## BEFORE THE TENNESSEE PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

PETITION OF TENNESSEE-	)	
AMERICAN WATER COMPANY	)	
REGARDING CHANGES TO THE	)	
QUALIFIED INFRASTRUCTURE	)	
INVESTMENT PROGRAM RIDER,	)	Docket No. 17-00020
THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	)	
INVESTMENT RIDER, AND THE	)	
SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL	)	
COMPLIANCE RIDER AND IN	)	
SUPPORT OF THE CALCULATION OF	)	
THE 2017 CAPITAL RIDERS	)	
RECONCILIATION	)	

# of WILLIAM H. NOVAK

ON BEHALF OF
THE CONSUMER PROTECTION AND ADVOCATE DIVISION
OF THE
TENNESSEE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

### IN THE TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY AT NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

IN RE:	)
PETITION OF TENNESSEE AMERICAN	)
WATER COMPANY REGARDING	)
CHANGES TO THE QUALIFIED	)
INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT	) Docket No. 17-00020
PROGRAM RIDER, THE ECONOMIC	)
DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT RIDER,	)
AND THE SAFETY AND	)
ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE RIDER	)
AND IN SUPPORT OF THE CALCULATION	)
OF THE 2017 CAPITAL RECOVERY	)
RIDERS RECONCILIATION	)

#### **AFFIDAVIT**

I, William H. Novak, CPA, on behalf of the Consumer Protection and Advocate Division of the Attorney General's Office, hereby certify that the attached Direct Testimony represents my opinion in the above-referenced case and the opinion of the Consumer Advocate Division.

VILLIAM H. NOVAK

Sworn to and subscribed before me

this day of lune, 2017.

NOTARY PUBLIC

My commission expires: May 6, 2019

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	RECONCILIATION FACTOR CALCULATION	5
II.	CAPITALIZED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION	9
III	EARNINGS TEST ADJUSTMENT	11
IV.	LEDGER SUPPORT FOR CAPITAL RIDER REVENUE	.15
V.	SUMMARY & RATE RECOMMENDATION	.16

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

Attachment WHN-1 Attachment WHN-2

William H. Novak Vitae

Capital Rider Recommendation Impacts

1	Q1.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND
2		OCCUPATION FOR THE RECORD.
3	A1.	My name is William H. Novak. My business address is 19 Morning Arbor Place,
4		The Woodlands, TX, 77381. I am the President of WHN Consulting, a utility
5		consulting and expert witness services company.1
6		
7	Q2.	PLEASE PROVIDE A SUMMARY OF YOUR BACKGROUND AND
8		PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
9	A2.	A detailed description of my educational and professional background is provided
10		in Attachment WHN-1 to my testimony. Briefly, I have both a Bachelor's degree
11		in Business Administration with a major in Accounting and a Master's degree in
12		Business Administration from Middle Tennessee State University. I am a
13		Certified Management Accountant, and am also licensed to practice as a Certified
14		Public Accountant.
15		
16		My work experience has centered on regulated utilities for over 35 years. Before
17		establishing WHN Consulting, I was Chief of the Energy & Water Division of the
18		Tennessee Public Utility Commission (the Commission) where I had either
19		presented testimony or advised the Commission on a host of regulatory issues for

distribution utility with operations in Georgia and Tennessee. I also served for

Analysis for two years with Atlanta Gas Light Company, a natural gas

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over 19 years. In addition, I was previously the Director of Rates & Regulatory

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> State of Tennessee, Registered Accounting Firm ID 3682.

1		two years as the Vice President of Regulatory Compliance for Sequent Energy
2		Management, a natural gas trading and optimization entity in Texas, where I was
3		responsible for ensuring the firm's compliance with state and federal regulatory
4		requirements.
5		
6		In 2004, I established WHN Consulting as a utility consulting and expert witness
7		services company. Since 2004 WHN Consulting has provided testimony or
8		consulting services to state public utility commissions and state consumer
9		advocates in at least ten state jurisdictions as shown in Attachment WHN-1.
10		
11	Q3.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING IN THIS PROCEEDING?
12	A3.	I am testifying on behalf of the Consumer Protection & Advocate Division (the
13		Consumer Advocate) of the Tennessee Attorney General's Office.
14		
15	Q4.	HAVE YOU PRESENTED TESTIMONY IN ANY PREVIOUS CASES
16		CONCERNING TENNESSEE-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY?
17	A4.	Yes. I presented rate case testimony in Docket Nos. U-86-7402, U-87-7534, 89-
18		15388, 91-05224, 93-06946, 10-00189, 12-00149 and 12-00157 concerning
19		Tennessee-American Water Company (TAWC) as well as testimony concerning
20		TAWC in other generic tariff and rulemaking matters. I have also presented
21		testimony concerning TAWC's alternative regulatory mechanisms in Docket Nos
22		13-00130, 14-00121, 15-00001, 15-00029, 15-00111, 16-00022, 16-00126 and
23		16-00148.

