shown above on Table 3. However, this does not 19 mean that this change in methodology would not be material in future 20 reconciliation dockets which is another reason why it should be implemented in 21 this Docket. 22

III. FORFEITED DISCOUNT AND UNCOLLECTIBLE EXPENSE RATIO

CALCULATIONS

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1

2

4 Q23. MR. NOVAK, HAVE YOU REVIEWED ATMOS' CALCULATION OF THE 5 FORFEITED DISCOUNT AND UNCOLLECTIBLE EXPENSE RATIOS?

A23. Yes. Atmos calculates the forfeited discount and uncollectible expense ratios by taking the appropriate amount for the ARM reconciliation period and dividing by the operating margin as shown below in Table 5. These ratios are then used in the revenue conversion factor to "gross-up" any operating margin surplus or deficiency to a revenue surplus or deficiency.

11

	eited Discount and	
Uncollectible Expen	se Ratio Calculations ²	20
	Forfeited	Uncollectible
Item	Discounts	Expense
Atmos Calculation:		
ARM Reconciliation Amount	\$678,714	\$268,238
Operating Margin	70,668,366	66,096,621
Ratio	0.009604	0.004058
Consumer Advocate Calculation:		6
ARM Reconciliation Amount	\$800,893	\$268,238
Operating Revenue	155,003,415	155,003,415
Ratio	0.005167	0.001731

12

13 Q24. WHY ARE THE FORFEITED DISCOUNT AND UNCOLLECTIBLE 14 EXPENSE RATIOS DIFFERENT IN THE ATMOS AND THE CONSUMER 15 ADVOCATE CALCULATIONS?

²⁰ Workpaper 8-2 of Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1 and Schedule 7 of Consumer Advocate Exhibit.

1	A24.	The calculations are different for a couple of reasons. First, it appears that Atmos
2		has incorrectly used the forfeited discounts of \$678,714 from the last rate case
3		instead of the \$800,893 balance from the current ARM reconciliation period.
4		Secondly, Atmos has incorrectly used the operating margin instead of the
5		operating revenues from the current ARM reconciliation period to calculate these
6		ratios.

8

9

10

Q25. WHY SHOULD OPERATING REVENUES INSTEAD OF OPERATING

MARGIN BE USED IN THE FORFEITED DISCOUNT AND

UNCOLLECTIBLE EXPENSE RATIO CALCULATIONS?

11 A25. Because the purpose of these two ratios is to convert any operating margin
12 deficiency or surplus approved by the Commission into operating revenues as
13 shown on Consumer Advocate Exhibit, Schedule 7. Basing these ratios on
14 operating margin would overstate their impact.

15

16

17

Q26. WHAT IS ATMOS' RATIONALE FOR BASING THESE RATIOS ON OPERATING MARGIN?

A26. Atmos appears to agree that the forfeited discount ratio is calculated in error but
believes that it is somehow done in accordance with the Approved Methodologies
from Docket No. 14-00146.²¹ For the uncollectible expense ratio, Atmos also
appears to believe that it is somehow done in accordance with the Approved
Methodologies from Docket No. 14-00146 and should be based on operating

²¹ Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 3-12.

1		margin since any gas cost related to uncollectible expense is recovered separately
2		through the PGA mechanism. ²² However, Atmos' response for the uncollectible
3		expense ratio ignores that this factor is used to convert operating margin into
4		revenues as previously noted.
5		
6	Q27.	WHAT ACTION DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION TAKE
7		WITH RESPECT TO THE CALCULATION OF THE FORFEITED
8		DISCOUNT AND UNCOLLECTIBLE EXPENSE RATIOS?
9	A27.	I recommend that the Commission adopt the current ARM reconciliation period
10		amounts for the forfeited discount and uncollectible expense ratio calculations. I
11		also recommend that the Commission adopt the current ARM reconciliation
12		period revenues for the forfeited discount and uncollectible expense ratio
13		calculations. Approval of both of these provisions in these calculations results in
14		a forfeited discount ratio of 0.005167 and an uncollectible expense ratio of
15		0.001731 as shown on Table 5.
16		
17		
18		
19		

²² Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 3-13.

