BEFORE THE TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

IN	NRE:
C (A]	ETITION OF ATMOS ENERGY ORPORATION FOR APPROVAL OF DJUSTMENT OF ITS RATES AND EFISED TARIFF DOCKET NO. 2006-00464
	JAMES C. CAGLE
	I. INTRODUCTION OF WITNESS
Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, TITLE AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
A.	My name is James C. Cagle. I am the Manager of Rates and Revenue Requirements for
	Atmos Energy Corporation ("Atmos" or the "Company"). My business address is 5430
	LBJ Freeway, Suite 700, Dallas, Texas 75240.
	II. SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY
Q.	PLEASE BRIEFLY SUMMARIZE THE TESTIMONY YOU INTEND TO GIVE
	IN THIS MATTER.
A.	I am sponsoring the following analyses and calculations:
	 common cost allocations made for ratemaking purposes;
	 the adjustment to accumulated deferred income tax;
	 the weather normalized margin projection for the attrition period; and
	• the update to the Company's Weather Normalization Adjustment (WNA) base
	load and heat sensitive factors.
Q.	ARE YOU SPONSORING ANY SCHEDULES IN CONNECTION WITH YOUR
	TESTIMONY?

1	A.	Attached to my testimony are the following Exhibits:
2		 Exhibit JCC-1 (listing the states and dockets in which I have testified);
3		 Exhibit JCC-2 (showing the Company's overall corporate structure);
4		 Exhibit JCC-3 (the composite factors used to allocate common costs for purposes
5		of this rate proceeding);
6		■ Exhibit JCC-4 (schedules showing the weather normalized margin for the
7		attrition period); and
8		■ Exhibit JCC-5 (update to the base load and heat sensitive factors for the
9		Company's Weather Normalization Adjustment).
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11		III. WITNESS QUALIFICATIONS
12	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND
13		PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
14	A.	I received a Bachelor of Accountancy degree from the University of Oklahoma in 1987. I
15		am a Certified Public Accountant licensed in the state of Texas. I have been employed by
16		Atmos since 1989. I was initially employed in Atmos' financial reporting department.
17		For the past thirteen years, except for the period from September 1997 through February
18		1998 when I was employed by GTE in its Costing department, I have worked in Atmos'
19		rates department.
20	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR CURRENT RESPONSIBILITIES AND
21		QUALIFICATIONS.
22	A.	As Manager of Rates and Revenue Requirements, I am primarily responsible for rate
23		studies of and assisting in the design and implementation of rates for Atmos' regulated
24		utility operations. I am also responsible for oversight of certain rate related compliance
25		and reporting requirements prescribed by Atmos' various regulatory commissions. Part
26		of my responsibilities also include participation in the preparation, updating and
27		implementation of the Company's Cost Allocation Manual (CAM), which is filed at least
28		yearly with the Kentucky Public Service Commission ("KPSC") and is further discussed
29		in the testimony of Company witness Daniel M. Meziere. For a significant portion of the

- past thirteen years, I have performed rate studies or portions of rate studies for the design and implementation of rates for a majority of the Atmos' operations.
- 3 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY PROVIDED TESTIMONY BEFORE THE 4 TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY (TRA)?
- Yes. I provided testimony before the TRA in Docket No. 05-000258. I have also provided testimony before several other state commissions. Exhibit JCC-1 attached hereto lists the various states and dockets in which I have testified.

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IV. ATMOS CORPORATE STRUCTURE

10 O. ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE COMPANY'S CORPORATE STRUCTURE?

- 11 A. Yes. Atmos Energy Corporation consists of the utility (Atmos Energy Corporation) and 12 various subsidiaries. The utility is the parent company. The Company conducts its 13 unregulated operations through its subsidiaries. A chart showing the current corporate 14 structure is included as Exhibit JCC-2.
- 15 Q IN THE TOP BOX OF EXHIBIT JCC-2 REPRESENTING ATMOS ENERGY
 16 CORPORATION, WHAT DO THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS REPRESENT?
- The various divisions are a part of the Company's management control structure that is 17 Α. utilized in the Company's shared costs allocation processes. Section 1a of the CAM 18 describes the corporate structure in detail. There are currently seven such divisions – six 19 of which are regulated gas local distribution operations and one of which is a regulated 20 intrastate pipeline operation. We commonly refer to these divisions as "Operating 21 Divisions" or "Business Units." The Company's Tennessee operation is contained 22 within the Kentucky/Mid-States Operating Division/Business Unit. 1 Also, Operating 23 Divisions or Business Units are comprised of rate divisions (described later herein). 24
- 25 Q. DO THESE OPERATING DIVISIONS CONSTITUTE SEPARATE LEGAL 26 ENTITIES?

¹ Effective October 1, 2006, the Company's Kentucky and Mid-States Divisions were organizationally consolidated and are now, in effect, one division – the Kentucky/Mid-States Division. "Division" as used in my testimony means the Company's Kentucky/Mid-States Division. "Tennessee" when used in my testimony, unless otherwise indicated, refers exclusively to the Company's operations in Tennessee.

A. No. They are merely unincorporated operating divisions within the organizational structure that the Company has chosen. None of the Operating Divisions are subsidiary entities that have a separate legal existence apart from the Company, they are not distinct legal entities, and they do not have separate equity or debt. Additionally, the divisions do not keep separate books and records.

V. COST ALLOCATION PROCESS FOR COMMON COSTS

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11 Q. WHAT IS COST ALLOCATION WITH REGARD TO COMMON COSTS?

12 A. Cost allocation is the process of allocating various common costs that are incurred for 13 the benefit of two or more of the Company's rate divisions and are therefore allocable to 14 those rate divisions.

15 Q. WHAT DO YOU MEAN WHEN YOU REFER TO "RATE DIVISION"?

"Rate division" denotes the Company's regulatory jurisdictions that are defined by state boundaries or, where applicable, geographic areas within states and which comprise an Operating Division. The term rate division also denotes the Company's various Shared Services, as well as a particular Operating Division's general and regional office rate divisions, whose costs are common to more than one operating rate division and are therefore allocable to those operating rate divisions. For example, an Operating Division may encompass multiple rate divisions, particularly if the operations of the Business Unit include multiple states. Basically, each rate division represents an accumulation of accounting data applicable to an area in which rates have been set by a regulatory authority such as the TRA. The Company refers to this accumulated data as a rate division.

Q. ARE THERE DIFFERENT TYPES OF RATE DIVISIONS?

28 A. Yes, there are operating rate divisions and office rate divisions. An operating rate division represents a regulated operation such as the Company's utility operations in Tennessee. An office rate division is one that provides common services to operating

- 1 rate divisions (as more fully explained herein). The costs of the office rate divisions are
- allocated to the operating rate divisions in accordance with the methodology described
- 3 by the CAM, as will be more fully explained later in my testimony.
- 4 Q. HOW MANY OPERATING RATE DIVISIONS COMPRISE THE COMPANY'S
- 5 KENTUCKY/MID-STATES DIVISION?
- 6 A. Currently, there are eleven rate divisions in the Kentucky/Mid-States Operating
- 7 Division, of which Tennessee is one.
- 8 Q. HOW DOES THE ACCOUNTING SYSTEM ALLOW FOR THE SEPARATE
- 9 RECORDING AND TRACKING OF COSTS FOR ATMOS ENERGY'S RATE
- 10 **DIVISIONS?**
- 11 A. Direct costs are charged directly to the operating rate division that has incurred the costs.
- For example, if Tennessee hires an outside contractor to perform leak survey services,
- then those costs are charged directly, and only, to Tennessee because the work is done
- only for Tennessee. Costs for the Shared Services (hereinafter defined), by contrast, are
- allocated to the operating rate divisions that receive the benefit of those services.
- Detailed transactions are recorded by rate division in the general ledger for all utility
- 17 divisions of Atmos Energy.
- 18 Q. WHAT OFFICE RATE DIVISIONS PROVIDE SERVICES TO THE
- 19 COMPANY'S TENNESSEE RATE DIVISION?
- 20 A. Tennessee receives allocations of common costs from Shared Services. Shared Services
- 21 is comprised of two parts: Shared Services General Office, and Shared Services -
- 22 Customer Support. Tennessee also receives an allocation of common costs from the
- 23 Kentucky/Mid-States Division general office.
- 24 Q. WHAT ARE THE COMMON COSTS TO WHICH YOU REFER?
- 25 A. Common costs include costs related to technical and support services that are provided to
- the Company's operating rate divisions by centralized shared services ("Shared Services"
- or "SSU"). Shared Services General Office includes, for example, accounting, human
- resources, legal, rates, information technology and numerous others functions. Shared
- 29 Services Customer Support includes customer call center services, billing, collections,