#### 1 Q5. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS

#### 2 **PROCEEDING?**

- 3 A5. My testimony will address the calculations supporting TAWC's tariff filing that
- requests authority to implement certain reconciliation surcharges in its Capital
- 5 Riders as shown in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1 – Company Proposed Capital Rider Surcharges<sup>2</sup>

Capital Rider	Current Surcharge	Proposed Surcharge
Qualified Infrastructure Investment Program (QIIP) Rider	7.520%	9.549%
Economic Development Investment (EDI) Rider	0.340%	0.297%
Safety & Environmental Compliance (SEC) Rider	6.090%	5.696%
Total Surcharge	13.950%	15.542%

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#### Q6. WHAT DOCUMENTS HAVE YOU REVIEWED IN PREPARATION OF

#### *YOUR TESTIMONY?*

- 9 A6. I reviewed TAWC's Petition filed on March 1, 2017, along with the
- accompanying tariff schedules. I also reviewed TAWC's testimony and exhibits
- supporting its filing. Finally, I reviewed TAWC's responses to the data requests
- submitted by the Consumer Advocate in this case.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Petitioner's Exhibit, Annual Approved Tariffs – LCB,

1	Q7.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE RELIEF THAT TAWC IS ASKING FROM THE
2		COMMISSION THROUGH ITS PETITION.
3	A7.	TAWC is asking the Commission to implement certain surcharges (shown above
4		in Table 1) based on the reconciliation performed to true-up the difference
5		between the revenue recovered and the actual cost related to the Capital Riders.
6		The overall structure for revenue recovery from these Capital Riders was
7		approved by the Commission in Docket No. 13-00130.
8		
9	Q8.	DID YOU REVIEW THE CALCULATIONS SUPPORTING THE
10		PROPOSED SURCHARGES TO THE CAPITAL RIDERS IN TAWC'S
11		TARIFF FILING?
12	A8.	Yes. I reviewed TAWC's filing supporting the proposed Capital Rider
13		surcharges. In addition, I sampled twelve ledger charges at random relating to
14		EDI, SEC, and QIIP projects to confirm the contractual services amount was
15		supported by invoices for the corresponding work order. I also prepared data
16		requests for supplemental supporting information that was not contained in or
17		readily apparent from the filing.
18		
19	Q9.	WHAT WERE THE RESULTS OF YOUR REVIEW?
20	A9.	I found that TAWC's calculations contained certain structural errors that could
21		not be properly reconciled to the Capital Rider tariff. Specifically, TAWC has
22		included \$307,171 in the current Capital Rider surcharge related to unrecovered
23		revenues from a previous period without any authorization in the tariff. TAWC

has also included the recovery of \$214,037 in capitalized incentive compensation
for Service Company employees within the Capital Riders that was specifically
disallowed in a prior rate case. In addition, TAWC has not provided adequate
documentation detailing its earnings test adjustment calculation that is used to
reduce the Capital Rider surcharge. The Company additionally allocated these
over-earnings to each of the Capital Riders incorrectly. Finally, TAWC has been
unable to adequately post and identify the revenues received from each of the
Capital Rider surcharges (QIIP, EDI and SEC) in its ledger.

#### I. RECONCILIATION FACTOR CALCULATION

# Q10. MR. NOVAK, PLEASE EXPLAIN THE FORMULA FOR THE CAPITAL RIDER RECONCILIATION CALCULATION.

14 A10. The formula for the Capital Rider reconciliation was approved by the
15 Commission in Docket No. 13-00130 and is included in TAWC's tariff.<sup>3</sup>
16 Basically, the formula trues-up the difference between the budget-to-actual costs
17 and revenues and then includes adjustments for interest and an earnings test
18 adjustment. In this current filing TAWC calculated a total reconciliation
19 adjustment to the Capital Riders of \$562,212 as shown in Table 2 below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Petitioner's Exhibit – Current Tariff Sheet No. 12 – Capital Riders – LCB, TRA No. 19, Sheets 12-EDI-5, 12-QIIP-5 and 12-SEC-5.

TABLE 2 - TAWC Proposed Reconciliation Factor Calculation<sup>4</sup>

Reconciliation Component	QIIP	EDI	SEC	Total
Budget-Actual Adjustment	\$393,715	\$46,446	\$-76,333	\$363,828
PLUS Over/Under Collection Adjustment	\$171,542	\$12,410	\$276,148	\$460,100
PLUS 2015 Reconciliation Amount	\$411,519	\$-62,763	\$-41,585	\$307,171
PLUS Earnings Test Adjustment	\$-273,757	\$-10,866	\$-294,613	\$-579,235
PLUS Interest	\$13,182	\$-277	\$-2,557	\$10,348
Annual Reconciliation Adjustment	\$716,202	\$-15,050	\$-138,940	\$562,212
Authorized Revenues (9/12th)	\$35,305,293	\$35,305,293	\$35,305,293	\$35,305,293
Reconciliation Percentage	2.029%	-0.043%	-0.394%	1.592%
Current Surcharge Percentage	7.520%	0.340%	6.090%	13.950%
Total Proposed Surcharge	9.549%	0.297%	5.696%	15.542%

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#### 2 Q11. ARE THERE ANY ISSUES WITH THE FORMULA FOR TAWC'S

#### CAPITAL RIDER RECONCILIATION CALCULATION?

- 4 A11. Yes. As shown in Table 2 above, TAWC has included \$307,171 in the current
- filing as the "2015 Reconciliation Amount". There is no support in the tariff for
- 6 including this amount in the Capital Rider reconciliation calculation.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Company spreadsheet titled "10-TAW\_TRA\_2016\_CapRider\_Recon", "Exhibit Reconciliation" tab included with filing.