IV. ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION

2

4

1

3 Q28. MR. NOVAK, DID YOU REVIEW ATMOS' CALCULATION OF THE

ALLOWANCE FOR FUNDS USED DURING CONSTRUCTION?

Yes. Allowance for Funds Used During Construction, or AFUDC, represents

capitalized finance costs associated with construction projects. During the ARM

reconciliation period, Atmos recorded \$226,731 on its books for AFUDC. This

amount was then "grossed-up" for its related tax impact for recovery through the

ARM reconciliation as shown below on Table 6.

Table 6 – Allowance 1 During Constr		
Item	Tax Rate	AFUDC
Atmos Calculation:		
AFUDC Recorded		\$226,730
Less State Excise Tax Impact	7.90%	-17,912
Less Federal Income Tax Impact	21.00%	-43,852
AFUDC for ARM Recovery		\$164,966
Consumer Advocate Calculation:		
AFUDC Recorded		\$226,730
Less State Excise Tax Impact	6.50%	-14,738
Less Federal Income Tax Impact	29.26%	-62,029
AFUDC for ARM Recovery		\$149,964

10

11

Q29. DO YOU AGREE WITH ATMOS' CALCULATION OF AFUDC FOR ARM

12 **RECOVERY?**

13 A29. I agree with the methodology used by Atmos for calculating AFUDC, however I
14 disagree with the tax rates used by Atmos. Specifically, Atmos has used an

²³ Workpaper 1-2 of Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1 and Schedule 4 of Consumer Advocate Exhibit.

1		incorrect state excise tax rate of 7.9% in its AFUDC calculation. ²⁴ Atmos has
2		also incorrectly used the new federal tax rate of 21.00% in the AFUDC
3		calculation instead of the pro forma blended rate of 29.26% that reflects a
4		weighted average of both the previous 35.00% rate as well as the current 21.00%
5		rate. ²⁵
6		
7	Q30.	WHAT ACTION DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION TAKE
8		WITH RESPECT TO AFUDC?
9	A30.	I recommend that the Commission adopt \$149,964 as the appropriate amount of
10		AFUDC for inclusion in the current ARM reconciliation since it reflects the
11		appropriate state and federal tax rates. This amount has been reflected on
12		Schedule 4 of the Consumer Advocate Exhibit.
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
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20		
21		
22		

Atmos appears to concede to the error in using the incorrect state excise tax rate in its response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-15.
 This blended rate is discussed later in my testimony.

V. PRO FORMA FEDERAL INCOME TAX RATE

2

3 Q31. MR. NOVAK, WHAT FEDERAL INCOME TAX RATE HAS ATMOS

4 INCORPORATED INTO THE CURRENT ARM RECONCILIATION

5 **FILING?**

A31. Atmos has incorporated a blended federal income tax rate of 29.26% in its ARM reconciliation filing that reflects a weighted average of both the previous 35.00% tax rate as well as the current 21.00% tax rate.²⁶

9

10 Q32. HOW IS THIS BLENDED FEDERAL INCOME TAX RATE OF 29.26%

11 *CALCULATED?*

12 A32. The 29.26% blended federal income tax rate is calculated by weighting the
13 number of days in the ARM reconciliation period at the previous 35% tax rate
14 prior to 2018 with the current 21% tax rate after 2017. This calculation is shown
15 below on Table 7.

Table 7 - Calculation of Blended Federal Income Tax Rate ²⁷						
ARM Reconciliation			Tax	Weighted		
Period	Days	Percent	Rate	Rate		
Days from 6/1/17 – 12/31/17	214	59.00%	35.00%	20.65%		
Days from 1/1/18 – 5/31/18	151	41.00%	21.00%	8.61%		
Total	365	100.00		29.26%		

16

17

18

Q33. DO YOU AGREE WITH ATMOS' CALCULATION OF THIS BLENDED FEDERAL INCOME TAX RATE OF 29.26%?

²⁶ Workpaper 8-2 of Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 1-1.