- and other customer support related functions. The costs for these Shared Services are allocated to the Company's rate divisions.
- Q. ARE THERE ADDITIONAL COMMON COST ALLOCATIONS OTHER THAN
 SHARED SERVICES?
- Yes. If an office rate division encompasses more than one jurisdiction, such as the Company's Kentucky/Mid-States rate division, which provides services to the Company's utility operations in Georgia, Iowa, Illinois, Missouri, Kentucky, Virginia and Tennessee, then the costs from that office rate division are allocated to the separate rate divisions to which it provides services.
- 10 Q. DOES THE COMPANY HAVE ANY METHODOLOGY FOR ALLOCATING
 11 COMMON COSTS TO A RATE DIVISION?
- 12 A. Yes. The rate division designation is incorporated into the Company's account coding string. As such, costs are accumulated for various operating areas or office rate divisions within the Company's general ledger. This could represent the Company's operations in a particular state or a particular area within a state and/or various office rate divisions, which would appropriately allocate costs to operating rate divisions.
- 17 Q. ARE COMMON COST ALLOCATIONS NECESSARY IN THE CONTEXT OF 18 THE COMPANY'S RATE FILINGS?
 - A. Yes. It is appropriate and necessary to allocate the common costs incurred for the benefit of ratepayers in multiple regulatory jurisdictions to the various jurisdictions that receive those services. For example, the Company's Shared Services General Office provides the various support services discussed above to its utility operations in the twelve states in which the Company operates. Some of these shared services are also provided to the Company's unregulated subsidiaries. Similarly, the Shared Services Customer Support provides customer service functions to the Company's utility operations and is the utility customer's point of contact with the Company for service activations, billing issues, emergency reporting, etc. Tennessee rate division customers receive the benefits of these services, and the allocations of these costs are fairly and justly apportioned to the Tennessee rate division. In addition to Shared Services, the Kentucky/Mid-States Division headquarters office provides services to Tennessee and, as a result, costs from

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- the Kentucky/Mid-States division headquarters office (the Kentucky/Mid-States Division general office rate division) are allocated to the Company's Tennessee rate division.
- 3 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S COST ALLOCATION
 4 METHODOLOGY.
- The Company allocates certain types of common costs to its operating rate divisions for 5 A. management purposes as well as for reporting and ratemaking purposes. Operations and 6 Maintenance ("O&M") expense, depreciation expense, and taxes, other than income 7 taxes, expense that represent common costs are allocated on the books of the Company. 8 Other common costs such as commonly utilized plant in service and other ratebase items 9 10 are not allocated on the books of the Company but are allocated for ratemaking purposes. These costs are allocated based on accepted methodologies which are further outlined 11 below, in order to fully show the costs of providing utility service in each of the 12 regulatory jurisdictions within which the Company serves customers. 13
- 14 Q. IN YOUR ANSWER, YOU DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN COMMON COSTS
 15 THAT ARE ALLOCATED ON THE BOOKS OF THE COMPANY AND THOSE
 16 THAT ARE ALLOCATED FOR RATEMAKING PURPOSES. CAN YOU
 17 EXPLAIN THE DIFFERENCE?
 - Yes. Operations and Maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation expense, and taxes, other than income taxes, expense related to Shared Services, and the Mid-states division's headquarters office are allocated on the Company's books and records utilizing the allocation methodologies described in detail in the CAM referenced above. The Company allocates these expenses within its books and records as a part of its normal accounting cycle. The allocation factors used are generally calculated once per year, updated at the beginning of the Company's fiscal year (October 1), and utilized for the entire year unless a material event occurs that would significantly change the factors.
 - For those Shared Services costs that are not allocated on the Company's books and records, either a composite factor for Shared Service General Office or a customer factor for Shared Service Customer Support is used to allocate costs. Some examples of Shared Services costs for which composite factors or the customer factor, as appropriate,

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are used for allocating such expenses for ratemaking purposes would include plant in service and accumulated deferred income taxes, as well as other rate base items.

3 Q. HOW ARE COMPOSITE FACTORS DERIVED?

- 4 A. The composite factors are derived based upon a three-factor formula comprised of:
- 1. The simple average of the relative percentage of gross plant in service for each of the Company's business units to the total gross plant in service for all of Atmos' business units (excluding Shared Services);
- The ratio of the number of customers in each of the Company's business units to the total number of the Company's customers; and
- The ratio of direct O&M expense for each of the Company's business units to the total direct operation and maintenance expenses of all Atmos business units (excluding Shared Services).

13 Q. HOW IS THE CUSTOMER FACTOR DERIVED?

- 14 A. The Customer Factor is derived based on the average number of customers of the Operating Divisions that receive allocable costs for the services provided.
- 16 Q. WHY IS THE CUSTOMER FACTOR USED TO ALLOCATE SHARED
 17 SERVICES CUSTOMER SUPPORT INSTEAD OF THE COMPOSITE
 18 FACTOR?
- This office rate division provides services exclusively to the Company's regulated utility 19 Α. customers, and does not perform any function for the Company's subsidiaries or the 20 Atmos Pipeline Texas division. As a result, Shared Services - Customer Support costs 21 are allocated only to the Company's regulated local distribution Operating 22 Divisions/Business Units. The use of the Customer Factor to allocate the costs of this 23 office rate division, instead of the Composite Factors, is reasonable and appropriate 24 because the need for, and level of services required are primarily driven by the number of 25 customers within an Operating Division. 26

Q. HOW ARE SHARED SERVICES COSTS THEN ALLOCATED OUT TO A RATE DIVISION?

A. Shared Services allocations to the business unit are added to the business unit's general office costs and then further allocated to the applicable office rate divisions within the

- business unit. For the Kentucky/Mid-States business unit, the factors utilized for further allocating applicable Shared Services and Kentucky/Mid-States general office costs are based on the composite factor, developed utilizing the same formula as described above, but limited to only those jurisdictions served by the Kentucky/Mid-States General Office.

 Other costs not allocated on the Company's books and records are also allocated using the same methodology.
- 7 Q. HOW ARE SHARED SERVICES COSTS ALLOCATED WITHIN THE COMPANY'S TENNESSEE RATE FILING?
- O&M expense, depreciation expense, and taxes, other than income taxes, are allocated in 9 A. the Company's filing utilizing the methodologies memorialized in the CAM. As 10 previously stated, the Company does not allocate ratebase items for Shared Services 11 (such as plant in service or accumulated deferred income taxes) within its books and 12 records. Instead, these items are allocated in the context of rate proceedings such as this 13 one and for certain reporting purposes. In this filing, ratebase items and ratemaking 14 adjustments were allocated utilizing the composite factors set forth and described in 15 Exhibit JCC-3 attached to my testimony. Such factors were derived utilizing the 16 methodology described herein. 17

19 VI. ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAX

- Q. DOES THE COMPANY'S RATE FILING REFLECT A PROJECTION OF ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAX (ADIT)?
- 22 A. Yes. A projection of ADIT appears in the Schedules sponsored by and attached to the testimony of Mr. Thomas Petersen.
- Q. WERE ANY ITEMS EXCLUDED FROM THIS PROJECTION FOR RATEMAKING PURPOSES?
- 26 A. Yes. Beginning October 2006, within the base period, this projection excludes any estimated amount for over/under recovery of gas cost, in order to normalize the tax effect thereof to zero. Additionally, the projection excludes book to tax differences in Shared Services that specifically relate to jurisdictions other than Tennessee.

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1	<u>V</u>	II. ATTRITION YEAR BILLING DETERMINANTS AND MARGIN REVENUES
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3	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROJECTION OF BILLING DETERMINANTS FOR
4		THE ATTRITION YEAR.
5	A.	The initial data utilized in the projection was the 12-month period ended February 2007.
6		From those actual billing determinants, the weather normalization calculation based upon
7		the Company's current WNA was developed and added to the actual amounts to arrive at
8		weather normalized volume information.
9	Q.	WHY DID YOU USE THE 12 MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 2007 FOR THE
10		PROJECTION INSTEAD OF THE 12 MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 2006.
11	A.	The 12 months ended February provided an additional two months of actual data. Thus,
12		for projecting the attrition year, the projection was only 20 months forward instead of 22
13		months forward as would have been the case had December 2006 been used. By using
14		the 12 months ended February, the projection is more current.
15	Q.	DID YOU MAKE ANY VOLUME ADJUSTMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH
16		YOUR CALCULATIONS?
17	A.	Yes. Certain adjustments to those volumes were made to reflect tariff changes to Rate
18		Schedule 210 implemented in December 2006. These tariff changes provided relief from
19		the monthly customer charge for elderly customers who meet a low-income threshold.
20		Other adjustments were made to reflect changes to certain commercial and industrial
21		customer volumes, to arrive at normalized volumes for the 12 months ended February
22		2007.
23	Q.	DID YOU MAKE ANY OTHER FORWARD-LOOKING ADJUSTMENTS?
24	A.	Yes. In projecting forward, the declining usage factor of 1.5%, the customer growth
25		factor of 2.4% for summer months, and a winter-months customer growth factor of 2.5%
26		were utilized. These are the same seasonal growth and declining use factors that were
27		used by the TRA in Docket No. 05-00258.
28	Q.	DO THE RESULTS OF YOUR ANALYSIS APPEAR IN EXHIBIT JCC-4?
29	A.	Yes. Exhibit JCC-4 sets forth the applicable billing determinants and weather normalized

margin projections for the attrition period used in this rate proceeding.

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VIII. WNA HEAT LOAD AND BASE LOAD FACTORS

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Q. WHY IS THE COMPANY PROPOSING TO UPDATE HEAT LOAD AND BASE LOAD FACTORS FOR THE WNA IN THIS FILING?