012	DID TAUC OFFED	AN EXPLANATION FOR	INICI IIDINIC THE «2015
O12.	DID IAME OFFER	AN EAFLANAIION FOR	INCLUDING THE 2013

#### 2 RECONCILIATION AMOUNT" OF \$307,171?

Yes. The Consumer Advocate requested an explanation from TAWC for
 including the "2015 Reconciliation Amount" in the Capital Rider reconciliation
 calculation in CPAD Request #2-8. TAWC's response to this request referred to

6 its testimony, which reads as follows:

The authorized surcharge amount was proposed based on revenues collected over 2016. For the 2016 Capital Recovery Riders, this was proposed assuming the entire calendar year, but the 2016 Capital Recovery Riders had an effective date of March 15, 2016. The surcharge amount did not change, but was simply applied for a shorter duration than originally proposed. This reduced the overall amount of revenues collected. What this means in practical terms is that there were less actual water revenues to apply the Capital Recovery Riders to than originally proposed.

Additionally, the 2016 Capital Recovery Riders Reconciliation in Docket No. 16-00022 assumed a recovery from April 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016. However, the effective date of the 2016 Capital Recovery Riders Reconciliation was October 11, 2016 and it ended December 31, 2016. This further reduced the overall amount of the revenues collected in 2016.<sup>5</sup>

In summary, it appears that TAWC determined that they did not recover as much reconciliation revenue as originally anticipated during 2016 because the Capital Rider surcharges were only applied from October 11<sup>th</sup> through December 31<sup>st</sup> of that year. As a result, it appears that TAWC is now stating that the entire 2015 reconciliation amount should be included in the 2016 Capital Rider reconciliation calculation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Direct testimony of TAWC witness Bridwell, page 24.

#### O13. IS THIS THE FIRST TIME THAT TAWC HAS MADE SUCH A

#### 2 MODIFICATION TO THE CAPITAL RIDER TARIFF?

A13. No. A review of past Capital Rider reconciliation filings reveals that TAWC also included a prior period reconciliation of \$59,364 in Docket No. 16-00022 but no adjustment in Docket No. 15-00029, resulting in a total prior period modification to the Capital Rider tariff of \$366,535 as shown below on Table 3.

	Docket No.	Docket No.	Docket No.	
Capital Rider	15-00029	16-00022	17-00020	Total
QIIP	\$0	\$89,598	\$411,519	\$501,117
EDI	\$0	\$-52,834	\$-62,763	\$-115,597
SEC	\$0	\$22,600	\$-41,585	\$-18,985
Total Reconciliation Modification	\$0	\$59,364	\$307,171	\$366,535

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#### 8 Q14. DO YOU AGREE WITH TAWC'S PROPOSAL TO INCLUDE \$307,171 AS

#### THE "2015 RECONCILIATION AMOUNT" IN THE 2016

#### 10 **CALCULATION?**

11 A14. No. TAWC's inclusion of \$307,171 for the "2015 Reconciliation Amount" in the
12 2016 Capital Rider calculation as well as the \$59,364 adjustment for the "2014
13 Reconciliation Amount" is inappropriate and results in some double counting
14 since a portion of this amount has already been recovered from customers.
15 Furthermore, the Capital Rider tariff is quite specific as to exact components that
16 are included within the reconciliation calculation, and there is no provision for the

1		uncollected amounts from previous periods. As a result, I recommend that the
2		Commission exclude the total \$366,535 related to the "2015 Reconciliation
3		Amount" and the "2014 Reconciliation Amount" from the 2016 Capital Rider
4		calculation.6
5		
6		II. CAPITALIZED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION
7		
8	Q15.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMMISSION'S POSITION ON INCENTIVE
9		COMPENSATION AS IT RELATES TO TAWC.
10	A15.	The Commission has traditionally disallowed the recovery of incentive
11		compensation on the basis that it would be inappropriate to provide prefunding for
12		incentives through increased rates rather than from incrementally efficient
13		operations. In fact, TAWC's recovery of incentive compensation for service
14		employees was specifically addressed in the Commission's Order in Docket No.
15		10-00189 which reads as follows:
16		The TRA determined that one half of AIP [Annual
17		Incentive Plan] (\$69,619) should be included in Salaries and
18		Wages, since both TAWC and its customers benefit from
19		AIP through higher financial returns to the Company.
20		Regarding the LTIP [Long Term Incentive Plan], this
21		program provides executive or director compensation based
22		on the financial performance of AWWC's stock price. No
23		just and reasonable basis exists for charging ratepayers this
24		type of compensation, which rewards TAWC solely on the
25		basis of financial performance. For ratemaking purposes,
26		therefore, LTIP should be eliminated. <sup>7</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Commission would need to reduce the current "2015 Reconciliation Amount to zero (\$0) and implement a negative balance (\$59,364) to fully offset the "2014 Reconciliation Amount" that was included by TAWC in Docket No. 16-00022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Commission Order in Docket No. 10-00189, Page 63, April 27, 2012.