²⁷ Atmos response to Consumer Advocate Discovery Request 3-14.

- 1 A33. Yes. The blended rate of 29.26% appropriately captures the two different tax
- 2 rates in the ARM reconciliation period, and I have incorporated this rate into the
- 3 Consumer Advocate Exhibit.²⁸ As a result, I recommend that the Commission
- adopt this blended rate of 29.26% as appropriate for this ARM reconciliation.

- 6 Q34. DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 7 A34. Yes, it does. However, I reserve the right to incorporate any new information that
- 8 may subsequently become available.

 $^{^{28}}$ CPAD Exhibit, Schedules 6 and 7_{\odot}

ATTACHMENT WHN-1 William H. Novak Vitae

William H. Novak

19 Morning Arbor Place The Woodlands, TX 77381

Phone: 713-298-1760

Email: halnovak@whnconsulting.com

Areas of Specialization

Over thirty-five years of experience in regulatory affairs and forecasting of financial information in the rate setting process for electric, gas, water and wastewater utilities. Presented testimony and analysis for state commissions on regulatory issues in four states and has presented testimony before the FERC on electric issues.

Relevant Experience

WHN Consulting - September 2004 to Present

In 2004, established WHN Consulting to provide utility consulting and expert testimony for energy and water utilities. WHN Consulting is a "complete needs" utility regulation firm able to provide clients with assistance in all areas of utility rate analysis. Since 2004, WHN Consulting has provided assistance to public utility commissions and state consumer advocates in over ten state jurisdictions. Some of the topics and issues that WHN Consulting has presented testimony for include net metering, alternative rate regulation, revenue requirement calculations in rate cases, class cost of service studies, rate design, deferred income tax calculations, purchased gas costs, purchased power costs, and weather normalization studies.

Sequent Energy Management - February 2001 to July 2003

Vice-President of Regulatory Compliance for approximately two years with Sequent Energy Management, a gas trading and optimization affiliate of AGL Resources. In that capacity, directed the duties of the regulatory compliance department, and reviewed and analyzed all regulatory filings and controls to ensure compliance with federal and state regulatory guidelines. Engaged and oversaw the work of a number of regulatory consultants and attorneys in various states where Sequent has operations. Identified asset management opportunities and regulatory issues for Sequent in various states. Presented regulatory proposals and testimony to eliminate wholesale gas rate fluctuations through hedging of all wholesale gas purchases for utilities. Also prepared testimony to allow gas marketers to compete with utilities for the transportation of wholesale gas to industrial users.

Atlanta Gas Light Company - April 1999 to February 2001

Director of Rates and Regulatory Analysis for approximately two years with AGL Resources, a public utility holding company serving approximately 1.9 million customers in Georgia, Tennessee, and Virginia. In that capacity, was instrumental in leading

Atlanta Gas Light Company through the most complete and comprehensive gas deregulation process in the country that involved terminating the utility's traditional gas recovery mechanism and instead allowing all 1.5 million AGL Resources customers in Georgia to choose their own gas marketer. Also responsible for all gas deregulation filings, as well as preparing and defending gas cost recovery and rate filings. Initiated a weather normalization adjustment in Virginia to track adjustments to company's revenues based on departures from normal weather. Analyzed the regulatory impacts of potential acquisition targets.

Tennessee Regulatory Authority - Aug. 1982 to Apr 1999; Jul 2003 to Sep 2004

Employed by the Tennessee Regulatory Authority (formerly the Tennessee Public Service Commission) for approximately 19 years, culminating as Chief of the Energy and Water Division. Responsible for directing the division's compliance and rate setting process for all gas, electric, and water utilities. Either presented analysis and testimony or advised the Commissioners/Directors on policy setting issues, including utility rate cases, electric and gas deregulation, gas cost recovery, weather normalization recovery, and various accounting related issues. Responsible for leading and supervising the purchased gas adjustment (PGA) and gas cost recovery calculation for all gas utilities. Responsible for overseeing the work of all energy and water consultants hired by the TRA for management audits of gas, electric and water utilities. Implemented a weather normalization process for water utilities that was adopted by the Commission and adopted by American Water Works Company in regulatory proceedings outside of Tennessee.