- A. The factors currently in use are based from normal Heating Degree Days (HDDs) calculated during the early 1990s. Since that time, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) has published normal HDDs for the 30 years beginning in 1971 and ending in the year 2000. The Company is updating the WNA's base load and heat load factors using these more recent normal HDDs, in order to better reflect more recent weather pattern data.
- 12 Q. WHAT IS A HEATING DEGREE DAYS?
- 13 A. An Heating Degree Day (HDD) is a measure of relative coldness expressed as an index.
- 14 As the temperature drops below a certain level, the demand for energy to heat homes and
- businesses increases. HDDs are derived from daily temperature observations using 65° F
- as the baseline for the computation. They are calculated using the difference between 65°
- F and the average daily temperature. For example, if at the Nashville weather station, the
- high temperature on a particular day was 40 F° and the low was 30 F°, then the average
- daily temperature would be +35 F°. The difference between 65 F° and 35 F° is 30 F°,
- thereby yielding 30 Heating Degree Days. An HDD is never less than zero.
- Q. WHICH WEATHER STATIONS' HDD DATA ARE USED IN THE COMPUTATIONS?
- 23 A. The stations used are the same as those used in the current WNA calculations. These
- 24 stations are located in Bristol, Knoxville, and Nashville, Tennessee and Paducah,
- 25 Kentucky.
- Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF UPDATING THE HEAT LOAD AND BASE LOAD FACTORS?
- A. The current WNA tariff calculates a weather adjustment on each applicable customer's bill using the actual and normal Heating Degree Days occurring between the billing
- 30 cycles for the customer. This calculation adjusts the customer's bill to match the normal

HDDs which were used to develop the tariff rates, thereby theoretically adjusting the revenues received by the Company to the levels approved in the Company's last rate filing. Over time, the approved heat load and base load factors become more and more out of sync with customer's overall usage patterns. Therefore, it is prudent to update these factors periodically using more recent normal HDDs and current consumption data.

Q. WHY WOULD SUCH FACTORS GET "OUT OF SYNC"?

A.

Over time, a customer's usage pattern changes. With more efficient space heating units, water heaters, and other appliances, a customer's base load will drop over time as older, less efficient units are replaced. Also, with newer, more energy efficient construction, more insulation, energy efficient windows etc., a customer's heat load factors will change over time. The changes in factors from those currently being applied to the factors requested in this filing are:

11	4 1 1	· /D		Factors
пеъ	3E US6	?/Dase	ose -	Factors

		Curr	ent	Proposed				
Town	Weather Station	Base Use CCF	Heat Use CCF/HDD	Base Us CCF	e Heat Use CCF/HDD			
Union City - Res./PA Commercial	Paducah	13.906292 124.595029	0.156369 0.453633	10.4 112.8				
Columbia, Shelbyville, Franklin Murfreesboro Res./PA Commercial	Nashville	13.035323 99.021858	0.173948 0.624513	11.3 112.9				
Maryville, Morristown Res./PA Commercial	Knoxville	13.88633 111.454966	0.153366 0.658649	11.3 195.7				
Johnson City, Elizabethton, Kingsport, Greeneville, Bristol Res./PA Commercial	Bristol	10.696903 169.773651	0.162066 0.611201	11.6 125.9				

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The current factors have been in effect since the Company's last rate case, in the 1990s.

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4 Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT ON THE COMPANY'S MARGIN REVENUE 5 RESULTING FROM UPDATING THE WNA FACTORS?

6 A. The change in WNA factors results in a decrease to the Company's normalized revenues of approximately \$45,000.

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9 Q. HAVE OTHER GAS COMPANIES IN TENNESSEE UPDATED WNA 10 FACTORS?

- 1 A. Yes. Just recently, Chattanooga Gas updated factors in their rate filing. As in that case,
- 2 the change in WNA factors causes a shift in how revenues are recovered from the WNA
- rider calculations to the base rates. The impact on the requested increase in this case is
- 4 minimal.

5 Q. HOW WERE THE UPDATED FACTORS CALCULATED?

- 6 A. The factors were calculated by weather zone using regression analyses of the billing
- determinants as compared to the applicable Heating Degree Days during the WNA
- 8 months. This analysis derives a heat sensitive factor and a base load factor for each
- 9 weather zone. A heat load factor and a base load factor are calculated for residential and
- public authority combined, and separately for commercial customers. Each area's
- customer billing determinants encompassed the 24 months of data from March 2005
- through February 2007.
- 13 Q. IS THERE AN INDICATION OF HOW WELL THESE FACTORS RELATE TO
- 14 COLD WEATHER?
- 15 A. Yes. As the factors are determined, a correlation measure, or R², is computed as a part of
- the regression analysis. R² is the percentage variation in the dependent variable (HDDs)
- from the mean that is explained by the x to y (HDD to weather sensitive usage)
- relationship expressed by the regression equation. The R² for residential customers shows
- a range by weather station from .9745 to .9888, with a correlation of 1.0000 being a
- 20 "perfect" fit. This indicates that the resulting heat load and base load factors resulting
- 21 from the regression analysis have a very high correlation to customer usage as it relates to
- weather. The results of the regression calculation and a graph of the results are provided
- in Attachment JCC-5.

Q. DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

25 A. Yes.

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BEFORE THE TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

IN RE: PETITION OF ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION FOR APPROVAL OF ADJUSTMENT OF ITS RATES AND REVISED TARIFF))))) DOCKET NO. 07-
VERIFIC	CATION
STATE OF TEXAS) COUNTY OF DALLAS)	
I, James C. Cagle, being first duly sworn. Requirements for Atmos Energy Corporation, the	, state that I am Manager of Rates and Revenue at I am authorized to testify on behalf of Atmos
Energy Corporation in the above referenced do	
support of Atmos Energy Corporation's Petition	
on the date of filing of this Petition are true and c	correct to the best of my knowledge, information
and belief.	James C. Cagle
Sworn and subscribed before me this	day of April , 2007. Notary Public

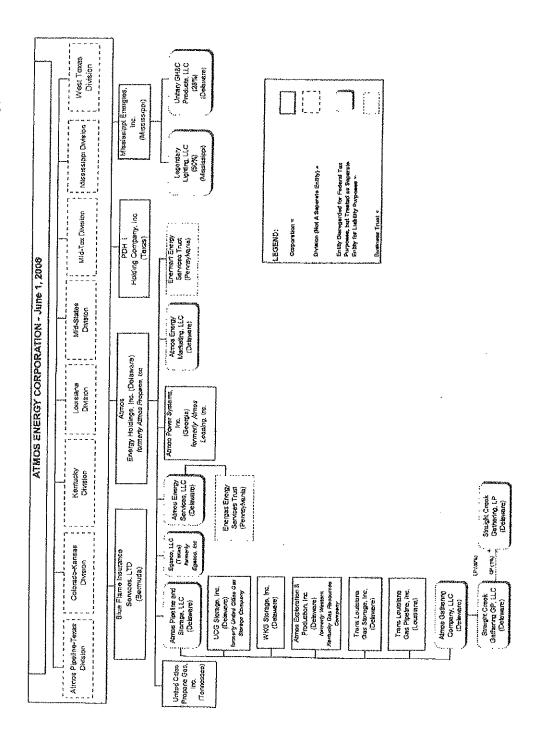
DOCKET	TESTIMONY STYLED AS	ТҮРЕ	DATE
		1111	271222
		Direct	March-00
PUE 2003-00507		Direct	February-04
Colorado Public Utility C	-		j
00S-668G	Firginia Corporation Commission PUE 000171 Atmos Energy Corporation for an increase in rates. PUE 2003-00507 Atmos Energy Corporation for an increase in rates. Folorado Public Utility Commission In the matter of the tariff sheets filed by Greeley Gas Company, a Division of Atmos Energy Corp with Advice Letter No. 419 regarding comprehensive changes to the rates, terms and conditions for natural gas sales, and transportation services Figure 103-ATMG-1036-RTS of its Natural Gas Rates in the States of Kansas Califorad Commission In the Matter of the Application of Atmos Energy for Adjustmen of its Natural Gas Rates in the States of Kansas Califorad Commission of Texas Statement of Intent Filed by Energas Company to Increase Rates Charged in the 67 West Texas Cities: Petition by Energas for 9002 – 9135 Review of 67 Municipal Rate Decisions Petition for de novo review of the reduction of the gas utility rates of Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-tex division, by the cities of Addison, Benbrook, Blue Ridge, Et Al., and statement of intent filed by Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-tex division to change rates in the company's statewide gas utility system. Louisiana Public Service Commission Louisiana Public Service Commission, ex parte, Consolidated Docket U-21922 and U-23508, In re: Docket No. U-21922, In re: Investigation of the Rates and Charges of Trans Louisiana Gas Company, a regulatory division of Atmos Energy Corp. etc. Petition of Trans Louisiana Gas Company, a regulatory division of Atmos Energy Corp. etc. Petition of Trans Louisiana Gas Company, a regulatory division of Atmos Energy Corp. etc. Petition of Trans Louisiana Gas Company, a regulatory division of Atmos Energy Corp. etc. Petition of Trans Louisiana Gas Company, a regulatory division of Atmos Energy Corp. etc. Petition of Trans Louisiana Gas Company, a regulatory division of Atmos Energy Corporation, requesting approval of a Conservation and Consumer Cost Stabilization rider. Georgia Public Villity Commission 10 20298-U Filing of Increased Rates fo		
Kansas Corneration Com			
•	In the Matter of the Application of Atmos Energy for Adjustment	Direct and Rebuttal	June-03
Railroad Commission of	Гехаs		
9002 9135	Charged in the 67 West Texas Cities: Petition by Energas for	Direct and Rebuttal	March-00
	Addison, Benbrook, Blue Ridge, Et Al., and statement of intent filed by Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-tex division to change rates in the company's statewide gas utility system.	Direct	May-06
	Docket U-21922 and U-23508, In re: Docket No. U-21922, In re: Investigation of the Rates and Charges of Trans Louisiana Gas	Direct and Rebuttal	March-99
II-28814		Direct	May-05
		Dilect	may-05
		Direct	May-05
Missouri Public Servic	e Commission		
GR-2006-0387	consolidate rates and implement a general rate increase for natural	Direct	April-06
Tennessee Regulatory A	uthority		
05-00258	determine whether Atmos Energy Corp. should be required by the Tennessee Regulatory Authority to appear and show cause that Atmos Energy Corp. is not overeaming in violation of Tennessee Law and that it is charging rates that are just and	Direct and Rebuttal	July-06
Kentucky Public Service	Commission		
2006-00464		Direct	December-06