#### 016. HAS TAWC PROPERLY REMOVED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION

#### FROM THE CAPITAL RIDER CALCULATION?

A16. No. In response to CPAD Data Request #2-5 (Supplemental), TAWC stated

"...Tennessee American determined that none of the expenditures for Tennessee

American employee APP [Annual Performance Plan] or LTPP [Long-Term

Performance Plan] had been capitalized from 2013 through 2016, while a portion

of both APP and LTPP expenditures for Tennessee American's portion of Service

Company employees had been capitalized."

TAWC then went on to identify a total of \$214,037 in incentive compensation that had been capitalized and included in the Capital Rider from 2013 through 2016 as shown below in Table 4.8

TABLE 4 – TAWC Capitalized Incentive Compensation9 % APP LTPP Amount Capitalized Total Capitalized Year **Expenses Expenses** \$34,638 \$178,171 \$67,630 37.96% 2013 \$143,533 \$30,535 \$178,357 \$38,826 21.77% 2014 \$147,822 15.24% \$46,737 2015 \$267,852 \$38,811 \$306,663 \$60,844 11.66% \$57,709 \$521,753 2016 \$464,044 \$161,693 \$1,184,944 \$214,037 18.06% **Total** \$1,023,251

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Per CPAD Request #1-5 (Supplemental), TAWC is unable to determine the amount of incentive compensation applicable to each individual Capital Rider (QIIP, EDI or SEC).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Per CPAD Request #1-5 (Supplemental).

1	Q17	ARE YOU STATING THAT TAWC'S CAPITALIZATION OF
2		INCENTIVE COMPENSATION IS AN ACCOUNTING ERROR?
3	A17.	No. The correct accounting procedure is to capitalize any portion of O&M
4		expense that is appropriately related to capital projects which TAWC has done.
5		However, TAWC has inappropriately converted certain O&M incentive expenses
6		which are specifically disallowable for rate setting purposes into plant in service
7		which it is now seeking to earn a return on and recover in future years.
8		
9		Since the origin of these O&M expenses was for incentive compensation, which
10		is specifically disallowed for rate setting purposes, the capitalization of these
11		incentives should also be disallowed for rate setting purposes. I am therefore
12		recommending that the cumulative capitalized incentive compensation from 2013
13		to 2016 of \$214,037 be excluded from the Capital Rider calculation. In addition,
14		because this is a permanent ongoing adjustment from the amounts recorded on
15		TAWC's books, I would recommend that the Commission direct TAWC to
16		exclude the impact of capitalized incentive compensation in future Capital Rider
17		filings.
18		
19		III. EARNINGS TEST ADJUSTMENT
20		
21	Q18.	MR. NOVAK, PLEASE EXPLAIN THE PURPOSE OF THE EARNINGS
22		TEST ADJUSTMENT CONTAINED IN THE CAPITAL RIDER TARIFF.

1	A18.	The Earnings Test Adjustment was established with the tariff structure in Docket
2		No. 13-00130 as a safety check to make certain that the rate adjustments for the
3		Capital Riders didn't allow TAWC to exceed its authorized rate of return.
4		Specifically, the tariff language relating to the Earnings Test Adjustment reads as
5		follows:
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		If the earnings attained by the Company for the Annual Review Period exceed the earnings allowed for the Annual Review Period by applying the overall rate of return authorized in the Relevant Rate Order, then any such earnings difference shall constitute the Earnings Test Adjustment. If the earnings attained by the Company for the Annual Review Period are less than the earnings allowed for the Annual Review Period by applying the overall rate of return authorized in the Relevant Rate Order, then no Earnings Test Adjustment shall be recognized.  Any Earnings Test Adjustment shall be allocated among the Qualified Infrastructure Improvement Program Rider, the Economic Development Investment Rider, and the Safety and Environmental Compliance Rider based on the pro-rata revenues collected under these riders for the Annual Review Period for purposes of computing new rate adjustments. 10
23		In summary, if the earnings of TAWC exceed the authorized rate of return granted
24		by the Commission, then the Capital Rider surcharges are reduced to a level that
25		brings the rate of return down to the authorized level.
26		
27	Q19.	HAS TAWC EXCEEDED ITS AUTHORIZED RETURN IN THE
28		CURRENT CAPITAL RIDER RECONCILIATION FILING?
29	A19.	Yes. This is the first time since the implementation of the Capital Riders that
30		TAWC has exceeded its authorized rate of return. <sup>11</sup> As shown on Table 2 above,

 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  TAWC Tariff, TRA No. 19, Sheet Nos. 12-QIIP-8, 12-SEC-8 and 12-EDI-8.  $^{11}$   $\it See$  TAWC response to CPAD Request #2-13A.