Education

B.A, Accounting, Middle Tennessee State University, 1981 MBA, Middle Tennessee State University, 1997

Professional

Certified Public Accountant (CPA), Tennessee Certificate # 7388
Certified Management Accountant (CMA), Certificate # 7880
Former Vice-Chairman of National Association of Regulatory Utility Commission's Subcommittee on Natural Gas

Witness History for William H. Novak, CPA Selected Cases

	Company/sponsor	Year	Assignment	Docket
Louisiana	CenterPoint Energy/Louisiana PSC	2011	Audit of PGA Filings from 2002 - 2008 of CenterPoint Arkla	<u>S-32534</u>
	CenterPoint Energy/Louisiana PSC	2011	Audit of PGA Filings from 2002 - 2008 of CenterPoint Entex	S-32537
	Louisiana Electric Utilities/Louisiana PSC	2012	Technical Consultant for Impact of Net Meter Subsidy on other Electric Customers	R-31417
Tennessee	Aqua Utilities/Aqua Utilities	2006	Presentation of Rate Case on behal of Aqua Utilities	06-00187
	Atmos Energy Corporation/Atmos Intervention Group	2007	Rate design for Industrial Intervenor Group	07-00105
	Bristol TN Essential Services/BTES	2009	Audit of Cost Allocation Manual	05-00251
	Chattanooga Manufacturers Association/CMA	2009	Spokesperson for Industrial Natural Gas Users before the Tennessee State Legislature	HB-1349
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company/Tennessee AG	2011	Rate Case Audit - Revenue, Class Cost of Service Study & Rate Design	11-00144
	Tennessee-American Water Company/Tennessee AG	2012	Rate Case Audit - Revenues, Rate Base, Class Cost of Service Study and Rate Design	12-00049
	Tennessee-American Water Company/Tennessee AG	2013-2017	Atternative Regulation - Audit of Budget & True-up Filings, Rate Design	16-00126
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company/Tennessee AG	2013-2017	Alternative Regulation - Audit of Budget & True-up Filings, Rate Design	16-00140
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company/Tennessee AG	2014	Audit of Recovery of Compressed Natural Gas Infrastructure Costs	14-00086
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company/Tennessee AG	2014	Audit of Accumulated Deferred Federal Income Tax	14-00017
	Atmos Energy Corporation/Tennessee AG	2014	Rate Case Audit - Revenues, O&M Expenses, Rate Base and Rate Design	14-00146
	Atmos Energy Corporation/Tennessee AG	2015-2017	Alternative Regulation - Audit of Budget & True-up Filings, Rate Design	16-00105
	B&W Gas Company/B&W	2015	Presentation of Rate Case on behalf of B&W Gas Company	15-00042
	AEP & Kingsport Power/Tennessee AG	2015	Audit of Storm Costs and Rate Recovery	15-00024
	AEP & Kingsport Power/Tennessee AG	2016	Rate Case Audit - Revenue, Rate Base, Class Cost of Service Study & Rate Design	16-00001
Alabama	Jefferson County (Birmingham) Wastewater/Alabama AG	2013	Bankruptcy Filing - Allowable Costs and Rate Design	2009-2318
Illinois	Peoples & North Shore Gas Cos/Illinois Commerce Comm.	2007	Management Audit of Gas Purchasing Practices	06-0556
New Mexico	Southwestern Public Service Co/New Mexico PRC	2010	Financial Audit of Fuel Costs for 2009 and 2010	09-00351-UT
New York	National Grid/New York PSC	2011	Audit of Affiliate Relationships and Transactions	10-M-0451
Ohio	Ohio-American Water Company/Ohio Consumers' Counsel	2010	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	09-0391-WS-AIR
	Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio/Ohio Consumers' Counsel	2008	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	07-1080-GA-AIR
	Duke Energy-Ohio/Public Utilities Commission of Ohio	2009	Focused Management Audit of Fuel & Purchased Power (FPP Riders)	07-0723-EL-UNC
Texas	Center Point Energy/Texas AG	2009	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	GUD 9902
	Sharyland Utilities/St. Lawrence Cotton Growers Assn.	2017	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	PUC 45414
North Carolina	Aqua Utilities/PSS Legal Fund	2011	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	W-218, Sub-319
Washington DC	Washington Gas Light Co./Public Service Comm of DC	2011	Audit of Taniff Rider for Infrastructure Replacement Costs	1027
NARUC	National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners	2015	Presentation of Regulatory Issues with Net Metering Customers on Rates of Electric Utilities	