Office of the Attorney General Commonwealth of Kentucky

Rebuttal

February-07

2005-00057



Attachment JCC-3 Page 1 of 4

Atmos Energy Corp.
Summary of Allocation Factors to Tennessee Rate Division

Line

No.	Description	Factor
1 Shared Services	s - General Office	4.13%
2 Shared Services	s - Customer Support	4.03%
3 Mid-States Gene	eral Office	27.17%

ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION Allocation of Atmos Corporate (Co. # 10) Cost Based on 12 Month Period Ended 9/30/06

A. Composite Allocation Factor.		Total	West Tex Div	CO/KS Div	LA Div 007	LA Div 077	MidStates Div	MVG	Mid-Tex Div	Atmos P/L Mid Tex
Gross Direct PP&E	€	5 370 692.810	398.740.964	354,701,307	152,641,872	376,265,849	915,901,270	323,787,054	1,988,757,546	859,896,947
Average Number of Customers	#	3.090,662	297,240	235,655	74,661	252,901	464,841	250,184	1,514,844	336
Total O&M Expense *	(/)	328,510,711	25,920,364	22,493,532	7,426,747	24,809,531	44,312,982	36,818,964	118,929,678	47,798,914
(* w/o Allocation) Total Composite Factor										
Gross Direct PP&E	%	100.00%	7.43%	%09'9	2.84%	7.01%	17.05%	6.03%	37.03%	16.01%
Average Number of Customers	%	100.00%	9.63%	7.62%	2.42%	8.18%	15.04%	8.09%	49.01%	0.01%
Total O&M Expense	%	100.00%	7.89%	6.85%	2.26%	7.55%	13.49%	11.21%	36.20%	14.55%
Total Composite Bactor for BV 2 %	% ?	100.00%	8.32%	7.02%	2.51%	7.58%	15.19%	8.44%	40.75%	10.19%
	: :									
All Utility Companies	%	100.00%	8.32%	7.02%	2.51%	7.58%	15.19%	8.44%	40.75%	10.19%
All Utility 25% to Mid Tex		100.00	14.80%	12.49%	4.46%	13.48%	27.02%	15.01%	10.19%	2.55%
Average Number of Customers	%	100.00%	9.62%	7.62%	2,42%	8.18%	15.04%	8,10%	49.02%	
LA Division	%	100.00%	0.00%	%00:0	24.90%	75.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	%00.0
Utility No Mid Tex	%	100.00%	16.89%	14.31%	5.13%	15.44%	31.07%	17.16%	0.00%	%00.0
Gas Control	%	100.00%	21.28%	18.01%	0.00%	0.00%	39.14%	21.57%	0.00%	%00'0

ATMOS ENERGY CORPORATION
Affocation of Atmos Corporate (Co. # 10) Cost Based on 12 Month Period Ended 9/30/06

									Atmos P/L		Atmos P/L &		¥	Atmos Energy
A. Composite Allocation Factor.	Total	West Tex Div	CO/KS Div	LA Div 007	LA Div 077	MidStates Div	MVG	Mid-Tex Div	Mid Tex	AESI	Storage	Power Systems	Holdings	Marketing
Gross Direct PP&E	5.439.711.534	398,740,964	354,701,307	152,641,872	376,265,849	915,901,270	323,787,054	1,988,757,546	859,896,947	52,369	49,971,843	3,610,397	,	15,384,115
Average Number of Customers #	3.091.479	297.240		74,661	252,901	464,841	250,184	1,514,844	336		2	2	,	813
Total O&M Expense *	356,620,544	25,920,364	22,493,532	7,426,747	24,809,531	44,312,982	36,818,964	118,929,678	47,798,914	458,775	1,916,926	1.019.370	r	24,714,763
(* w/o Allocation)														
Total Composite Factor Gross Direct PP&E	100.00%	7.32%	6.52%	2.81%	6.92%	16.84%	5.95%	36,56%	15.81%	0.00%	0.92%	0.07%	0.00%	0.28%
Average Number of Customers %	100.00%	9.61%	7.62%	2.42%	8.18%	15.04%	8.09%	49,00%	0.01%	9.00%	0.00%	%0000	%00'0	0.03%
Total O&M Expense	100.00%	7.26%	6.31%	2.08%	6,96%	12.43%	10.32%	33.35%	13.40%	0.13%	0.54%	0.29%	0.00%	6.93%
		1				,	900) OF .	976	6046	7000	70110	70000	2 41%
Total Composite Factor for FY %	100.00%	8.06%	6.82%	2,44%	.35%	4.11%	0.77.0	39,0470	7.7470	0,40,0	0.42 /0	0.74.70	0.00 /0	EV 1657

Atmos Energy Corporation Atmos Energy Mid States Div Development of Allocation Factors For Fiscal Year 2007

MidStates Allocation Percent	(2)	1.05747	6.12220	4.93842	27.17285	13.97956	5.15521	3.47321	1.27242	0.05227	36.77639		100.00
Percent of MidStates Customers	(9)	1.26882	7.40340	4.91743	26.76680	13.71344	4.68347	3.06774	0.91791	0.0000	37.26098		100.00
YE Sept '06 Avg Number of Customers	(2)	5,898	34,414	22,858	124,423	63,746	21,771	14,260	4,267	0	173,204		464,840
Percent of YE Sept '06 MidStates O Avg Number of & M Customers	(4)	1.10369	6.22889	5.10826	21.75808	14.66834	4.72724	3.50451	1.49915	0.08703	41.31482		100.00
YE Sept'06 Total O &M w/o 922	(3)	406204.7	2292504.09	1,880,061.54	8,007,924.70	5,398,591.16	1,739,831.53	1,289,814.30	551,751.90	32,030.65	15,205,659.00		36,804,373.57
Percent of MidStates Property	(2)	0.79990	4.73430	4.78957	32.99366	13.55691	6.05493	3.84739	1.40020	0.06978	31.75336		100.00
Sept ' 06 Direct Property Plant & Equipment	(1)	7,270,981.92	43,034,064.30	43,536,393.19	299,907,053.52	123,230,080.69	55,038,301.37	34,972,138.73	12,727,547.48	634,326.42	288,632,910.39	MANAGEMENT	908,983,798.01
Div # Division Name		70 KIRKSVILLE	72 SE MISSOURI	92 ILLINOIS	93 TENNESSEE	95 GEORGIA	96 VIRGINIA	97 MISSOURI	98 IOWA	99 FT. BENNING	09 KENTUCKY		Total