1		TAWC exceeded its authorized rate of return and reduced the Capital Rider
2		Reconciliation adjustment by \$579,235 through the Earnings Test Adjustment.
3		·
4	Q20.	WERE YOU ABLE TO ADEQUATELY REVIEW TAWC'S EARNINGS
5		TEST ADJUSTMENT?
6	A20.	No. As its base of support for the Earnings Test Adjustment, TAWC utilized its
7		monthly report that is provided to the Commission. While the Commission's
8		monthly report is a useful tool for monitoring accounting activity, in my opinion it
9		is inadequate for making actual adjustments in rate cases and earnings reviews.
10		For that reason, I requested that TAWC provide copies of its ledger supporting the
11		monthly reports to the Commission for 2016. <sup>12</sup>
12		
13	Q21.	DID TAWC PROVIDE THE LEDGER DATA THAT YOU REQUESTED?
14	A21.	No. As a result, I am unable to affirm that TAWC's calculation of the Earnings
15		Test Adjustment is correct since I cannot confirm that these earnings tie to its
16		ledger. Since this is the first time that the Earnings Test Adjustment has been
17		applied, there is no precedent for how this adjustment should be made. However,
18		the Commission's Order establishing the Capital Riders state "(t)he tariffs provide
19		for filing procedures and requirements, including submission of supporting
20		documentation, intended to ensure timely and transparent review of all proposed
21		rate adjustments."13

See TAWC response to CPAD Request # 1-11 and CPAD Request #2-5.
 Commission Order in Docket No. 13-00130, Page 10, Paragraph 5, January 27, 2016.

13

1		Clearly in this case TAWC has not provided supporting documentation for the
2		Earnings Test Adjustment that provides for a transparent review. As a result, I
3		would recommend that the Commission order TAWC to provide a copy of its
4		ledger that fully supports its Earnings Test Adjustment before any change to the
5		Capital Rider is allowed.
6		
7	Q22.	DID TAWC PROPERLY ALLOCATE THE EARNINGS TEST
8		ADJUSTMENT TO EACH OF THE CAPITAL RIDERS (QIIP, EDI &
9		SEC)?
10	A22.	No. As mentioned above, the Capital Rider tariff requires the Earnings Test
11		Adjustment to be allocated on the basis of revenues. Instead, TAWC has
12		allocated the Earnings Test Adjustment to each of the Capital Riders based on
13		the pro-rata pre-tax return on additions. <sup>14</sup>
14		
15	Q23.	DID TAWC AGREE THAT THIS EARNINGS TEST ADJUSTMENT
16		ALLOCATION WAS AN ERROR?
17	A23.	No. TAWC states that "(t)he calculation was not made in error, however, TAWC
18		does agree that the calculation does not match the specific language of the
19		tariff." <sup>15</sup>
20		
21	Q24.	DO YOU AGREE WITH TAWC'S ALLOCATION OF THE EARNINGS
22		TEST ADJUSTMENT?

<sup>14</sup> See TAWC response to CPAD Request #1-7.
15 See TAWC response to CPAD Request #1-7D.

1	A24.	No. If the Earnings Test Adjustment allocation does not comply with the terms of
2		the tariff then it is definitively calculated in error. Although the total amount of
3		the Earnings Test Adjustment will not change, each individual Capital Rider
4		Surcharge (QIIP, SEC, and EDI) will change. If there is truly value in having
5		three separate Capital Riders, there must be value in having these amounts
6		calculated properly instead of arbitrarily using another allocation method. As a
7		result, I would recommend that the Commission order TAWC to provide a proper
8		allocation of the Earnings Test Adjustment that conforms to its tariff before any
9		change to the Capital Rider is allowed.

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#### IV. LEDGER SUPPORT FOR CAPITAL RIDER REVENUE

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# Q25. MR. NOVAK, WERE YOU ABLE TO TIE THE INDIVIDUAL CAPITAL RIDER REVENUE (QIIP, SEC & EDI) TO TAWC'S LEDGER?

15 A25. No. I was not able to tie the revenue reported by TAWC for each individual
16 Capital Rider to the ledger. Instead, only the combined totals for all three Capital
17 Riders can be traced to the TAWC ledger. According to TAWC, the Capital
18 Rider revenues are posted to the ledger in batches to only one account. As a
19 result, I was unable to trace the revenue for each individual Capital Rider to the
20 ledger.

<sup>16</sup> See TAWC response to CPAD Request #2-1.