ATTACHMENT WHN-2 Consumer Advocate Exhibit

BEFORE THE TENNESSEE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

EXHIBIT

OF

THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE UNIT OF THE OFFICE OF THE TENNESSEE ATTORNEY GENERAL

January 9, 2019

INDEX TO SCHEDULES For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

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ARM Reconciliation Revenue Deficiency/Surplus For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

		ARM	ARM	Docket 1	8-00097
Line No.	Rate Base	Reconciliation <u>16-00105</u> A/ \$ 253,040,062	Reconciliation <u>17-00091</u> B/ \$ 278,474,552	Atmos Amended C/ \$ 311,532,072	CPAD D/
2	Operating Income At Current Rates	15,885,421	20,599,391	26,080,313	26,058,196
3	Earned Rate Of Return	6,28%	7.40%	8.37%	8.60%
4	Fair Rate Of Return	7.57%	7.47%	7.78%	7.66%
5	Required Operating Income	19,155,134	20,802,049	24,237,195	23,215,909
6	Operating Income Deficiency	3,269,713	202,658	-1,843,118	-2,842,287
7	Gross Revenue Conversion Factor	1.631900	1.632800	1.503600	1.506600
8	Revenue Deficiency Before Tax Adj.	\$5,335,844	\$330,900	\$2,771,312	\$4,282,190
9	Actual Income Taxes	\$ 7,120,772			
10	Calculated Income Taxes	8,470,641			
11	Income Tax True-Up	\$1,349,869_			
12	Revenue Deficiency After Tax Adj.	\$ 3,985,975	\$ 330,900	\$ -2,771,312	\$ -4,282,190
13	Carrying Cost (2 Years)	626,318	51,283	-447,990	-681,157
14	Total Revenue Deficiency	\$ 4,612,293	\$ 382,183	\$3,219,302	\$4,963,347

A/ Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement of 12/16/16 in Docket 16-00105.
B/ Company Rebuttal Exhibit GKW-1 in Docket 17-00091.
C/ Company Amended Reconciliation Model filed in response to Consumer Advocate data request 1-1.
D/ CPAD Workpapers.

Average Rate Base For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

		ARM	ARM	Docket 18-00097		
Line No.		Reconciliation 16-00105 A/	Reconciliation 17-00091 B/	Atmos Amended	CI	CPAD D/
140.	Additions:	10-00103 A	B/	Amended	_ 0′	CIAD_DI
Ĩ	Utility Plant in Service	\$ 476,544,021	\$ 508,719,238	\$ 546,605,03	30 \$	546,606,504
2	Construction Work in Progress	8,493,083	12,056,378	18,629,89) 0	18,629,921
3	Gas Inventory	4,684,648	3,964,592	4,555,95	55	4,555,962
4	Materials & Supplies	7,377	32,260	31,50)4	31,504
5	Deferred Regulatory Costs	973,868	324,623	-13,496,56	39	-13,496,568
6	Intercompany Leased Property	5,774,164	5,801,552	5,495,20)1	5,495,201
7	Working Capital	1,066,982	1,302,674	1,129,48	33	1,355,694
8	Total Additions	\$ <u>497,544,143</u>	\$ 532,201,317	\$ 562,950,49	\$	563,178,217
	Deductions:					
9	Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 189,995,951	\$ 196,883,898	\$ 204,625,54	42 \$	204,625,920
10	Capitalized Incentive Compensation	0	2,475,263	3,401,98	37	3,401,987
11	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	49,647,283	50,680,474	41,694,82	23	50,374,485
12	Operating Reserves	0	0		0	0
13	Customer Advances for Construction	76,428	37,337	19,99	95	19,995
14	Customer Deposits	4,717,109	3,596,656	1,624,02	26	1,624,026
15	Accumulated Interest on Customer Deposits	67,310	53,137	52,04	49	52,049
16	Total Deductions	\$ 244,504,081	\$ 253,726,765	\$ 251,418,42	<u>22</u> \$	260,098,462
17	Rate Base	\$ 253,040,062	\$_278,474,552	\$ 311,532,0	72 \$	303,079,756