Line No. 1 2	Description	Base	Volumes							12 mths Feb07
1	Description	1		Monthly	Commodity	Margin	Adjustment	WNA Adjusted	Weather adj Margin	WNA \$ Adj
		Count	Cof	Customer chg	Charge/Cof	at Dec06 rates	Volumes Cof	Volumes Cof	at Dec06 rates	at Dec06 rates
	(a)	(b)	(o)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(9)	(h)	(i)	(i)
2	RESIDENTIAL	C10 000	7 000 000	#0.00	e0 1007	65 700 700		7 000 000	AC 700 700	**
3	210 RGS SUMMER 210 RGS WINTER (weather sensitive)	543,829 772,039	7,392,839 58,740,950	\$9,00 12.00	\$0.1207 0.1207	\$5,786,780 16,354,501	3,801,648	7,392,839 62,542,598	\$5,786,780 16,813,360	\$0 458,859
4	210 RGS SY CIT SUMMER	112,039	30,740,930	0.00	0.1207	10,334,301	3,001,040	02,042,090	10,013,300	400,009
5	210 RGS SR CIT WINTER (weather sensitive)	31	3,405	0.00	0.1207	411		3,405	411	
6	211 HVAC	25	4,285	9,00	0.0667	511		4,285	511	
7	Total Residential	1,315,924	66,141,479	0,00	4.500.	22,142,203	3,801,648	69,943,127	22,601,062	458,859
8		.,,								,
9	COMMERCIAL									
10	211 HVAC	5	76	9.00	0.0667	50		76	50	0
11	220 COM/IND GS (weather sensitive)	180,556	46,121,913	24.00	0.1851	12,870,503	1,734,404	47,856,317	13,191,541	321,038
12	230 LRG COM/IND GS (weather sensitive)	71	909,283	200.00	0.1966	192,965	44,107	953,390	201,636	8,671
13	240 DEMAND/COMM GS	10		310,00		3,100		0	3,100	
14	Block 1 Volumes		200,000		0.0901	18,020		200,000	18,020	
15	Block 2 Volumes		61,960		0.0576	3,569		61,960	3,569	
18	Block 3 Volumes		0		0.0234	0		0	0	
17	Demand Volumes		19,234		1.6293	31,338		19,234	31,338	
18	250 OPT GS	39		310.00		12,090		0	12,090	
19	Block 1 Volumes		631,610		0.0901	56,908		631,610	56,908	
20	Block 2 Volumes	1	748,095		0,0576	43,090		748,095	43,090	
21	Block 3 Volumes	1.5		OF 60	0.0234	0		0	0	
22 23	293 LRG TONN HVAC GS Block 1 Volumes	12	159,982	25,00	0,0901	300 14,414		159,982	300 14,414	
23 24	Block 2 Volumes	1	14,088		0.0576	811		14,088	14, 4 14 811	
24 25	Block 3 Volumes		14,V05		0.0576	811		14,088	811	
25 26	Total Commercial	180,693	48,847,007		0.0234	13,247,159	1,778,511	50,625,518	13,576,868	329,710
27	. See South of the	100,000	-sojoer joul			(0,241,100	1,10,011	OU VENIO IO	10/010/000	OZU, IV
28	INDUSTRIAL					,				
29	220 COM/IND GS	3,409	5,358,946	24.00	0.1851	1,073,757		5,358,946	1,073,757	
30	230 LRG COM/IND GS	202	2,304,866	200.00	0.1966	493,637		2,304,866	493,537	
31	240 DEMAND/COMM GS	12	.,,	310.00	******	3,720		0	3,720	
32	Block 1 Volumes		240,000		0.0901	21,624		240,000	21,624	
33	Block 2 Volumes		403,380		0.0576	23,235		403,380	23,235	
34	Block 3 Volumes		0		0.0234	0		0	0	
35	Demand Volumes		40,596		1,6293	68,143		40,596	66,143	
36	260 OPT GS	565		310.00		175,066		0	175,066	
37	Block 1 Volumes		6,087,350		0.0901	548,470		6,087,350	548,470	
38	Block 2 Volumes		6,157,590		0,0576	354,677		6,157,590	354,677	
39	Block 3 Volumes				0.0234	0		0	0	
40	280 - ECONOMIC DEV GS (250 OPT)	1		310.00		310		0	310	
41	Block 1 Volumes		20,000		0.0675	1,350		20,000	1,350	
42	Block 2 Volumes		93,900		0.0432	4,058		93,900	4,056	
43	Block 3 Volumes				0.0175	0		0	0	
44	292 CNG/Prime Mover	12		0.00		0		0	0	
45	Block 1 Volumes		25,133		0,0901	2,264		26,133	2,264	
46	Block 2 Volumes		-		0.0576	0		0	0	
47	Block 3 Volumes				0.0234	0		0	0	
48	292 COGEN/CNG	24		25.00		600		0	600	
49	Block 1 Volumes		175,397		0.0901	15,803		175,397	15,803	
50	Block 2 Volumes		5,372		0.0576	309		5,372	309	
51	Block 3 Volumes		00.077.00		0.0234	0 704 000		0	0 771 000	
52		4,225	20,871,934			2,784,923	0	20,871,934	2,784,923	
63	D) D) (C AUTUODITY									
54 66	PUBLIC AUTHORITY 211 HVAC			9,00	0.1207	0		0	0	
55 56	221 EXPERIMENTAL SGS	72	677,504	9,00 25.00	0,1207	69,212		677,504	69,212	
57	225 PAG SR CIT SUMMER] "	011 ₁ 004	25.00 0.00	0.1207	09,212		0//,004	09,212	
57 58	225 PAG SR CIT SUMMER 225 PAG SR CIT WINTER (weather sensitive)	1		0.00	0.1207	0		0	0	
59	225 PAG SR CIT WINTER (Weather sensitive)	2,475	111,438	9.00	0.1207	35,726		111,438	35,726	
60	225 PAG GS - SUMMER 225 PAG GS - WINTER (weather sensitive)	3,475	474,135	12.00	0.1207	98,922	72,446	546,581	107,666	8,744
61	Transfer Magnini adjusting	6,022	1,263,078	12.00	0.1201	203,859	72,446	1,335,523	212,604	8,744
62		VIVEE.	,, <u></u> 00,010			rocton	100770	Handord	- 12,004	V)1 7T
63	TRANSPORTATION									
64	260 - TRANSP (220 SML COM/INDG)	22	153,483	310.00	0,1851	35,230		153,483	35,230	
65	260 - TRANSP (230 LRG COM/INDG)	393	8,529,546	310,00	0,1966	1,798,739		8,529,546	1,798,739	
66	260 - TRANSP (240 DEMAND/COMM GS)	13	.,,	310.00		4,030		0	4,030	
67	Block 1 Volumes	"	253,230		0.0901	22,816		253,230	22,816	
68	Bicok 2 Volumes	1	593,290		0.0576	34,174		593,290	34,174	
69	Block 3 Volumes	1	-		0,0234	0		0	0	
70	Demand Volumes	1	51,635		1.6293	84,129		51,635	84,129	
71	260 - TRANSP (280/240 ECON DEV - DEMAND/COMM)	12		310.00	·	3,720		0	3,720	
72	Block 1 Volumes		240,000		0.0675	16,200		240,000	16,200	
73	Block 2 Valumes		410,760		0.0432	17,745		410,760	17,745	
74	Block 3 Volumes		-		0.0175	0		0	0	
75	Demand Volumes		35,626		1.2220	43,535		35,626	43,535	
	260 - TRANSP (250 OPT GS MASS METER)	15		310.00		4,650		0	4,650	
76			212,170	Ī	0.0901	19,117		212,170	19,117	

4870 - Forfelted Discount 4880 - Miscellaneous Service charges TOTAL MARGIN REVENUES

		12 Mths Er	nded Feb07	Rates effecti	ve Dec06
Line		Ваєе	Volumes	Monthly	Commodity
No,	Description	Count	Cef	Customer chg	Charge/Col
	(a)	(b)	(o)	(d)	(e)
78	Block 2 Volumes		204,680		0.0576
79	Block 3 Volumes				0.0234
80	260 - TRANSP (250 OPT GS)	521		310,00	
81	Block 1 Volumes		9,867,168		0.0901
82	Block 2 Volumes		27,776,288		0.0576
83	Block 3 Volumes				0.0234
84	260 - TRANSP (280/250 ECON DEV - OPT GS)	28		310.00	
85	Block 1 Volumes		473,690		0.0678
86	Block 2 Volumes		1,657,600		0.0433
87	Block 3 Volumes				0.0178
88	SPECIAL CONTRACTS	82	38,656,840		
89					
90	Total Transportation	1,086	89,028,746	l	
91	•		-		
92	TOTALS	1,507,949	226,152,244		
93		-			

12 mths Feb07	12 mths Feb07	12 mths Feb07	Weather	12 mths Feb07
WNA \$ Ad]	Weather adj Margin	WNA Adjusted	Adjustment	Margin
at Dec06 rates	at Dec06 rates	Volumes Ccf	Volumes Ccf	at Dec06 rales
0)	(1)	(h)	(g)	(f)
	11,790	204,680		11,790
	0	0		0
	161,510	0		161,510
	889,032	9,867,168		889,032
	1,599,914	27,776,288		1,599,914
	0	0		0
	8,680	0		8,680
	31,974	473,690		31,974
	71,608	1,657,600		71,608
	0	0		0
	1,059,233	38,656,840		1,059,233
	5,917,824	89,028,746	. 0	5,917,824
\$797,313	\$45,093,281	231,804,848	5,652,604	\$44,295,968
	\$4 250 D44			61 388 914

\$1,366,814	\$1,366,814
175,696	175,696
\$45,838,478	\$46,635,791

Atmos Energy Corp - Tennessee Distribution System
Summary of Weather Normalized Margin Revenue at Present Rates - Current WNA Factors