1	<i>Q26.</i>	WHY IS IT NECESSARY TO TRACE EACH CAPITAL RIDER TO THE
2		LEDGER?
3	A26.	In order to assure that the Capital Rider reconciliation properly reflects the
4		revenues charged to customers, I believe that it is necessary to trace the revenue
5		for each Capital Rider surcharge to the ledger. In order to do this, TAWC needs
6		to adjust its posting procedures to allow for each Capital Rider surcharge to be
7		separately identified on the ledger. Again, if there is value in having three
8		separate Capital Riders, as TAWC initially petitioned for and had approved by the
9		Commission in Docket No. 13-00130, there must be value in having these
10		amounts individually identified in the ledger. I would therefore recommend that
11		the Commission order TAWC to adjust its ledger posting procedures to properly
12		identify the revenues for each of the Capital Riders on the ledger.
13		
14		V. SUMMARY & RATE RECOMMENDATION
15		
16	Q27.	MR. NOVAK, PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS TO
17		THE COMMISSION.
18	A27.	I recommend that the Commission eliminate \$366,535 in the current Capital Rider
19		surcharge related to unrecovered revenues from a previous period since there was
20		no authorization for this adjustment in the tariff.
21		

1		I also recommend that the Commission eliminate \$214,037 in the current Capital
2		Rider surcharge related to capitalized incentive compensation for Service
3		Company employees that was specifically disallowed in a prior rate case.
4		I recommend that the Commission direct TAWC to provide a copy of its ledger
5		that fully supports its Earnings Test Adjustment before any change to the Capital
6		Rider is allowed.
7		
8		I also recommend that the Commission direct TAWC to provide a proper
9		allocation of the Earnings Test Adjustment that complies with the tariff before
10		any change to the Capital Rider is allowed.
11		
12		Finally, I would recommend that the Commission direct TAWC to adjust its
13		ledger posting procedures in order to properly identify the revenues for each of
14		the Capital Riders on the ledger.
15		
16	Q28.	HAVE YOU CALCULATED THE IMPACT OF YOUR
17		RECOMMENDATIONS?
18	A28.	Yes. As shown on Attachment WHN-2, the recommendations described above
19		reduce the total Capital Rider surcharge from 15.542% to 14.424% as shown
20		below in Table 5.
21		
22		
23		

TABLE 5 – CPAD Proposed Capital	Rider Surcharges	
Rider	TAWC Proposed	CPAD Proposed
Qualified Infrastructure Investment Program (QIIP) Rider	9.549%	8.087%
Economic Development Investment (EDI) Rider	0.297%	0.649%
Safety & Environmental Compliance (SEC) Rider	5.696%	5.688%
Total Surcharge	15.542%	14.424%

#### 2 Q29. DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY?

3 A29. Yes, it does. However, I reserve the right to incorporate any new data that may

4 subsequently become available.

# ATTACHMENT WHN-1 William H. Novak Vitae

#### William H. Novak

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Email: halnovak@whnconsulting.com

#### **Areas of Specialization**

Over thirty-five years of experience in regulatory affairs and forecasting of financial information in the rate setting process for electric, gas, water and wastewater utilities. Presented testimony and analysis for state commissions on regulatory issues in four states and has presented testimony before the FERC on electric issues.

#### Relevant Experience

#### WHN Consulting – September 2004 to Present

In 2004, established WHN Consulting to provide utility consulting and expert testimony for energy and water utilities. WHN Consulting is a "complete needs" utility regulation firm able to provide clients with assistance in all areas of utility rate analysis. Since 2004, WHN Consulting has provided assistance to public utility commissions and state consumer advocates in over ten state jurisdictions. Some of the topics and issues that WHN Consulting has presented testimony for include net metering, alternative rate regulation, revenue requirement calculations in rate cases, class cost of service studies, rate design, deferred income tax calculations, purchased gas costs, purchased power costs, and weather normalization studies.

#### Sequent Energy Management – February 2001 to July 2003

Vice-President of Regulatory Compliance for approximately two years with Sequent Energy Management, a gas trading and optimization affiliate of AGL Resources. In that capacity, directed the duties of the regulatory compliance department, and reviewed and analyzed all regulatory filings and controls to ensure compliance with federal and state regulatory guidelines. Engaged and oversaw the work of a number of regulatory consultants and attorneys in various states where Sequent has operations. Identified asset management opportunities and regulatory issues for Sequent in various states. Presented regulatory proposals and testimony to eliminate wholesale gas rate fluctuations through hedging of all wholesale gas purchases for utilities. Also prepared testimony to allow gas marketers to compete with utilities for the transportation of wholesale gas to industrial users.

#### Atlanta Gas Light Company - April 1999 to February 2001

Director of Rates and Regulatory Analysis for approximately two years with AGL Resources, a public utility holding company serving approximately 1.9 million customers in Georgia, Tennessee, and Virginia. In that capacity, was instrumental in leading

Atlanta Gas Light Company through the most complete and comprehensive gas deregulation process in the country that involved terminating the utility's traditional gas recovery mechanism and instead allowing all 1.5 million AGL Resources customers in Georgia to choose their own gas marketer. Also responsible for all gas deregulation filings, as well as preparing and defending gas cost recovery and rate filings. Initiated a weather normalization adjustment in Virginia to track adjustments to company's revenues based on departures from normal weather. Analyzed the regulatory impacts of potential acquisition targets.