A/ Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement of 12/16/16 in Docket 16-00105.

B/ Company Rebuttal Exhibit GKW-1 in Docket 17-00091.

C/ Company Amended Reconciliation Model filed in response to CPAD data request 1-1.

D/ Consumer Advocate Workpapers.

Lead Lag Results
For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

		ARM	ARM	Docket 18-0	0097
Line No.		Reconciliation 16-00105 A/	Reconciliation 17-00091B/	Atmos Amended C/	CPAD D/
4	Revenue Lag	37.50	37.50	37.50	37.50
2	Expense Lag	33.97	33,59	34.70	34.20
3	Net Lag	3.53	3.91	2.80	3.30
4	Daily Cost of Service	\$302,685	\$333,159	\$ 404,028 \$	411,314
5	Lead Lag Study	\$ 1,066,982	\$ 1,302,674	\$1,129,483\$	1,355,694

A/ Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement of 12/16/16 in Docket 16-00105.
B/ Company Rebuttal Exhibit GKW-1 in Docket 17-00091.
C/ Company Amended Reconciliation Model filed in response to CPAD data request 1-1.
D/ Consumer Advocate Workpapers.

Income Statement at Current Rates For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

		ARM	ARM	Docket	18-00097
Line		Reconciliation	Reconcillation	Atmos	00.00
No.	_	16-00105A/	17-00091B/	Amended C/	CPADD/
	Operating Revenues:				
1	Gas Sales & Transportation Revenues	\$ 105,542,954	\$ 120,146,893	\$ 149,152,107	\$ 149,152,107
2	Other Revenues	1,040,691	1,111,750	1,239,009	1,239,009
3	AFUDC	41,170	69,679	164,966	149,964
4	Total Operating Revenue	\$ 106,624,815	\$ 121,328,322	\$150,556,082	\$ 150,541,080
	Operating & Maintenance Expenses:				
5	Purchased Gas Expense	\$ 42,105,404	\$ 49,958,064	\$ 73,565,057	\$ 73,565,060
6	Operations & Maintenance - Labor	7,710,404	8,010,809	7,780,145	7,780,145
7	Operations & Maintenance - NonLabor	15,301,031	13,711,916	12,931,857	12,93 <u>1,859</u>
8	Total O&M Expenses	\$ 65,116,839	\$ 71,680,789	\$ <u>94,277,059</u>	\$ 94,277,064
	Other Expenses:				
9	Depreciation Expense	\$ 11,498,891	\$ 11,858,675	\$ 12,652,532	\$ 12,652,533
10	Interest on Customer Deposits	167,831	132,163	78,864	78,864
11	General Taxes	7,551,324	7,743,266	7,486,379	7,486,379
12	State Excise Taxes	1,061,295	1,543,435	1,916,117	1,917,482
13	Federal Income Taxes	5,343,214	7,770,603	8,064,818	8,070,562
14	Total Other Expenses	\$ 25,622,555	\$ 29,048,142	\$ 30,198,710	\$ 30,205,820
15	Total Operating Expenses	\$90,739,394	\$ 100,728,931	\$124,475,769	\$124,482,884
16	Utility Operating Income	\$ <u>15,885,421</u>	\$ 20,599,391	\$ 26,080,313	\$ 26,058,196

A/ Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement of 12/16/16 in Docket 16-00105.
B/ Company Rebuttal Exhibit GKW-1 in Docket 17-00091.
C/ Company Amended Reconciliation Model filed in response to CPAD data request 1-1.
D/ Consumer Advocate Workpapers.