Actual Twelve Months Ended February 28, 2007 and Attrition Period Twelve Months Ended October 31, 2008 Summer 2.40 2.509 -1.50% Winter 12 mths Feb07 12mths Feb07 Rates effec ive Decos Customer Changes Customer Growth Declining Adjusted Adjusted Total Weather Adj. Monthly Commodity Weather ad Margi Volumes Usage Adjusted No. Description Count Vol Cof Customer chg Charge/Cof al Dec06 rates Count Cef Count Cof olumes Co Count Cof Margin Rev (a) (b) (0) **(f)** (g) (1) (m) RESIDENTIAL 210 RGS SUMMER 543,829 7,392,839 \$9.00 \$0.1207 \$5,786,780 (16,315) (221,785 21,101 286,842 (186,447) 548,615 7,271,449 \$5,815,200 210 RGS WINTER (weather sensitive) 772,039 62.542.598 12.00 0.1207 16,813,360 A (23,161) (1,876,278 31.203 2.527.763 (1.579.852) 780.081 61,614,231 16,797,811 210 RGS SR CIT SUMMER 221,785 0.00 0.1207 16.315 653 8.871 224.890 (5.766 16.967 27.144 210 RGS SR CIT WINTER (weather sensitive) 31 00,0 0.1207 411 23,161 1,876,278 78,320 (48,950) 24,159 1,909,053 230,423 211 HVAC 4,285 9,00 0.0667 511 22.601,062 53,923 2,901,797 (1,821,016) Total Residentia 1.315.924 69,943,127 1.369.847 71,023,908 22.871.088 COMMERCIAL 211 HVAC 9.00 0.0667 220 COM/IND GS (weather sensitive) 180,556 47.856.317 13.191.541 11 24.00 0.1851 180.556 47.856.317 13.191.541 230 LRG COM/IND GS (weather sensitive) 953,390 200.00 201,636 953,390 71 0.1966 71 201,636 240 DEMAND/COMM GS 10 310.00 (10) 14 Block 1 Volumes 200,000 0.0004 18.020 (200,000 15 Block 2 Volumes 61,960 0.0576 3.569 (61,960 0 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 Demand Volumes 19,234 31,338 (19,234 1.6293 18 250 OPT GS 39 310.00 12.090 39 12,090 631,610 Block 1 Volumes 0.0901 19 56,908 0 631,610 56.908 20 Block 2 Volumes 0.0576 748,095 43,090 748,095 43,090 21 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 22 293 LRG TONN HVAC GS 12 25.00 300 12 300 159,982 0,0901 159,982 Block 1 Volumes 14.414 23 14,414 Block 2 Volumes 14,088 811 14,088 811 25 Block 3 Volume 0.0234 26 Total Commercial 180,693 50,625,518 13.576,868 (10) (261,960) 180.683 60,363,558 13.520.842 INDUSTRIAL 29 220 COM/IND GS 3,409 5,358,946 24.00 0.1851 1,073,757 3,409 5,358,946 1.073.757 230 LRG COM/IND GS С (212.010) 30 202 2,304,866 200.00 0.1966 493.537 (7) 195 2.092.856 450.455 31 240 DEMAND/COMM GS 12 310.00 12 3,720 3,720 Block 1 Volumes 240,000 0.0901 240,000 21,624 21,624 31 Black 2 Volume 403,380 0.0576 23,235 D 403,380 23,235 34 Blook 3 Volumes 0.0234 0 Demand Volumes 40,596 1.6293 66,143 40,596 66,143 36 250 OPT GS 565 310.00 175,068 565 37 Slock i Volume 6 087 350 0.0901 548.470 ñ 6 087 350 548 470 Block 2 Volumes 0.0576 354,677 38 6,157,590 0 6,157,590 354.677 Block 3 Volu 0.0234 40 280 - ECONOMIC DEV GS (250 OPT) 310,00 310 D 12 13 4,030 41 Block 1 Volume 20.000 0.0675 1.350 240,000 0 260,000 17.550 42 Block 2 Volumes 93,900 0.0432 4.056 1.751.870 0 1.845,770 79,737 Block 3 Volumes 0.0175 44 292 CNG/Prime Move 12 0.00 12 45 Black 1 Volumes 25,133 0.0901 2.264 0 25,133 2.264 46 Block 2 Volumes 0.0576 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 48 292 COGEN/CNG 24 25.00 600 24 600 175,397 0.0901 Block 1 Volumes 15.803 0 175.397 15.803 Block 2 Volumes 0.0576 309 5,372 309 5,372 51 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 52 4.225 20.871.934 2.784.923 5 1,779,860 4.230 22.651.794 2.837.442 53 PUBLIC AUTHORITY 65 211 HVAC 9.00 0.1207 0 56 221 EXPERIMENTAL SGS 72 677.504 25.00 0.0995 69.212 72 677.504 69.212 225 PAG SR CIT SUMMER 0.00 0.1207 74 3,343 74 3,343 404 225 PAG SR CIT WINTER (weather sensitive) 0.00 0.1207 16,397 16,397 1,979 2,475 2,401 69 225 PAG GS - SUMMER 111,438 9.00 0.1207 35,726 (74) (3,343 108,098 34,654 60 225 PAG GS - WINTER (weather sensitive) 3,475 546,581 12.00 0.1207 107,666 (104)(16,397 3,370 530.184 104,436 1,335,523 212.604 1.335.523 210.684 6.022 6.022 63 TRANSPORTATION 64 260 - TRANSP (220 SML COM/INDG) 22 153,483 310,00 0.1851 35,230 22 153,483 35,230 65 260 - TRANSP (230 LRG COM/INDG) 393 8,529,546 310,00 0.1966 1,798,739 (14) (563,750 379 7,965,798 1,683,566 260 - TRANSP (240 DEMAND/COMM GS) 13 4,030 67 Black 1 Volumes 253,230 0.0901 22,816 253.236 22,816 68 Block 2 Volumes 593,290 0.0576 34,174 0 593,290 34,174 Block 3 Volumes 0,0234 70 51,635 1,6293 84,129 51,635 84,129 Demand Volume: 260 - TRANSP (280/240 ECON DEV - DEMAND/COMM) 71 12 310.00 3,720 12 3.720 240,000 0,0675 72 Block 1 Volumes 16,200 0 240,000 16.200 73 Block 2 Volumes 410,760 0.0432 17,745 410,760 17,745 74 Block 3 Volumes 0.0176 0 75 Demand Volume 35,626 1.2220 43,535 0 35,628 43.535 260 - TRANSP (250 OPT GS MASS METER) 15 310.00 76 4,650 24 9 7,440 77 212,170 0.0901 180,000 392,170 35,335 Block 1 Volumes 19,117 78 Block 2 Volumes 204,680 0.0576 11,790 161,790 0 366,470 21,109 79 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 0 80 260 - TRANSP (250 OPT GS) 521 310.00 161,510 20 541 167,710 81 Block 1 Volumes 9,867,168 0.0901 889,032 280,000 0 10.147.168 914,260 82 Block 2 Volumes 27,776,288 0.0576 1,599,914 216,780 ٥ 27,993,068 1,612,401 83 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 0 260 - TRANSP (280/250 ECON DEV - OPT GS) 310.00 8,680 28 8,680 85 Block 1 Volumes 473,690 0.0675 31,974 0 473,690 31,974 86 Block 2 Volumes 1,657,600 0.0432 71,608 ٥ 1,657,600 71,608 0.0175 Block 3 Volumes 38,656,840 SPECIAL CONTRACT (facility ong only) 1,059,233 (22) (20,404,673) 592,474

Aimos Energy Corp - Tennessee Distribution System
Summary of Weather Normalized Margin Revenue at Present Rates - Current WNA Factors

Summary of Weather Normalized Margin Revenue at Present Rates - Current WNA Factors															
Actual	Twelve Months Ended February 28, 2007 and Attrition Period	Twelve Mo	nths Ended Oc	tober 31, 2008						Summer	2,40%				
	With											-1.50%			
		12 mths Feb07 Rates effective Dec06			12mths Feb07	7	Customer Changes		Cuatomer Growth		Declining	Adjusted	Adjusted	Total	
Line		Base	Weather Adj.	Monthly	Commodity	Wealher adj Margin		Base	Volumes	Base	Volumes	Usage	Base	Volumes	Adjusted
No.	Description	Count	Vol Cof	Customer chg	Charge/Cof	at Dec06 rates		Count	Cef	Count	Cof	Volumes Ccf	Count	Cef	Margin Rev
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)		(g)	(h)	(1)	(1)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)
90	Total Transportation	1,086	89,028,746	l		5,917,824		(7)	(20,129,853)				1,079	68,898,893	5,408,134
91				l											i I
92	TOTALS	1,507,949	231,804,848	l		\$45,093,281		(12)	(18,611,953)	53,923	2,901,797	(1,821,016)	1,561,860	214,273,678	\$44,648,191
93				_					,						
94	4870 - Forfeited Discount					\$1,366,814									\$1,366,814
95	4880 - Miscellaneous Service charges					175,698									175,696
96	TOTAL MARGIN REVENUES					\$46,635,791									\$46,390,701