#### Tennessee Regulatory Authority - Aug. 1982 to Apr 1999; Jul 2003 to Sep 2004

Employed by the Tennessee Regulatory Authority (formerly the Tennessee Public Service Commission) for approximately 19 years, culminating as Chief of the Energy and Water Division. Responsible for directing the division's compliance and rate setting process for all gas, electric, and water utilities. Either presented analysis and testimony or advised the Commissioners/Directors on policy setting issues, including utility rate cases, electric and gas deregulation, gas cost recovery, weather normalization recovery, and various accounting related issues. Responsible for leading and supervising the purchased gas adjustment (PGA) and gas cost recovery calculation for all gas utilities. Responsible for overseeing the work of all energy and water consultants hired by the TRA for management audits of gas, electric and water utilities. Implemented a weather normalization process for water utilities that was adopted by the Commission and adopted by American Water Works Company in regulatory proceedings outside of Tennessee.

#### Education

B.A, Accounting, Middle Tennessee State University, 1981 MBA, Middle Tennessee State University, 1997

#### **Professional**

Certified Public Accountant (CPA), Tennessee Certificate # 7388 Certified Management Accountant (CMA), Certificate # 7880 Former Vice-Chairman of National Association of Regulatory Utility Commission's Subcommittee on Natural Gas

# WHN CONSULTING Witness History for William H. Novak, CPA Selected Cases

State	Company/Sponsor	Year	Assignment	Docket
Louisiana	CenterPoint Energy/Louisiana PSC	2011	Audit of PGA Filings from 2002 - 2008 of CenterPoint Arkla	S-32534
	CenterPoint Energy/Louisiana PSC	2011	Audit of PGA Filings from 2002 - 2008 of CenterPoint Entex	S-32537
	Louisiana Electric Utilities/Louisiana PSC	2012	Technical Consultant for Impact of Net Meter Subsidy on other Electric Customers	R-31417
Tennessee	Aqua Utilities/Aqua Utilities	2006	Presentation of Rate Case on behal of Aqua Utilities	06-00187
	Atmos Energy Corporation/Atmos Intervention Group	2007	Rate design for Industrial Intervenor Group	07-00105
	Bristol TN Essential Services/BTES	2009	Audit of Cost Allocation Manual	05-00251
	Chattanooga Manufacturers Association/CMA	2009	Spokesperson for Industrial Natural Gas Users before the Tennessee State Legislature	HB-1349
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company/Tennessee AG	2011	Rate Case Audit - Revenue, Class Cost of Service Study & Rate Design	11-00144
	Tennessee-American Water Company/Tennessee AG	2012	Rate Case Audit - Revenues, Rate Base, Class Cost of Service Study and Rate Design	12-00049
	Tennessee-American Water Company/Tennessee AG	2013-2017	Atternative Regulation - Audit of Budget & True-up Filings, Rate Design	16-00126
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company/Tennessee AG	2013-2017	Alternative Regulation - Audit of Budget & True-up Filings, Rate Design	16-00140
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company/Tennessee AG	2014	Audit of Recovery of Compressed Natural Gas Infrastructure Costs	14-00086
	Piedmont Natural Gas Company/Tennessee AG	2014	Audit of Accumulated Deferred Federal Income Tax	14-00017
	Atmos Energy Corporation/Tennessee AG	2014	Rate Case Audit - Revenues, O&M Expenses, Rate Base and Rate Design	14-00146
	Atmos Energy Corporation/Tennessee AG	2015-2017	Alternative Regulation - Audit of Budget & True-up Filings, Rate Design	16-00105
	B&W Gas Company/B&W	2015	Presentation of Rate Case on behalf of B&W Gas Company	15-00042
	AEP & Kingsport Power/Tennessee AG	2015	Audit of Storm Costs and Rate Recovery	15-00024
	AEP & Kingsport Power/Tennessee AG	2016	Rate Case Audit - Revenue, Rate Base, Class Cost of Service Study & Rate Design	16-00001
Alabama	Jefferson County (Birmingham) Wastewater/Alabama AG	2013	Bankruptcy Filing - Allowable Costs and Rate Design	2009-2318
Illinois	Peoples & North Shore Gas Cos./Illinois Commerce Comm.	2007	Management Audit of Gas Purchasing Practices	06-0556
New Mexico	Southwestem Public Service Co./New Mexico PRC	2010	Financial Audit of Fuel Costs for 2009 and 2010	09-00351-UT
New York	National Grid/New York PSC	2011	Audit of Affiliate Relationships and Transactions	10-M-0451
Ohio	Ohio-American Water Company/Ohio Consumers' Counsel	2010	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	09-0391-WS-AIR
	Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio/Ohio Consumers' Counsel	2008	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	07-1080-GA-AIR
	Duke Energy-Ohio/Public Utilities Commission of Ohio	2009	Focused Management Audit of Fuel & Purchased Power (FPP Riders)	07-0723-EL-UNC
Texas	Center Point Energy/Texas AG	2009	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	GUD 9902
	Sharyland Utilities/St. Lawrence Cotton Growers Assn.	2017	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	PUC 45414
North Carolina	Aqua Utilities/PSS Legal Fund	2011	Rate Case Audit - Class Cost of Service and Rate Design	W-218, Sub-319
Washington DC	Washington Gas Light Co./Public Service Comm of DC	2011	Audit of Tariff Rider for Infrastructure Replacement Costs	1027
NARUC	National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners	2015	Presentation of Regulatory Issues with Net Metering Customers on Rates of Electric Utilities	

NOTE: Click on Docket Number to view testimony/report for each case where available.