Taxes Other than Income Income Taxes For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

		ARM	ARM	Docket 18-00	097
Line No. 1	Property Taxes	Reconciliation 16-00105 A/ \$ 4,156,162	Reconciliation <u>17-00091</u> B/ \$ 4,473,319	Atmos Amended \$ 4,678,803 \$	CPAD D/
2	TPUC Inspection Fee	641,342	552,733	494,731	494,731
3	Payroll Taxes	579,317	615,849	610,344	610,344
4	Franchise Tax	707,000	722,167	788,497	788,497
5	Gross Receipts Tax	1,447,204	1,369,230	881,921	881,921
6	Allocated & Other Taxes	20,299	9,968	32,083	32,083
7	Total	\$ 7,551,324	\$7,743,266	\$ 7,486,379 \$	7,486,379

A/ Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement of 12/16/16 in Docket 16-00105.
B/ Company Rebuttal Exhibit GKW-1 in Docket 17-00091.
C/ Company Amended Reconciliation Model filed in response to CPAD data request 1-1.
D/ Consumer Advocate Workpapers.

Excise and Income Taxes
For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

		ARM	ARM	Docket 1	8-00097
Line		Reconciliation	Reconciliation	Atmos	0010 DI
No.		16-00105A/	17-00091 B/	Amended C/	CPAD D/
1	Operating Revenues	\$ <u>106,583,645</u>	\$ 121,258,643	\$ 150,391,116	\$ 150,541,080
	Operating Expenses:				
2	Purchased Gas Expense	\$ 42,105,404	\$ 49,958,064	\$ 73,565,057	\$ 73,565,060
3	O&M Expenses	23,011,435	21,722,725	20,712,003	20,712,004
4	Depreciation Expense	11,498,891	11,858,675	12,652,532	12,652,533
5	Interest on Customer Deposits	167,831	132,163	78,864	78,864
6	General Taxes	7,551,324	7,743,266	7,486,379	7,486,379
7	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 84,334,885	\$ 91,414,893	\$ <u>114,494,835</u>	\$ <u>114,494,840</u>
8	NOI Before Excise and Income Taxes	\$ 22,248,760	\$ 29,843,750	\$ 35,896,281	\$ 36,046,240
9	AFUDC	0	0	0	0
10	Interest Expense	5,921,137	6,098,593	6,417,561	6,546,523
11	Pre-tax Book Income	\$ 16,327,623	\$ 23,745,157	\$ 29,478,720	\$ 29,499,717
12	Schedule M Adjustments	16,327,623_	23,745,157_	29,478,720	29,499,717
13	Excise Taxable Income	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
14	Excise Tax Rate	6.50%	6.50%	6.50%	6.50%
15	Excise Tax Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
16	Excise Tax - Deferred	1,061,295	<u>1,543,435</u>	1,916, <u>117</u>	1,917,482
17	State Excise Tax Expense	\$ 1,061,295	\$ 1,543,435	\$ 1,916,117	\$1,917,482
18	Pre-tax Book Incomé	\$ 16,327,623	\$ 23,745,157	\$ 29,478,720	\$ 29,499,717
19	State Excise Tax Expense	1.061.295	1,543,435	1,916,117	1,917,482
20	Schedule M Adjustments	15,266,327	22,201,722	27,562,603	27,582,236
21	FIT Taxable Income	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
22	FIT Rate	35.00%	35.00%	29.26% E/	29_26%_E/
23	Federal Income Tax Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
24	FIT - Deferred	5,343,214	7,770,603	8,064,818	8,070,562
25	Federal Income Tax Expense	\$ 5,343,214	\$ 7,770,603	\$ 8,064,818	\$ 8,070,562

A/ Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement of 12/16/16 in Docket 16-00105.
B/ Company Rebuttal Exhibit GKW-1 in Docket 17-00091.
C/ Company Amended Reconciliation Model filed in response to CPAD data request 1-1.
D/ Consumer Advocate Workpapers.
E/ Company response to CPAD data request 3-14 in Docket 18-00097.