		12 Miths Fr	nded Feb07	Rates effect	ve Dec06	12 mths Feb07	Weather	12 mths Feb07	12 mths Feb07	12 mths Feb07
Line		Base	Volumes	Monthly	Commodity	Margin	Adjustment	WNA Adjusted	Weather adj Margin	WNA \$ Adj
No.	Description	Count	Cof	Customer chg	Charge/Cof	at Dec06 rates	Volumes Ccf	Volumes Ccf	at Dec08 rates	at Dec06 rates
	(a) RESIDENTIAL	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	0	(g)	(h)	(1)	(i)
1 2	210 RGS SUMMER	543,829	7,392,839	\$9.00	\$0,1207	\$5,786,780		7,392,839	\$5,786,780	
3	210 RGS WINTER (weather sensitive)	772,039	58,740,950	12.00	0,1207	16,354,501	3,716,792	62,457,742	16,803,118	448,617
4	210 RGS SR CIT SUMMER			0,00	0,1207	0		0	0	,
5	210 RGS SR CIT WINTER (weather sensitive)	31	3,405	0,00	0.1207	411		3,405	411	
6 7	211 HVAC	1,315,924	4,285	9.00	0.0667	511	2 746 702	4,285	511 22,590,820	440.047
8	Total Residential	1,010,824	66,141,479		İ	22,142,203	3,716,792	69,858,271	22,380,620	448,617
9	COMMERCIAL									
10	211 HVAC	5	76	9.00	0.0667	50		76	50	
11	220 COM/ND GS (weather sensitive)	180,556	46,121,913	24.00	0.1851	12,870,503	1,552,948	47,674,861	13,157,953	287,451
12	230 LRG COM/IND GS (weather sensitive)	71	909,283	200.00	0.1966	192,965	39,435	948,718	200,718	7,753
13 14	240 DEMAND/COMM GS Block 1 Volumes	10	200,000	310.00	0.0901	3,100 18,020		200,000	3,100 18,020	
15	Block 2 Volumes		61,960		0.0578	3,589		61,960	3,569	
16	Block 3 Volumes		0		0.0234	0		0	0	
17	Demand Volumes	1	19,234		1,6293	31,338		19,234	31,338	
18	250 OPT GS	39		310,00		12,090		0	12,090	
19	Block 1 Volumes		631,610		0,0901	56,908		631,610	56,908	
20 21	Block 2 Volumes Block 3 Volumes		748,095		0,0578 0,0234	43,090 0		748,095 0	43,090 0	
22	293 LRG TONN HVAC GS	12		25,00	0,02.04	300		0	300	
23	Block 1 Volumes		159,982		0.0901	14,414		159,982	14,414	
24	Block 2 Volumes		14,088		0.0578	811		14,088	811	
25	Block 3 Volumes		40 - 4-		0.0234	0		0	0	
26	Total Commercial	180,693	48,847,007			13,247,159	1,592,383	50,439,390	13,542,362	295,204
27 28	INDUSTRIAL					1				
29	220 COMIND GS	3,409	5,358,946	24.00	0.1851	1,073,757		5,358,946	1,073,757	
30	230 LRG COM/IND GS	202	2,304,866	200.00	0.1966	493,537		2,304,866	493,537	
31	240 DEMAND/COMM GS	12		310.00		3,720		0	3,720	
32	Block 1 Volumes		240,000		0.0901	21,624		240,000	21,624	
33	Block 2 Volumes		403,380		0.0576	23,235		403,380	23,235	
34 35	Block 3 Volumes Demand Volumes		40,598		0,0234 1,6293	0 68,143		0 40,598	0 66,143	
36	250 OPT GS	565	40,000	310,00	1,0250	175,086		40,080	175,088	
37	Block 1 Volumes		6,087,350		0,0901	548,470		6,087,350	548,470	
38	Block 2 Volumes		6,157,590		0,0576	354,877		6,157,590	354,677	
39	Block 3 Volumes				0.0234	0		0	0	
40	280 - ECONOMIC DEV GS (250 OPT)	1	00.000	310,00	0.0076	310		0	310	
41 42	Block 1 Volumes Block 2 Volumes		20,000 93,900		0.0675 0.0432	1,350 4,056		20,000 93,900	1,350 4,056	
43	Block 3 Volumes		80,800		0.0432	000		00,000	4,030	
44	292 CNG/Prime Mover	12		0.00		0		0	0	
45	Block 1 Volumes		25,133		0.0901	2,264		25,133	2,264	
46	Block 2 Volumes		•		0.0576	0		0	0	
47	Block 3 Volumes	۰,		05.00	0.0234	0		0	0	
48 49	292 COGEN/CNG Block 1 Volumes	24	175,397	25.00	0.0901	600 15.803		0 175,397	600 15.803	
50	Block 2 Volumes		5,372		0.0576	309		5,372	309	
51	Block 3 Volumes				0.0234	0		D	0	
52		4,225	20,871,934			2,784,923	0	20,871,934	2,784,923	
63	DUDI IO ALITHODITY	1			1					
54 55	PUBLIC AUTHORITY 211 HVAC			9,00	0,1207	٥		0	0	
56	221 EXPERIMENTAL SGS	72	677,504	25,00	0,0995	89,212		877,504	69,212	
5 7	225 PAG SR CIT SUMMER	"	, , , , , ,	0,00	0,1207	0 0		0,7,004	0	
58	225 PAG SR CIT WINTER (weather sensitive)	1		0,00	0,1207	0		0	0	
59	225 PAG GS - SUMMER	2,475	111,438	9,00	0,1207	35,728	_	111,438	35,726	
60	225 PAG GS - WINTER (weather sensitive)	3,475	474,135	12,00	0,1207	98,922	70,919	545,054	107,482	8,580
61 62		6,022	1,263,078		1	203,859	70,919	1,333,997	212,419	8,560
62 63	TRANSPORTATION									
64	260 - TRANSP (220 SML COM/INDG)	22	153,483	310.00	0.1851	35,230		153,483	35,230	
65	260 - TRANSP (230 LRG COMINDG)	393	8,529,546	310.00	0.1966	1,798,739		8,529,546	1,798,739	
66	260 - TRANSP (240 DEMAND/COMM GS)	13		310.00	l	4,030		0	4,030	
67	Block 1 Volumes		253,230		0.0901	22,816		253,230	22,816	
68	Block 2 Volumes		593,290		0.0576	34,174		593,290	34,174	
69 70	Block 3 Volumes Demand Volumes		- 51,635		0.0234 1.6293	0 84,129		0 51,635	0 84,129	
70 71	260 - TRANSP (280/240 ECON DEV - DEMAND/COMM)	12	01,000	310.00	1,0283	3,720		0 1,000	3,720	
72	Block 1 Volumes	1	240,000		0.0675	16,200		240,000	16,200	
73	Block 2 Volumes		410,760		0.0432	17,745		410,760	17,745	
74	Block 3 Volumes	1	-		0.0175	0		0	0	
	Demand Volumes	1	35,626	Į.	1.2220	43,535		35,626	43,535	
75 76	280 - TRANSP (250 OPT GS MASS METER)	15		310.00		4,650		0	4,650	

		12 Mths Er	nded Feb07	Rates effective Dec06		12 mths Feb07	Weather	12 mths Feb07	12 mths Feb07	12 mths Feb07	
Line		Base	Volumes	Monthly	Commodity		Margin	Adjustment	WNA Adjusted	Weather adj Margin	WNA \$ Adj
No.	Description	Count	Ccf	Customer chg	Charge/Ccf		at Dec06 rates	Volumes Cof	Volumes Ccf	at Dec06 rates	at Dec06 rates
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)		(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(i)
77	Block 1 Volumes		212,170		0.0901	1	19,117		212,170	19,117	
78	Block 2 Volumes		204,680		0.0576		11,790		204,680	11,790	
79	Block 3 Volumes				0.0234	1	0		0	0	
80	260 - TRANSP (250 OPT GS)	521		310.00	l	1	181,510		0	161,510	
81	Block 1 Volumes		9,867,168		0.0901	1	889,032		9,867,168	889,032	
82	Block 2 Volumes		27,776,288		0.0576	1	1,599,914		27,776,288	1,599,914	
83	Block 3 Volumes				0.0234		0		0	0	
84	260 - TRANSP (280/250 ECON DEV - OPT GS)	28		310.00	1	1	8,680		. 0	8,680	
85	Block 1 Volumes		473,690		0.0875	1	31,974		473,690	31,974	
86	Block 2 Volumes		1,657,600		0.0432	- [71,608		1,657,600	71,608	
87	Block 3 Volumes				0.0175	1	0		0	0	
88	SPECIAL CONTRACT (facility chg only)	82	38,656,840	•	_		1,059,233		38,656,840	1,059,233	•
89					1						
90	Total Transportation	1,086	89,028,746		1		5,917,824	0	89,028,746	5,917,824	
91					1						
92	TOTALS	1,507,949	226,152,244				\$44,295,968	5,380,094	231,532,338	\$45,048,348	\$752,380
93	•					•					
94	4870 - Forfelted Discount						\$1,386,814			\$1,366,814	
95	4880 - Miscellaneous Service charges						175,696			175,696	
96	TOTAL MARGIN REVENUES						\$45,838,478			\$46,590,858	

Atmos Energy Corp - Tennessee Distribution System

Summary of Weather Normalized Margin Revenue at Present Rates - with Updated WNA factors.