# **ATTACHMENT WHN-2**

Capital Rider Recommendation Impacts

Tennessee Consumer Protection & Advocate Division Adjusted Reconciliation of the Calculation of Revenue Requirement As of 12/31/2016

		Qualified Infr	Qualified Infrastructure Investment Program QIIP Average YTD 12/31/2016	ent Program 16	Economic	Economic Development Investment EDI Average YTD 12/31/2016	stment 16	Safety and	Safety and Environmental Compliance SEC Average YTD 12/31/2016	npliance 16	Ave	Total Average YTD 12/31/2016	ış.
Line	Description	Actual	Budget	Variance	Actual	Budget	Variance	Actual	Budget	Variance	Actual	Budget	Variance
	Additions Subject to Rider:	\$17.526.136	\$16.038.978	\$1.487.158	\$761.222	\$380.084	\$381,138	\$20.051.357	\$20.211.658	(\$160.301)	\$38,338,715	\$36,630,720	\$1,707,995
2	Less: Capitalized Incentive Compensation *	214,037	0	214,037	0	0	0	0	0	0	214,037	0	214,037
m	Plus: Cost of Removal less Salvage	2,109,824	822,674	1,287,150	933	0	933	637,263	93,093	544,170	2,748,020	915,767	1,832,253
4	Less: Contributions in Aid to Construction (CIAC)	417,526		417,526	1,778	0	1,778	0	0	0	419,304	0	419,304
ιn	Less: Deferred Income Taxes	122,302	77,209	45,093	6,844	2,149	4,695	197,908	6,451	191,457	327,054	608,88	241,245
9	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	389,016	312,641	76,375	11,030	6,154	4,876	358,395	710,858	(352,463)	758,441	1,029,653	(271,212)
7	Net Investment Supplied Additions:	\$18,493,080	\$16,471,802	\$2,021,278	\$742,503	\$371,781	\$370,722	\$20,132,316	\$19,587,442	\$544,874	\$39,367,900	\$36,431,025	\$2,936,875
00 (		6			6	1		1	2			20.4	
, ת	Pre-lax Authorized Kate of Keturn:	2,40%	2.45%		7.40%	8045		W.40%	8.40%	1000	NC#124	0.40%	4000
9 1	Pre-Tax Return on Additions:	\$1,748,406	\$1,557,306	\$191,099	\$70,199	\$35,150	\$35,049	\$1,903,385	\$1,851,871	\$51,514	\$3,721,990	\$3,444,327	\$277,663
12	Depreciation Expense on Additions:	466,610	304,249	162,361	10,235	5,463	4,772	372,362	488,293	(115,931)	849,206	798,005	51,201
13													
14	Property and Franchise Taxes Associated:	222,577	215,120	7,456	10,278	5,135	5,142	258,278	267,759	(9,481)	491,132	488,014	3,118
15													
16	Revenues:	2,437,592	2,076,676	360,916	90,711	45,748	44,964	2,534,025	2,607,923	(73,897)	5,062,328	4,730,346	331,982
17													
18	Revenue Taxes	3.19%	3.19%		3.19%	3.19%		3.19%	3.19%		3.19%	3.19%	
19	Total Capital Riders Revenues with Revenue Taxes	\$2,517,939	\$2,145,127	\$372,812	\$93,701	\$47,256	\$46,446	\$2,617,551	\$2,693,884	(\$76,333)	\$5,229,192	\$4,886,267	\$342,925
70													
21													
22	Actual Capital Riders Revenues Billed		\$1,973,584			\$34,846			\$2,417,737			\$4,426,167	
3 ;									;				
54	(Over)/Under Capital Riders Revenue Billings		171,542			12,410			276,148			460,100	
25	Budget to Actual Adjustment		372,812			46,446			(76,333)			342,925	
56	2014 Reconciliation Amount Reversal **		(865'68)			52,834			(22,600)			(59,364)	
27	Earnings Test Adjustment ***		(258,275)			(4,560)			(316,400)			(579,235)	
28	Interest (Prime - 3.75%)		3,684		•	2,009			(2,610)			3,083	
59													
30	Reconciliation Amount		\$200,165			\$109,138			(\$141,795)			\$167,508	
31													
32	Authorized Capital Riders Revenues (9/12th)		\$35,305,293			\$35,305,293			\$35,305,293			\$35,305,293	
3.4	Current Reconciliation Factor Demontage		76250			200E 0			20000			70 47492	
35	Current Budget Percentage		7.520%			0.340%			%060 9			13.950%	
36													
37	Proposed Capital Rider Billing Percentage		8.087%			0.649%			5.688%			14,424%	

\* TAWC was unable to segregate historic capitalized incentive compensation between Capital Riders. Therefore, all incentive compensation is assigned to the QIIP Rider.

\*\* Reversal of 2014 Reconciliation from Docket 16-00022.

\*\*\* Earnings Test Adjustment allocated on revenues.