Revenue Conversion Factor For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

		ARM	ARM	Docket 18-	00097
Line No.		Reconciliation 16-00105 A/	Reconciliation 17-00091 B/	Atmos Amended C/	CPAD D/
1	Tax Rates:				
	Forfeited Discounts	0,010971	0.012535	0.009604	0.005325
2	Uncollectible Ratio	0.002682	0.004752	0.004058	0.001784
	State Excise Tax Rate	0.065000	0.065000	0.065000	0.065000
3	Federal Income Tax Rate	0.350000	0.350000	0.292600	0.292600
4					
	Operating Revenues	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
5	Forfeited Discount Adjustment	0,010971	0.012535	0.009604	0.005325
	Balance	1.010971	1.012535	1.009604	1.005325
6					
	Uncollectible Ratio Adjustment	0.002711	-0.004812	0.004097	<u>-0.001793</u>
7	Balance	1.008260	1.007723	1.005507	1.003532
8	State Excise Tax Adjustment	-0.065537	-0.065502	-0.065358	-0.065230
	Balance	0.942723	0.942221	0.940149	0.938302
9					
	Federal Income Tax Adjustment	-0.329953	-0.329777	-0.275088	-0.274547
10	Balance	0.612770	0.612444	0.665061	0.663755
	Revenue Conversion Factor	1,631900	1.632800	1.503600	1.506600

A/ Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement of 12/16/16 in Docket 16-00105.
B/ Company Rebuttal Exhibit GKW-1 in Docket 17-00091.
C/ Company Amended Reconciliation Model filed in response to CPAD data request 1-1,
D/ Consumer Advocate Workpapers.

Rate of Return Summary For the 12 Months Ending May 31, 2018

		ARM	ARM	Docket 18-00097	
Line		Reconciliation	Reconciliation	Atmos	
No.	Class of Capital	16-00105 A/	17-00091 B/	Amended C/	CPAD D
	Capital Structure:				
1	Short-Term Debt	8.55%	10.41%	3.86%	4.12%
2	Long-Term Debt	38.11%	35.74%	37.78%	39.80%
3	Common Equity	53.34%	53,85%	58.35%	56.08%
4	Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
	Capital Cost:				
5	Short-Term Debt	1.07%	1.24%	2.27%	2.27%
6	Long-Term Debt	5.90%	5.75%	5.21%	5.21%
7	Common Equity	9.80%	9.80%	9.80%	9.80%
	Weighted Cost:				
8	Short-Term Debt	0.09%	0.13%	0.09%	0.09%
9	Long-Term Debt	2.25%	2.06%	1.97%	2.07%
10	Common Equity	5.23%	5.28%	5.72%	5.50%
11	Total	7.57%	7.47%	7.78%	7.66%
	Interest Expense Short-Term Debt:				
12	Rate Base	\$ 253,040,062	\$ 278,474,552	\$ 311,532,072	\$ 303,079,756
13	Short-Term Weighted Debt Cost	0.09%	0.13%	0.09%	0.09%
14	Total Short-Term Debt	\$ 227,736	\$ 362,017	\$ 280,379	\$ 272,772
	Interest Expense Long-Term Debt:				
15	Rate Base	\$ 253,040,062	\$ 278,474,552	\$ 311,532,072	\$ 303,079,756
16	Long-Term Weighted Debt Cost	2.25%	2.06%	<u>1.97%</u>	2.07%
17	Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 5,693,401	\$ 5,736,576	\$ 6,137,182	\$ 6,273,751
18	Total Interest Expense	\$ <u>5,921,137</u>	\$ 6,098,593	\$ <u>6,417,561</u>	\$ 6,546,523

A/ Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement of 12/16/16 in Docket 16-00105.
B/ Company Rebuttal Exhibit GKW-1 in Docket 17-00091.
C/ Company Amended Reconciliation Model filed in response to CPAD data request 1-1.
D/ Consumer Advocate Workpapers.