Actual Twelve Months Ended February 28, 2007 and Attrition Period Twelve Months Ended October 31, 2008 Summer 2.40% Winter 2,509 -1.50% 12 mlhs Feb07 Rates effective Dec08 12mlhs Feb07 Customer Changes Customer Growth Declining Aditisted Adjusted Total Monthly Commodity Volumes Usage Line Base Weather Adl. Weather adi Mardi Base Volumes Base Base Volumes Adjusted Ccf Vol Ccf Ccf No. Description Count Customer chg Charge/Ccf at Dec06 rates Count Count /olumes Co Count Ccf Margin Rev (a) (b) (1) (d) (g) (1) (c) (e) (f) (h) (k) (1) (m)(n) RESIDENTIAL 210 RGS SUMMER 543,829 7,392,839 \$9.00 \$0.1207 \$5,786,780 (16,315) (221,785 21,101 286,842 (186,447) 548,615 7,271,449 \$5,815,200 210 RGS WINTER (weather sensitive) 772,039 62,457,742 12.00 0.1207 16,803,118 Α (23,161) (1,873,732) 31.203 2,524,334 (1,577,709 780,081 61,530,635 16,787,721 210 RGS SR CIT SHMMER 0.00 0.1207 Α 16.315 221,785 653 8.871 (5.766 16.967 224.890 27.144 210 RGS SR CIT WINTER (weather sensitive) 31 3.405 0.00 0.1207 411 A 23,161 1.873,732 966 78,214 (48.884 24,159 1,906,468 230,111 0.0667 4,285 9.00 511 211 HVAC 25 511 1,315,924 69,858,271 53,923 2,898,261 (1,818,806) 70,937,726 22,590,820 1,369,847 Total Residential 22,860,686 COMMERCIAL 78 9,00 0.0667 50 220 COM/IND GS (weather sensitive) 160,556 47,674,861 24.00 0.1851 13,157,953 180,556 47,874,861 13,157,953 948,718 12 230 LRG COM/IND GS (weather sensitive) 71 948,718 200.00 0.1966 200.718 71 200,718 13 240 DEMAND/COMMIGS 10 310.00 3.100 (10) 14 Block 1 Volumes 200,000 0.0901 18.020 (200,000) 0 15 Block 2 Volumes 61,960 0.0576 3,569 (61,960) 0 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 0 19,234 (19,234) Demand Volumes 1.6293 31,338 250 OPT GS 39 310.00 12,090 39 Block 1 Volumes 631,610 0.0901 56,908 0 631,610 56,908 20 Block 2 Volumes 748,095 0.0576 43,090 0 748,095 43,090 21 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 0 293 LRG TONN HVAC GS 12 25.00 300 12 300 22 23 Block 1 Volumes 159,982 0.0901 14.414 0 159,982 14.414 Block 2 Volumes 24 14,088 0.0576 811 14,08 811 Block 3 Volumes Total Commercial 180.693 50,439,390 13,542,362 (10) (261,960 0 180.683 50,177,430 13,486,336 28 INDUSTRIAL 220 COM/IND GS 5.358.946 24.00 0.1851 1.073.757 20 3,409 3.409 5 358 948 1.073.757 230 LRG COMAND GS C (212,010) 2,304,866 200,00 0.1966 493,537 30 202 (7)195 2.092,856 450,455 240 DEMAND/COMM GS 12 310.00 31 3,720 12 3,720 Block 1 Volumes 240,000 0.0901 21,624 240,000 21,624 32 403,380 Block 2 Volumes 403,380 0.0576 23,235 23,235 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 0 35 Demand Volumes 40,596 1.6293 66,143 D 40,596 66,143 38 250 OPT GS 565 310.00 175.066 565 175,066 6,087,350 0.0901 37 Block 1 Volumes 548,470 D 6.087.350 548,470 6,157,590 0.0576 354,677 6,157,590 354,677 38 Block 2 Volumes 0 0.0234 0 39 Block 3 Volumes 280 - ECONOMIC DEV GS (250 OPT) 310.00 310 12 13 4,030 20,000 0,0675 240,000 17,550 1,350 42 Block 2 Volumes 93,900 0.0432 4.056 1,751,870 n 1,845,770 79,737 43 Block 3 Volumes 0.0175 Ω 44 292 CNG/Prime Move 12 0.00 12 25,133 0.0901 2.264 45 Block 1 Volumes 2.284 0 25,133 0,0576 48 Block 2 Volumes 0 47 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 292 COGEN/CNG 24 600 Block 1 Volumes 175,397 0.0901 15,803 0 15,803 175,39 Block 2 Volumes 5,372 0.0576 309 Ω 309 61 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 52 4.225 20,871,934 2,784,923 5 1.779.860 0 0 0 4.230 22,651,794 2.837.442 53 54 PUBLIC AUTHORITY 211 HVAC 9.00 0.1207 55 221 EXPERIMENTAL SGS 677,504 0.0995 72 25.00 69,212 72 677,504 69,212 3,343 57 225 PAG SR CIT SUMMER 0.1207 74 74 0.00 58 225 PAG SR CIT WINTER (weather sensitive) 0.00 0.1207 104 16,352 104 16,352 1,974 59 225 PAG GS - SUMMER 2 475 111.438 9.00 0.1207 35 726 (74)(3,343 2 401 108 095 34,654 60 225 PAG GS - WINTER (weather sensitive) 3.475 545,054 12.00 0.1207 107.482 (104) (16,352 3.370 528,703 104.258 61 6.022 1.333.997 212.419 0 6.022 1.333.997 210,500 62 63 TRANSPORTATION 260 - TRANSP (220 SML COM/INDG) 22 153,483 310.00 0.1851 35,230 35,230 22 153,483 65 260 - TRANSP (230 LRG COM/INDG) 393 8,529,546 310.00 0.1966 1,798,739 (14)(563,750 379 7,965,796 1,683,566 56 260 - TRANSP (240 DEMAND/COMM GS) 13 310.00 4 030 13 4.030 87 Block 1 Volumes 253,230 0.0901 22.816 D 253.230 22.816 88 Block 2 Volumes 593,290 0.0576 34,174 0 593,290 34,174 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 89 0 Demand Volumes 61,635 1.6293 84,129 0 84,129 70 51,635 71 260 - TRANSP (280/240 ECON DEV - DEMAND/COMM) 12 3,720 12 3,720 Block 1 Volumes 240,000 0.0675 16,200 16,200 73 Block 2 Volumes 410,760 0.0432 17,745 0 17,745 410,760 74 Block 3 Volumes 0.0175 0 43,535 75 Demand Volumes 35,626 1.2220 43,535 0 35,628 260 - TRANSP (250 OPT GS MASS METER) 15 310,00 4,650 24 7,440 76 212,170 0.0901 19,117 180,000 35,335 77 Block 1 Volumes 0 392,170 204,680 0.0576 11,790 161,790 21,109 78 Block 2 Volumes 366,470 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 260 - TRANSP (250 OPT GS) 521 310.00 161,510 541 167,710 Block 1 Volumes 81 9.867,168 0.0901 889,032 280,000 0 10,147,168 914,260 82 Block 2 Volumes 27,776,288 0.0578 1.599.914 G 216,780 0 27,993,068 1,612,401 83 Block 3 Volumes 0.0234 0 28 260 - TRANSP (280/250 ECON DEV - OPT GS) 310.00 8,680 8,680

Atmos Energy Corp - Tennessee Distribution System
Summary of Weather Normalized Margin Revenue at Present Rates - with Updated WNA factors.

Actual	weive Months Ended February 28, 2007 and Attrition Period Tweive Months Ended October 31, 2008										2.40%				
										Winter	2.50%	-1.50%	1		
		12 m	ths Feb07	Raies effec	tive Dec06	12mths Feb07	7	Custon	ner Changes	Custome	er Growth	Decilning	Adjusted	Adjusted	Total
Line		Base	Weather Adj.	Monthly	Commodity	Weather ad Margin	1	Base	Volumes	Base	Volumes	Usage	Base	Volumes	Adjusted
No.	Description	Count	Vol Cof	Customer chg	Charge/Ccf	et Dec06 rates	1	Count	Ccf	Count	Cof	Volumes Ccf	Count	Cof	Margin Rev
	(8)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)		(g)	(h)	(1)	())	{k}	(1)	(m)	(n)
85	Block 1 Volumes		473,690		0,0675	31,974	1						0	473,690	31,974
86	Block 2 Volumes		1,657,600		0.0432	71,608	1						0	1,657,600	71,608
87	Block 3 Volumes		0		0.0175	0	1			ŀ			0	0	0
88	SPECIAL CONTRACTS	82	38,656,840	l		1,059,233	1	(22)	(20,404,673)				60	18,252,167	592,474
89							1			<u> </u>					
90	Total Transportation	1,086	89,028,746	1		5,917,824] '	(7)	(20,129,853)	0	0	0	1,079	68,898,893	5,408,134
91							ı			1					
92	TOTALS	1,507,949	231,532,338			\$45,048,348	l	(12)	(18,611,953)	53,923	2,898,261	(1,818,806)	1,561,860	213,999,840	\$44,803,098
93		Party		•											
94	4870 - Forfelted Discount					\$1,366,814									\$1,366,814
95	4880 - Miscellaneous Service charges					175,696									175,696
96	TOTAL MARGIN REVENUES					\$46,590,858	-								\$46,345,608

Heat Use/Base Use Factors

		Curre	ent	_	Proposed				
Town	Weather Station	Base Use CCF	Heat Use CCF/HDD	_	Base Use CCF	Heat Use CCF/HDD			
Union City - Residential Commercial	Paducah	13.906292 124.595029	0.156369 0.453633		10.43 112.80	0.124185 0.416839			
Columbia, shelbyville, Franklin Murfreesboro Residential Commercial	Nashville	13.035323 99.021858	0.173948 0.624513		11.34 112.93	0.147091 0.473009			
Maryville, Morristown Residential Commercial	Knoxville	13.88633 111.454966	0.153366 0.658649		11.39 195.74	0.122329 0.392082			
Johnson City, Elizabethton, Kingsport, Greeneville, Bristol Residential Commercial	Bristol	10.696903 169.773651	0.162066 0.611201		11.51 125.95	0.112572 0.489418			